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THE NAPANEE

Vol. XLII] No 14 - JNO. POLLARD, Editor and Publisher.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA - FRIDAY

Experience makes excellence. Study creates specialists, and so we have and use our matchless resources for your advantage. Growth is proof, continuous growth is proof positive. But prosperity does not obscure the underlying laws that have made and are keeping this business great.

THE ROBINSON COMPANY NAPANEE, STORE NEWS

Character is like stock in trade—the more of it a man possesses the greater his faculties for making additions to it. Character is power, is influence, opens a sure way to wealth, honor and happiness.—Howes.

EX. S. S. "NUMIDIAN," VIA ST. JOHN, N.B. — Another large shipment of Carpets came to hand this week. They come to us direct from the Mills at Kidderminster, England.

NEW VELVETS, NEW BRUSSELS, NEW TAPESTRYS.

Newest and most exclusive designs confined to us.

DRESSY BLACK CAPES

See our window display of Cape Novelties, Variations of Net, Chiffon, Lace, Silk and Applique. Prices very reasonable \$4.00 to \$9.50.

"CAP-IT-AL" TAFFETA SILK — We now have the most desirable shades in this beautiful Silk. So much Etamine, Voile and Gauze used in Dressmaking that Silks are a necessity. "Cap-it-al" brand controlled by us 75c. a yard.

RAIN SHEDDERS \$3.50 TO \$15.00

Many of the new styles are suitable for spring Jacket use. Made from Scotch and Flax Tweeds in three quarter lengths. Others are made from Covert Cloth Cravene, Quarter, Cravene and Shower Proof Tweeds \$4.50 to \$10.00. Full Length—Light and Heavy Cloths, Dark Greys, Brown, Greens, Black up to \$15.00.

MILLINERY OPENING. SATURDAY, MARCH 28TH,

— We are pleased to announce to the Ladies of Napanee in vicinity that we have this season engaged Miss Smith to manage our Millinery Department. She has associated with her a very skillful and competent staff of assistants. We invite you to visit their opening display on March 28th. On that date every department in the house will make an extra display, followed in the evening by our Semi Annual Exhibition of Dresses, Silks, Carpets, Curtains, Rugs, Costumes, Linens, Draperies.

FLANNELLETTE SALE, THURSDAY, MARCH 26TH, 1903.

On Thursday, March 26th, we will sell about 1500 yards Flannellettes from 34 to 36 inches wide, worth 10c., for 6c. Sale commences at 10 a.m. Limit 15 yards to each customer.

New Dress Goods at 50c. 75c. and \$1.00.

Three popular prices and the showing here in desirable fabrics at these three prices is extremely satisfactory.

20 Styles at \$1.00 a yard—15 Styles at 75c. a yard—12 Styles at 50c. a yard. Dress Goods at \$1.00 a yard—French Voile, London Twine, Etamine, Crepe de Paris, Henrietta, All Wool Veiling, Crepe de Chene, Mohair Sicilian, Mohair Brilliantine, Mistral, Gloria, Canvas, Storm Serge, Cheviot, Imperial Serge, Venetians, Broadcloth, Bedford Cord, Homespuns, Cashmere, Snow Flake Tweeds.

All Wool Dress Goods at 75c.—Snow Flake Etamine, Venetians, Pirlie Cloth, Amazon, Velour, Henrietta, Cheviot, Serges, Satin Cloth, Tweed, Crepon-line, Frieze, Whipcord, Homespun, Voile, Bedford Cord.

Dress Goods at 50c. a yard—Snow Flake Tweeds, Matting, Canvas, Voile, Etamine, Velour, Serge, Cheviot, Cashmere, Henrietta, Mohair, Venetian, Poplin, Vigoureux.

Visitors to our Dress Goods Department will please ask to see the new Article F. Skirt binding.

Girls' and Misses' Spring Coats.

The new styles for young women are charming adaptions of the styles of their mothers and sisters. Some of the styles for girls well on in their "teens" are but little different from those for women. Women of small size can easily be fitted and probably at a saving as compared with prices for small sizes in Women's Coats. Little women and girls should investigate and see.

Men's and Young Men's Latest Spring Suits and Top Coats.

The Best Clothing at all Times

The Lowest Prices at all Times

There is no doubt about it! The man who wears fine ready-to-wear suits from Robinson's is as well dressed a man as though the ordinary merchant tailor had fitted him out. We are unbiased in this for we do merchant tailoring ourselves and there's no more perfect organization than the one that backs our made-to-order business.

The finest manufacturing tailors are our suppliers and these concern employ the most skillful cutters and designers; their workers are expert throughout; they buy cloths from the mill in quantities that insure low bottom prices—get broadest selection of patterns; and the distribution of these expenses over their great output brings high excellence at surprising low cost.

Fit? The clothing is made in graded sizes to fit the usual man. make any alterations that may be necessary free.

Style? Styles are absolutely correct. Distinctive touches that make clothing here a bit different. The assortment offered is full and complete. One can choose now among:

5 Styles Suits from \$12 to \$15.

14 Styles Suits from \$10 to \$11.

15 Styles Suits from \$7.50 to \$9.50.

20 Styles Suits from \$5 to \$6.50.

6 Styles Suits from \$3.50 to \$4.50.

And 3 shades in our Special All Wool \$5 Suits.

line, Fritze, Whigcord, Homespun, Voile, Bedford Cord.
Dress Goods at 50c. a yard—Snow Flake Tweeds, Matting, Canvas, Voile, Etamine, Velour, Serge, Cheviot, Cashmere, Henrietta, Mohair, Venetian, Poplin, Vigoreux.
Visitors to our Dress Goods Department will please ask to see the new Article F. Skirt binding.

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Walking Skirts \$2.25, 2.50 & 3.00

Have you an idea what we can give you for so little money? Style fit satisfaction. And we can give you such serviceable colors. Dark Grey, Mid Grey, Brown. Coated and stitched in different styles.

Correctly made Skirts are trim and neat, nothing awkward about the ones we sell. Two hundred to choose from.

A New Waist Material at 75c. a yard.

Five shades represented. Pretty shades of Nile, Rose, Poppy, Dark Blue and Cream. The material is a Bedford Cord with a dotted Satin stripe in solid colors. It will please you.

WANTED—by an Old Line Life Insurance Company, a District Agent for Lennox and Addington. This is a good opening for a pushing man. Apply to box 1013, Belleville.

NOTICE—An application has been received by the License Commission for the License Division of Lennox, for the Tavern License now held by George Graves, for the hotel known as the Wimp Hotel, in the Village of Bath, to Elizabeth Thompson, late of Le-eronto. A meeting of the Board of Commission will be held in the office of J. C. Huffman, Esq., in the town of Napanee, at the hour of two o'clock p.m., on the sixteenth day of March, inst., for the consideration of the above application.

W. A. ROSE,
License Inspector.

Napanee, March 5th, 1903.

FOR SALE—That valuable farm known as "The Red Barns Farm" being lots two and three in the first concession of the Township of Camden, containing 400 acres more or less, now in occupation of Thomas Norris. This farm is well known all through the country and is particularly well adapted for dairying purposes, the barns being large and commodious and the Napanee river running through the property. Possession can be given on the first day of March, 1904. For terms of sale and further particulars application may be made to WILSON & WILSON, Napanee, or to WALKEM & WALKEM, Solicitors, Kingston.

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Application to Parliament.

AN APPLICATION WILL BE MADE to the Legislature of Ontario at its next session by the Ontario Electric Railway Company to amend its act of incorporation 2 Edward VII., Chapter 87, by adding thereto the following clause, at section 7a thereof:

"When and as soon as ten per cent. of the authorized capital stock has been subscribed, and ten per cent. on the subscribed capital has been paid in cash into some chartered bank in Canada, the provisional directors, or a majority of them, shall call a meeting of the shareholders of the company for the purpose of organization at the place where the head office is situated, at such time as they think proper, giving the notice prescribed by section 54 of the Electric Railway act, at which meeting the shareholders who have paid at least ten per cent. on the amount of stock subscribed by them, shall, from the shareholders possessing the qualifications mentioned in said Electric Railway Act, elect the number of directors prescribed by this act."

Kingston, 2nd March, 1903.

JOHN L. WHITING,
Solicitor for Applicants.

**CANADIAN
PACIFIC**

SETTLERS' ONE-WAY EXCURSIONS

To Manitoba and Canadian North-West will leave Toronto every TUESDAY during March and April, 1903, if sufficient business offers.

Passengers travelling without Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 1:45 p.m.

Passengers travelling with Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 9:00 p.m.

Colonist Sleepers will be attached to each train.

For full particulars and copy of "Settlers' Guide," "Western Canada" or "British Columbia," apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific Agent, or to

A. H. NOTMAN,
Assistant General Passenger Agent,
11d 71 Young St., Toronto

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada at its next session for an act to incorporate a company to be known as "The Brockville and Northwestern Railroad Company" to construct and operate a line or lines of railway from Brockville to Westport, both in the County of Leeds, and thence in a northerly and westerly direction through the said County of Leeds, and other Counties and Districts to the shore of Georgian Bay, and from thence to Sault Ste. Marie in the district of Algoma, with power to construct, equip and operate branch lines from any point or points on the said line to Barry's Bay, Mattawa, North Bay, Parry Sound or other points in the Province of Ontario, and with power to acquire from Charles F. Holm, John Gerken, Valentin Schmidt and Clarence P. King the railway and undertaking of the Brockville Westport and Sault Ste. Marie Railway Company, purchased by them under the provisions of a judgment in a certain action in the High Court of Justice, wherein the Knickerbocker Trust Company of New York and others were plaintiffs, and the Brockville, Westport and Sault Ste. Marie Railway Company and others were defendants; and with power to make and issue bonds and shares of paid up stock in payment for the said railway and undertaking, and with power to exercise all the rights conferred by the various acts of incorporation relating to the said the Brockville, Westport and Sault Ste. Marie Railway Company, and to extend the time for completion thereof, and with power to purchase or lease land and thereon to construct and maintain wharfs, docks, elevators, warehouses and hotels along the said line or lines.

Dated at Brockville this 27th day of January A.D. 1903.

W. S. BUELL,
Solicitor for the Applicants.

The three manufacturing centers are our suppliers and these centers employ the most skillful cutters and designers; their workers are experienced throughout; they buy cloth from the mill in quantities that insure in bottom prices—get broadest selection of patterns; and the distribution of these expenses over their great output brings high excellence at surprising low cost.

Fit? The clothing is made in graded sizes to fit the usual man, make any alterations that may be necessary free.

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6 Styles Suits from \$3.50 to \$4.50.

And 3 shades in our Special All Wool \$5 Suits.

Our Boy's and Children's Clothing

Put one of our Suits upon your boy and then look him over as critics as you please and you will see quickly enough wherein our garments, except why our Clothing for Boys has such a tremendous sale.

We expend as much thought and care on the selection of our Boys' Clothing as upon the highest class attire for men.

Children's 2 Piece Suits \$1.50 to \$5.

Boys' 3 Piece Suits \$3.00 to \$7.50.

Boys' Spring Overcoats—Cravette Rainproof—Roglanette Style sizes to 33—\$6.50 and \$7.

Be sure and ask to see our Boy's Norfolk Suits sizes 22 to 28 for ages 12. They are the only proper caper for Boys of that age. We have a assortment.

Picton Business College PICTON, ONT.

Standard Courses in Bookkeeping, Stenography, Telegraphy.

Forty students in attendance. Fourth week. Our rooms be-ideal being light, cheerful and attractive, are newly fitted up and furnished with the latest and best equipment.

The Principals have had a teaching experience of from eight to twelve years, and each has also had in his specialty, a practical business experience eminently qualifying him for imparting the best instruction. Every member of the staff is a graduate of a College or a Normal School.

Individual instruction is given in all cases. This is supplemented by class drills, recitations, etc. Backward students receive special attention.

Boarding places secured at \$2 and upwards. OSBORNE & SAYERS, Principals.

BALED HAY and STRAW in large and small quantities.

Flour and Feed, Groceries and Provisions.

Water Purifying Pumps.
S. CASEY DENISON.
Choicest Groceries at reasonable prices.

Persian Athletes.

Strong and skilled as western athletes are, there are some respects in which the athletes of the east, and especially those of Persia, surpass them.

Their skill is due to the fact that they do not rely on brute strength, but on adroitness, which they have acquired after years of strenuous training. They know the function of every muscle in their bodies, and they are not regarded as experts until they are so well trained that they can perform with ease any feat which depends for success not only upon their strength, but also upon the proper play of their muscles.

They are not as bulky as some of the well known athletes of Europe and America, but, on the other hand, their bodies are wonderfully symmetrical, and all their movements are most graceful.

In wrestling and swinging clubs they especially excel, and, no matter how expert they may be, not a day passes that they do not practice for several hours.

Should Earth Become Flat.

A scientist says that "if the earth was flattened the sea would be miles deep all over the world." An Oklahoma editor gives out the following: "If any man is caught flattening out the earth, shoot him on the spot, and don't be too blamed particular what spot. There's a whole bunch of us in Oklahoma that can't swim."

Clever Scheme.

Customer—But that umbrella looks very cheap and common that the you ask is ridiculous.

Dealer—That's the beauty of umbrella. It's made of the very material, but made to look as if it wasn't worth stealing.

Beecher and Spurgeon.

Beecher had said that Spurgeon's popularity no more to his Calvary than a camel owed its excellence to hump. "I replied," said Spurgeon, "that the hump was a store of fat which the camel lived on a long journey and that its value depended on hump."

Witty Advice.

A witty Dublin barrister was sooted by a physician as to calling a man who had insulted him. "I'm your advice," said the lawyer, "and instead of calling him out get him to you in, and get your revenge that it will be more secure and certain."

No Cause For Alarm.

Insurance Agent—Now that you have a wife, don't you think you ought take out a life policy?

Newed—Oh, I guess not. I don't think she is going to prove dangerous.

The pall of Rheumatic Pains:—A sufferer finds permanent relief in some meritorious medicine as South American Rheumatic Cure, how glad he is to be. C. W. Mayhew, of Thameaville, couldn't walk or feed himself for four years ago three bottles of this remedy cured him—not a pain since that encouragement for rheumatic affe-

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NAPEANEE EXPRESS.

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

CANADA—FRIDAY, MARCH 20th, 1903.

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the more of it a man possesses the
greater his faculties for making additions
to it. Character is power, is
fluence, opens a sure way to wealth
and happiness.—Howes.

to hand this week. They come
ster, England.

APESTRYS.

e, Silk and Applique. Prices are

much Etamine, Voile and Grenadine
brand controlled by us 75c. a yard.

et use. Made from Scotch and
ide from Covert Cloth Craventet.
Black and Fawns \$3.50. Three
Greens, Black up to \$15.00.

to the Ladies of Napanee and
season engaged Miss Smith to
you to visit their opening display
Semi Annual Exhibition of Dress

March 26th, we will sell about
Flannelettes from 34 to 36 inches

Ten's Latest Top Coats.

est Prices at all Times.

who wears fine ready-to-wear suits
is though the ordinary merchant
in this for we do merchant tailoring
organization than the one that is

our suppliers and these concerns
ours; their workers are experts
in quantities that insure rock
bottoms; and the distribution of all
is high excellence at surprisingly

sizes to fit the usual man. We
free.

Distinctive touches that make the
it offered is full and complete.

Miss Quinn and Miss Cooper, Napanee,
are visiting Miss Taylor, Belleville, this
week.

Mrs. Fred. Bell, of Deseronto, visited
friends in Napanee last week.

Councillor Ming was absent from his
place at the council board on Monday
evening, being confined to his home
through illness.

Mr. J. E. Clarke, of Napanee, spent

PERSONALS

S. P. Hinch arrived in town Friday from
Carman, Man., to spend a few days with
his friends in Napanee and vicinity. He
is accompanied by his little son Wilfrid.

Mrs. H. Aylwin, (nee Miss Florence
O'Neil) left Saturday for her home in New
Denver, B.C., after a visit of six months
with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James
O'Neil.

Thomas Johnston left on Tuesday for
Edmonton, Alberta, where he joins W. W.
Peck in the real estate business.

W. J. Carson, after spending a month
with his mother, left Tuesday for his home
in Killarney.

Mrs. D. C. McNaughton arrived home on
Sunday from a couple of months' stay with
friends in Montreal.

Mrs. Fred Smith and bride arrived home
on Monday night and will take up their
residence on Centre street.

A. G. Fairbairn arrived in town on Mon-
day night from the North-West, where he
went three weeks ago with a carload of
cattle. He intends removing some time
this month.

Capt. H. S. Casey, of the North-West
Mounted Police of Macleod, Alberta, was
in town on Saturday last for a few hours
renewing acquaintances. It is about
thirteen years since he last visited these
parts. His home was formerly at Hay
Bay. Capt. Casey is a descendant of the
U. E. Loyalist settlers of that historic point
and a cousin of T. W. Casey, Piety Hill,
with whom he spent a short time on Sat-
urday last.

S. P. Hinch and son, Wilfrid, left Tues-
day for their home in Carman, Manitoba.

The following are some of those who left
for Manitoba on Tuesday: Henry Sweet,
W. W. Card, J. A. Russell and family, Mr.
and Mrs. Daniel Unger, Robert McConnell
Mr. and Mrs. Bell. Seven carloads of
effects were taken along.

Mr. Joe Prickett, of Deseronto, spent
last Monday evening in town.

Mrs. Robert Stewart and little daughter,
Muriel, left on Friday last for their home
in Watertown, N.Y., after having spent
two weeks visiting relatives in Napanee.

Mr. Fred. Maybee spent last week in
Toronto.

Miss Gracie Dryden entertained a num-
ber of her little friends one evening of last
week.

Mr. Wesley Collier and brother, Herbert,
spent Tuesday last in town.

Miss Ada Smith and brother, Charlie,
were in Renfrew a few days of last week to
attend the wedding of their brother.

W. F. Hall, who has been confined to
the house the past week with a gripe, is
able to be around again.

Miss Johnston, of Orangeville, intends
spending the summer in town at the home
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COAL EGG, STOVE AND NUT,

NOW IN STOCK.

The Rathbun Co.

R. B. SHIPMAN, Agent.

SATISFACTION. PROFIT.

Both are assured by buying pure and reliable goods—and by
buying at J. F. Smith's you not only get the best quality but
the best prices. Imperial Maple Syrup in gallon and quart
cans.

CANNED

Peaches—Black, Red and White Cherries in glass
jars and very fine—also Preserved Raspberries,
Apricots, Strawberries, Pineapples and Peaches in
glass jars, and very fine.

J. F. SMITH.

We are also handling Choice Western Beef and Fearman's Hams and
English Breakfast Bacon.

JOTS Local and Otherwise.

The settlers' excursion to the west took
about 600 Ontario people.

The by-law to spend \$10,000 for a town
hall at Cobourg was defeated.

Navigation opened on Wednesday be-
tween Cape Vincent and Kingston.

The population of China is placed by the
Board of Revenue at 426,477,000.

The heaviest snowfalls of the year were
reported from several districts in England.

Conservatives have decided to protest
against Hon. E. J. Davis' election in North
York.

Shamrock 111., the new challenger for
the America's Cup was launched at Dum-
arton.

The Grand Jury returned a true bill
against the Bell Telephone Company on
three counts.

The protest in North Grey Provincial
by-election has been set aside for
irregularity.

The petition against the election of Dr.
Routledge, Liberal East Middlesex, has
been dismissed.

For the first time on record St. Patrick's
Day was observed as a general holiday
throughout Ireland.

The tannery owned by Hon. E. J. Davis
at King was burned. Loss, \$100,000;
insurance \$60,000.

Mr. Geo. Grieve had the misfortune to
lose a valuable milch cow Sunday last, the
cause being milk fever.

The Grand Lodge of the A. O. U. W.
rejected the proposed increase of rates, but
will take the matter up again.

At Wallace's Drug Store

You can get all the medicines advertised
in this paper. Always fresh and good.

A nomination meeting, to receive nominations,
to fill the vacancy in the council
caused by the death of Councillor Carson,
will be held in the town hall, Monday,
23rd inst., at 7.30 p.m.

The full court of Manitoba has given
judgment that the Territorial Government
has the right to tax the Canadian Pacific
Railway Company for school purposes.
The Manitoba appeals were dismissed.

Mr. Justice Armour of the Supreme
Court, and Sir Louis Jette, Lieutenant-
Governor of Quebec, have been appointed
to act with Lord Alverstone of England as
commissioners on the Alaska boundary
tribunal.

The revivals in the Salvation Army, be-
ing conducted by the Harmonic Revivalists,
were brought to a close on Thursday
evening. The meetings were all well
attended, and as a result the names of
several new members have been added to
the Army roll-call.

Maple syrup made its first appearance
on the market on Saturday, and lasted
only a few minutes, before it was eagerly
bought up. The indications now are that
very little of this spring luxury will be
manufactured this season, as the wet,
rainy weather of the past week is detri-
mental to a successful sugar year.

Friday morning last two dogs fighting
in front of D. J. Hogan's clothing store
jumped against the large plate glass window
in the west end and shattered it so badly
that it had to be taken out. Quite a large
piece was broken out of one corner and the
remainder badly cracked. It will cost the
owner of the dogs in the neighborhood of
\$3.

Heart Disease Relieved in 30 Minutes

suppliers and these concerns
their workers are experts
in quantities that insure rock
ns; and the distribution of all
high excellence at surprisingly
es to fit the usual man. We
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tinctive touches that make the
ffered is full and complete.

Suits.

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hen look him over as critically
h wherein our garments, excel-
ous sale,
on the selection of our Boy's
men.

roof + Roofette Style sizes 25
units sizes 22 to 28 for ages 4 to
of that age. We have a full

ould Earth Become Flat.

cientist says that "if the earth
attened the sea would be two
deep all over the world." And
dahoma editor gives out the fol-
g: "If any man is caught flatt-
ut the earth, shoot him on the
and don't be too blamed partic-
nt spot. There's a whole blamed
us in Oklahoma that can't swim."

Clever Scheme.
omer—But that umbrella looks so
cheap and common that the price
sk is ridiculous.
—That's the beauty of that
lla. It's made of the very best
ial, but made to look as if it
t worth stealing.

Beecher and Spurgeon.
her had said that Spurgeon owed
pularity no more to his Calvinism
t camel owed its excellence to its
"I replied," said Spurgeon,
the hump was a store of fat on
the camel lived on a long jour-
nd that its value depended on its

Witty Advice.
vity Dublin barrister was con-
l by a physician as to calling out
n who had insulted him. "Take
lyce," said the lawyer, "and in-
of calling him out get him to call
n, and get your revenge that way.
I be more secure and certain."

No Cause For Alarm.
rance Agent—Now that you have
e, don't you think you ought to
uf a life policy?
ed—Oh, I guess not. I don't think
going to prove dangerous.

pall of Rheumatic Pains.—When
er finds permanent relief in such a
ious medicine as South American
atic Cure, how glad he is to tell it.
Mayhew, of Thameville, Out-
't walk or feed himself for months—
ars ago three bottles of this great
cured him—not a pain since—isn't
couragement for rheumatic sufferers?

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Miss Ada Smith and brother, Charlie,
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through illness.

Mr. J. E. Clarke, of Napanee, spent
Sunday in Belleville.

Mrs. W. H. Huffman, of Napanee, who
has been visiting Mrs. Eager in Belleville,
has returned home.

Miss Lillie Shannon, of Richmond,
spent Sunday in town the guest of Mrs. I.
D. Clark, Piety Hill.

Mrs. Charles, of Yarker, is spending a
few days in town the guest of Mrs. John
Lowry.

Mr. Ed. Burt, of Florida, spent a few
days in town last week the guest of his
sisters, the Misses Burt.

Mrs. Andrew Pringle has returned home
after a two week's visit with her daughter
at Hay Bay.

Miss Ethel B. Fournia, of Adolphus-
town, is the guest of Miss Helen Butland.

James Wilson is on the sick list.

Mr. Uriah Wilson left on Monday for
Ottawa.

Miss R. B. Shipman is home from
Rednerville after a week's visit.

Mr. W. Jewell has returned home for a
short time from Gananoque.

Miss Myrtle Clement, of Collin's Bay, is
the guest of Miss Annie Wilson.

Mr. Geo. Detlor is the guest of Mrs.
James Madden.

Mr. Hugh Fitz Patrick spent Wednesday
last with his uncle at Selby.

H. Warner went to Toronto Friday.

Mrs. Geo. Hawley, Newburgh Road, is
very ill.

W. S. Herrington went to Belleville
Thursday.

Little Levoies Grange, Camden East, is
the guest of her uncle, Mr. FitzPatrick.

Miss Laura Crowe, of Ernesttown, was
in town on Monday last.

Mrs. James Wilson, of the china store,
is very ill.

Mr. Stephen Gibson left on Monday
last for the North West with two car loads
of cattle.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Smith, Centre st.,
will be at home to their friends after
April 6th.

Miss Blanche Grieve arrived home from
Camelford on Wednesday on a visit to
her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Grieve,
Centre st.

DEATHS:

KIMMELRY—At Napanee, on Wednesday,
March 18th, Mr. Ira Kimmery, aged 74
years.

BLACK—At Napanee, on Tuesday, March
17th, Mr. W. J. Black, aged about 50
years.

LADIES' CHATELAINE and WRIST BAGS.

Latest New York Styles

Real Seal, Walrus and
Alligator,

—at—

The Medical Hall,
FRED L. HOOPER.

against the Bell Telephone Company on
three counts.

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Day was observed as a general holiday
throughout Ireland.

The tannery owned by Hon. E. J. Davis
at King was burned. Loss, \$100,000;
insurance \$60,000.

Mr. Geo. Grieve had the misfortune to
lose a valuable milch cow Sunday last, the
cause being milk fever.

The Grand Lodge of the A. O. U. W.
rejected the proposed increase of rates, but
will take the matter up again.

Sir Alexander Mackenzie, who is to con-
duct a series of thirty-four concerts in Can-
ada, sails from England to-day.

Owing to the indisposition of the Dis-
trict Attorney the Burdick inquest was not
continued at Buffalo as arranged.

Jingo, the largest elephant in the world,
died on March 12 on the steamer Georgie,
bound from Liverpool for New York.

The Kingston Whig says smallpox is
reported from Camden township where a
whole family have been quarantined.

Sir Wilfred Laurier has given notice of
a motion in Parliament to impose a tax of
\$500 on every Chinaman entering Canada.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank P. Robinson were
committed for trial at Hamilton for pass-
ing Mexican money with intent to defraud.

It is announced that the decision of the
Athasite Coal Strike Commission will be
made public at Washington on Saturday.

Preparations are being made for the re-
building of the dock at which the steamer
Reindeer stops. A complete new front will
be built.

The Bay of Quinte trackmen are busily
engaged completing the necessary approach-
es to the interim diamond crossing at
Centre street.

Hon. J. Israel Tarte, speaking at the I.
B. C. U. celebration of St. Patrick's Day,
said he was considering an offer of a seat
in the British House of Commons.

Gerow's Cheese factory is being thorough-
ly overhauled and a new boiler put in.
The proprietor expects to commence mak-
ing cheese on Monday March 23rd.

Mr. Otto James, A. R. C. O., associate
of the Royal College of Organists, Eng-
land, (certified pianist Trinity College,
London England), organist of St. Andrew's
Church, Kingston, will visit Napanee
weekly, commencing Tuesday, April 7th,
to give lessons in piano and organ playing
and voice culture. For terms apply at
Hart's music store. 13c

Mr. John Milligan has this week com-
menced the erection of a new building on
John street, to be used as a billiard parlor
instead of the premises he now occupies.

In the Commons Monday a sharp debate
took place on the question raised by Mr.
Maclean as to Sir Oliver Mowat's physical
capacity to discharge the duties of Lieutenant-
Governor.

several new members have been added to
the Army roll-call.

Maple syrup made its first appearance
on the market on Saturday, and lasted
only a few minutes, before it was eagerly
bought up. The indications now are that
very little of this spring luxury will be
manufactured this season, as the wet,
rainy weather of the past week is detrimental
to a successful sugar year.

Friday morning last two dogs fighting
in front of D. J. Hogan's clothing store
jumped against the large plate glass window
in the west end and shattered it so badly
that it had to be taken out. Quite a large
piece was broken out of one corner and the
remainder badly cracked. It will cost the
owner of the dogs in the neighborhood of
\$3.

Heart Disease Relieved in 30 Minutes
—Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gives
perfect relief in all cases of Organic or
Sympathetic Heart Disease in 30 minutes
and speedily effects a cure. It is a peerless
remedy for Palpitation, Shortness of Breath
Smothering Spells, Pain in Left Side, and
all symptoms of a Diseased Heart. One
dose cures.—33

Kingston, March 17.—It begins to look
as though the proposed Eastern Hockey
League will be an assured success. Replies
have been received from many of the clubs
to which circulars were sent, inviting co-
operation, and all have signed their
intention of entering the new league. If
all who have been approached will enter,
the new league will start out with at least
eighteen clubs.

The Story of Morning Tiredness. Is
caused by impure blood, poor digestion, sluggish
liver and tired nerves. It is a warning of
very serious trouble ahead, and should prompt
sensible people to take a bracing tonic like
Ferrozone, an energetic, invigorating and re-
builder. Ferrozone will give you a sound
appetite, promote good digestion and sound
sleep. It will feed and energize the enfeebled
organs, strengthen the nerve and vital forces
and regulate the heart. Ferrozone changes
that tired feeling into vigor, strength and
ambition, and does it quickly. Remember
the name, and insist on having only Ferrozone
or its best tonic made. Price 50c. per box,
or six boxes for \$2.50, at Druggists, or N. C.
Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Hamilton's Pill Cure Constipation.

A Quick Answer.

Johnny's Elder Brother (who wants
Johnny to go up an errand)—Didn't you
know I was looking for you everywhere?

Johnny—No, I didn't. If I had, you
wouldn't have found me.—Chums.

The Frosted Hand.

"Yes, and after she refused me she
waved her hand in farewell."

"Sort of cold wave, wasn't it?"

A chimney of 115 feet height will,
without danger, sway ten inches in a
wind.

Beware of the man whose dog dis-
likes to follow him.—New York Life.

A Great Success.

to continue it for one more

SOLID WEEK.

So come with the crowd and secure Bargains such as were
never seen before in this vicinity.

Bargains in all departments such as Tinware, Granite-
ware, Glassware, Crockery, Smallwares, Soaps, Starches, Teas,
Coffees, Hosiery, Lace Curtains, Window, Blinds, and Curtain
Folies, at

MCINTOSH BROS.

RENNIE BLOCK.

W. A. GARRETT,
Manager.

ALL KINDS OF EXCUSES.

People Are Not Ready to Give Up Their Pet Sins.

Entered according to Act of the Parliament of Canada, in the year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Three, by Wm. Baily, of Toronto, at the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

A despatch from Chicago says:—Dr. Talmage preached from the following text:—Luke xiv, 18, “And they all with one consent began to make excuse.”

It is comparatively seldom that men are convinced by argument. In every period the great discoverer or philosopher, howsoever irrefutable his arguments, has been treated with incredulity and sometimes with ridicule. The young scientist who read a paper some years ago arguing that the coral islands were built by a small insect was persecuted and expelled from the French academy, and, broken hearted and in disgrace, he committed suicide. To introduce any innovation into the realm of thought by the power of argument is task that few have the courage to attempt and fewer still the power to achieve.

But though argument and fact are often futile there are two wizards who can always charm—he who can tell a story and he who can paint a picture. With one flash the artist of the brush or pen can carry the truth home. The public speaker who wields the greatest influence to-day is not the scientist or the logician, but the orator who can tell the common people what a thing is like. Christ ~~never~~ always spoke in parables. As analogies were the wheat and the tares and the mustard seed and the birds of the air and the lilies of the valley. Everybody can understand a similitude.

One of these matchless similitudes is the scene of the text. The kingdom of heaven is compared to a feast to which many guests have been invited. Manners and customs change, but in all periods and in all lands the idea of a feast has been familiar. They have been celebrated from time immemorial.

EXCUSES OLD AND NEW.

Let us examine the excuses by which the men of old evaded this feast and see how closely they resemble the excuses by which men of the present day try to justify themselves in their refusal to sit down at the marriage banquet of the Lamb. First, the capitalist's excuse. Hardly had the ancient banquet table been prepared when we can see a courier's horse dash up to the would-be host's house. The messenger is dressed in the liveried costume of one of the rich men of the east. He dismounts and knocks at the front door. When the servant opens that door, the messenger hands in a scented missive which reads something like this: “My dear friend, much to my regret, I find it impossible to be with you to-night. I know you expected me, but I have just closed a big deal. I have become the owner of a large tract of land, and I must go out and see it. I pray thee have me excused. Though I am compelled to be absent in body, yet I shall be with you to-night in spirit. Adieu, my dear sir, until we meet at my own table.” When the good man of the house receives this letter, his eye flashes. The Bible distinctly declares in reference to this episode: “Then the master of the house being angry”—He read between the lines of that refusal. He knew that this

represents the father and husband who on Saturday night says:—“Well, I have worked hard all the week. I am too tired to go to church to-morrow and do God's work. It is all well enough to think about religion, but the simple fact is, in this strenuous earthly life I must look after my business and keep looking after it all the time.” He represents the business man who at first does not intend to do wrong, but, little by little, he allows his business to crowd out his duties to Christ. First, he gives up prayer meeting on account of business; then his daily reading of the Bible; then his Sunday services. Little by little he allows himself to drift away from God until at last the invitation to the gospel banquet falls upon unheeding ears.

THE BRIDEGROOM'S EXCUSE.

But, hark! Another knock is heard at the door of the good man's house. “Aha,” you say, “think of the foolish excuse this third expected guest has sent! He says he is a bridegroom and therefore cannot come. Why did he not do as Mr. Moody said he ought to have done—go to the banquet hall and take his wife along?” But, my friend, this excuse of the bridegroom ought not to be to you an object of derision. Of all the excuses which Christ stated in the parable I think this one was the most plausible and the most rational. The bridegroom in the east, by the custom of that time, might be looked upon leniently for answering as he did. The Hebrews considered marriage one of the most sacred and important events of a human being's life. Every young girl spent her time chiefly in preparing for her nuptial day. She was always spinning linen and making garments for the wedding trousseau. Every young man was taught that his duty to the world and to God was to marry. He did not enter into this marriage relationship in a haphazard way, as do many of the young people of the present time. He did not marry upon a momentary impulse. But the young people were often affianced for years before the wedding day. Then, by the old Hebrew as well as by the Roman law, a bridegroom was absolutely independent of all military and, to a great extent, of civil obligations for a whole year. After the wedding night for twelve long months he was allowed to stay at home under his own roof. So when the bridegroom of the east sent a refusal to come to the banquet he practically said, as hundreds and thousands of wives and mothers are now saying: “I cannot afford to come to Christ's banquet at the present time. I have my home duties to attend to. I have domestic obligations. I pray thee have me excused.”

THE DUTY OF PARENTS.

Besides, parents, how can you have the right influence over your children unless you are consecrated Christian men and women? How can a father and mother tell their children how to love the Lord Jesus unless they themselves have accepted the invitation to the gospel banquet? Can the blind lead the blind? Can something come from nothing? I lift a clay vase in my hand and smell the sweetest fragrance. I say: “O vase, whence came thy perfume? Were thy substances fragrant before the hot fire of the potter's furnace

as that I may never live ten years. Ten years is a very long time. As I look back over my past life I can see how many unexpected things have happened during ten years. Many of my best and dearest friends have died during those ten years. They were just as young and strong as I am now. I cannot afford to wait ten years.” Then will you come in five years? “No; I will not delay it five years. That is also too long. I have had certain warnings that I may not live five years. There was strange pain in my heart; there was the dizzy sensation in my head.” Then will you come next year or next month to the gospel banquet? “No,” you answer; “I dare not postpone this gospel invitation for a year or even for a month. I know that the gospel invitation will not press itself upon me in a month with the same power as it is now doing. Each day I postpone this matter it is harder for me to come.” Then, my brother and sister, will you accept this gospel invitation now? Will you not ask for a full pardon of your sins? Will you not ask for a robe of righteousness which has been crimsoned from the blood of the Calvary cross?

MINORCA FOR GIBRALTER

NOW BEING DISCUSSED IN MILITARY JOURNALS.

A Proposition Now Under Consideration by British Writers.

The advisability of exchanging Gibraltar for some other strategic point in the Mediterranean is being discussed in the British military journals. The docks at Gibraltar, on the west side of the Rock, are exposed to the fire of long-range artillery from the Spanish mainland and docks on the east side would have to be protected from the eastern gales, for which purpose it would be necessary to construct immense breakwaters, in deep soundings, at a cost of many millions of pounds. This being the case the problem whether the strategical objects aimed at could not be obtained in a more complete and satisfactory manner by other means naturally arises.

Ceuta, opposite Gibraltar, and belonging to Spain, has been proposed, but the map of the country shows that the peninsula from a military point of view, is much the same as Gibraltar, with its faults intensified. No place in the western waters of the Mediterranean seems to meet the case better than Minorca, with its magnificent harbor of Port Mahon.

This place offers great facilities for docks secure from attack. The harbor is about three miles long, and its width averages about a half mile. There is excellent anchorage for a large number of the heaviest battleships, the holding ground consisting mostly of

SAND, SHELLS AND GRAVEL.

Along its sides run hills protecting it from fire, and offering sites for forts with a good command of the surrounding area. The highest points of these hills are at the entrance to the harbor, where the modern and powerful fort of La Mola now commands the passage. As regards its position, it lies practically at the centre of a circle, on the circumference of which are the great naval ports of Cartagena, Toulon, Genoa and Spezia, and in the direct line between Toulon and Algiers, and would consequently menace the line of communication between France and her great colony. It is, therefore, a grand naval strategical centre, and would constitute an excellent naval base, espe-

FOR FARMERS

Seasonable and Profitable Hints for the Busy Tiller of the Soil.

MANURE AS A FERTILIZER

The improved growth of plants through the use of manure is due to the presence in the manure three substances—nitrogen, phosphoric acid. The plants take up these plant food substances and in various ways utilize them as forces to build up their table matter. Compared with the total weight of plant material, the actual plant food contained in crops is very small, but this quantity is nevertheless absolutely essential, for without them, no particle of growth could be formed. From this, we perceive that small quantities of nitrogen and phosphoric acid in manures are very important matter to agriculture.

The profitability of farming measured by the crops or produce sold off the farm. It does not matter in what form these sales are made, every one of them removes or less plant food from the farm, and this must be replaced sooner or later, or profitable crops cannot be grown. It is evident that

ROUGHAGE OF THE FARM

that is, the unsalable portions of crops, cannot make good losses, for such portions of the produce of the land are only about half of the total crop yields. course, on stock farms where quantities of stock feeds are consumed, these conditions do not apply, as more plant food is brought to the soil in form of manure, then is sold as products.

As a matter of fact, it is commonly recognized that the yard manure realized on the average farm is insufficient to maintain average fertility of the soil. It was known before this point came of common knowledge, the valuable substances in manure were practically confined to nitrate of potash and phosphoric acid, if

gent farmers began early to integrate all forms of cheap manure which contained one or more of these substances. It was found almost all forms of nitrogen, phosphoric acid in crude materials was as available as food as farm yard manure, and many instances more readily utilized in its effects. This led dually to the establishment of fertilizer manufacturing industries.

So extensive has this industry become that we are now talking manure as a fertilizer rather than

FERTILIZER AS A MANURE

This grew out of the need of a correct balance for particular crops of the three elements of plant. At the same time, the plant composition of manures must always hold high rank, being practical natural manure, and being made of the very materials it is desired to grow. Stated in fertilizer gauge, and supposing 10 tons of farm yard manure are concentrated to a weight of one ton, fertilizers are practically concentrated manures, the analysis of these fertilizers would be as follows: Nitrogen, 5 per cent; phosphoric acid, 3 per cent, and potash per cent.

Practically, where clovers are grown in rotation, the nitrogen

hands in a scented missive which reads something like this: "My dear friend, much to my regret, I find it impossible to be with you to-night. I know you expected me, but I have just closed a big deal. I have become the owner of a large tract of land, and I must go out and see it. I pray thee have me excused. Though I am compelled to be absent in body, yet I shall be with you to-night in spirit. Adieu, my dear sir, until we meet at my own table." When the good man of the house receives this letter, his eye flashes. The Bible distinctly declares in reference to this episode: "Then the master of the house being angry"—He read between the lines of that refusal. He knew that this capitalist was making a poor excuse: he knew that the capitalist as an intelligent investor would never have bought that land unless he had first seen it, examined it and ascertained that its title deeds were all right. The good man may have had his suspicion that the capitalist of the east, now that he was a great landowner, felt a little above his old associates and therefore may have thought it was not dignified for him to mingle with ordinary guests at a common banquet, and thus he stayed away. So we find that the hardest men and women to reach in a gospel sense are the rich people. They do not always think it respectable to associate with representatives of the masses in a church pew. They would be willing to go to heaven if they could only go in a gilded chariot, as a king might go to Westminster abbey and be crowned. They would gladly go if they could only bribe their way there by a million dollar check. But they are not willing to be supplicants after the Bread of Life when their own granaries are full of winter supplies and their thrashing floors crowded with the thrashers beating and bruising the grain.

LOVE CANNOT BE BOUGHT.

Neither will money buy love. Money may buy sycophancy. It may make servants and so-called friends bow and cringe before us, but the songstress of love is not a hireling who sings her seraphic strains to the jingling accompaniment of golden coins. True love is won by the heart, not by the purse. True love is found smiling as winsomely in a cottage as in a palace. Neither, O rich man, can you with money buy your way into heaven. If you have no time to seek God in his house on earth, you will not be able to find Christ in mansions in the skies. If you do not honor your Saviour before men, neither will Christ honor you before the angels, who are now assembled about the great white throne of the celestial city. "How much did he leave?" asked a gentleman in reference to a certain deceased rich man. "He left everything," was the answer. "His shroud had no pocket, so far as I could see." So, rich man, you will take before the judgment seat of Christ not what you now hold in your hand, but what you have in your heart. Therefore, it is very important that you do not with fatal self complacency as to your wealth and social prestige and your ownership of mortgages and bonds and land titles blind your eyes to the importance of going to the gospel banquet.

THE WAGE EARNER'S EXCUSE.

Whom in modern life does this stock owner represent? He symbolizes the practising doctor or lawyer or small merchant or manufacturer or mechanic or salaried employee engaged in a daily struggle for a livelihood. He represents, as Matthew Henry well wrote, the man with "the inordinate care and concern about this world which keeps him from Christ and his grace." He

banquet at the present time. I have my home duties to attend to. I have domestic obligations. I pray thee have me excused."

THE DUTY OF PARENTS.

Besides, parents, how can you have the right influence over your children unless you are consecrated Christian men and women? How can a father and mother tell their children how to love the Lord Jesus unless they themselves have accepted the invitation to the gospel banquet? Can the blind lead the blind? Can something come from nothing? I lift a clay vase in my hand and smell the sweetest fragrance. I say: "O vase, whence came thy perfume? Were thy substances fragrant before the hot fire of the potter's furnace touched thee?" "Nay," answers the vase. "The reason I am perfumed is because hundreds of flowers have been plucked and have been allowed to kiss me with their red and white lips." Upon the sand dunes of the seashore I pick up a curiously twisted shell. I place it to my ear and I hear a low, moaning sound. I say to the shell, "Shell, why dost thou moan like a sick child?" "Because," answers the shell, "I have been rolled over and over into the bottom of the seas. I have been allowed to place my ear against the great throbbing, aching heart of the mighty deep. I am merely echoing the sorrow of the sea waves that are now lapping at thy feet." Thus we find that by the direct law of nature there is no effect without a cause. If you, O parents, desire your children's lives to be redolent with the perfume of righteousness and their hearts and lips to be musical with the songs of heaven, you must take care that they are surrounded with heavenly influences while they are young. If you want them to be at the gospel banquet, you must lead the way and not yourselves answer the invitation with a frivolous excuse.

THE OCTOPUS OF SECRET SIN.

The next reason why "they all with one consent began to make excuse" was because they expected at some future time to accept the gospel invitation. This is a most natural supposition to make in interpreting the text. They might have stayed away and made no excuse, but then the host would have been offended and would never have invited them again. They wanted to keep his good will so that he might invite them at some future time. If those invited guests never expected to accept an invitation to the good man's house, they would have said to themselves: "What is the good of my sitting down every little while and writing to that man that I cannot accept his invitations? He is becoming nothing but a perfect bore. What I will do hereafter is just to throw his invitations into the waste basket. Then, after awhile, he will cease to write and will stop his importunities." But, no. That is not the course these invited guests took. They practically said to themselves, "I will keep on sending my declination, year in and year out, and then some day, when I am old and sick and helpless and about to die, I will just be carried down on my sick bed and that good man will take care of me and forgive all the indifference and sin of my past life." You expect to some day come to Christ, but you keep saying to the gospel messenger: "Not now. Not now. Not now."

ACCEPT THE INVITATION NOW.

My brother and sister invited to Jesus Christ, I am not going to force you to any decision. I am going to leave the whole matter with yourself. Instead of asking you to come to the gospel banquet now, I am going to ask you when you will come. Will you come to Christ ten years from to-day? "Oh, no," you answer: "I would not like to postpone the gospel invitation as long

as its sides run hills protecting it from fire, and offering sites for forts with a good command of the surrounding area. The highest points of these hills are at the entrance to the harbor, where the modern and powerful fort of La Mola now commands the passage. As regards its position, it lies practically at the centre of a circle, on the circumference of which are the great naval ports of Cartagena, Toulon, Genoa and Spezia, and in the direct line between Toulon and Algeria, and would consequently menace the line of communication between France and her great colony. It is, therefore, a grand naval strategical centre, and would constitute an excellent naval base, especially for a blockading fleet. The island is about 260 square miles in extent and is well stocked with cattle, sheep, goats and mules, while fruits and vegetables are abundant and wheat and barley are cultivated.

The British, of course, count largely on the national pride of Spain in effecting this exchange. Spain looks on Gibraltar as a part of her fatherland, and deeply resents its retention by the British; consequently that country will probably be favorably inclined to the proposal.

The exchange of Gibraltar for other territory has been proposed by several Ministries. As far back as 1757 Pitt proposed to restore it in exchange for Minorca. Great Britain does not fear the actual power of Spain so much, but if Gibraltar were held out as a bait to induce her to join an alliance, Great Britain would have the use of the important ports of

FERROL AND CARTAGENA.

The history of Minorca is of interest. It was captured by the British in 1708 and held by them until 1756 when a great French expedition was planned against it. After enticing the British fleet away on other work the Duke of Richelieu, with 15,000 men in 120 transports, convoyed by La Galissoniere with twenty sail of the line, laid siege to Port Mahon, in which was a meagre garrison under Gen. Blakeney. The British held out gallantly in Fort St. Philip (still in existence, opposite the modern Fort La Mola) for 20 days, but eventually capitulated with the honors of war. During this siege the relief of Port Mahon was attempted by Byng without success, and for this the latter was superseded and eventually tried by court-martial and shot.

In 1763 Great Britain regained Minorca by exchanging it for Cuba and the Philippines. In 1782 it was again besieged by an expedition, which started from Cadiz under the Duke of Crillon, as if to attack the British West Indies, but turned round, slipped through the straits and sailed for Minorca, where it landed 8,000 men. Gen. Murray, the Governor, retired into Fort St. Philip with his force of four regiments, and did not surrender until it had been reduced by scurvy and other diseases to 600. In 1798 Minorca again capitulated to the British, after the Battle of the Nile, but in 1802 the then Government, thinking Malta sufficient for British needs in the Mediterranean, ceded it to Spain under the treaty of Amiens.

PARROT CYCLIST.

In Berlin a parrot cyclist is drawing great crowds of admirers. The bird conducts itself like an experienced rider, working with its feet the pedals of a diminutive machine whose grooved tire runs along a tight rope. With its beak it manages the handle bar. Although it carries along another parrot hanging to a trapeze beneath, it maintains perfect equilibrium.

This grew out of the need of a correct balance for particular cre of the three elements of plant fe At the same time, the plant f composition of manures must alw hold high rank, being practically natural manure, and being made of the very materials it is des to grow. Stated in fertilizer guage, and supposing 10 tons farm yard manure are concentr to a weight of one ton, for fertilizers are practically concentr manures, the analysis of this ure fertilizer would be as follow Nitrogen, 5 per cent; phosph acid, 3 per cent, and potash, per cent.

Practically, where clovers grown in rotation, the nitrogen i be reduced to 2 per cent, and the phosphoric acid becomes av able very slowly it should be creased to 5 per cent. With this have an ideal formula, based manure as a fertilizer,—a base may all hang to with safety.

FARM NOTES.

Whenever you see a cow hum up on the north side of the barn, you can put it down that winter feed in the barn will be at a dead loss, and that additio feed will be required to take chill out of the cow's back, you will never in the wide we make a profit in the milk pail. S a condition of affairs may be down as a result of carelessness the part of the farmer. In the gone times when such customs vailed, the mortgage foreclo was, as a rule, only a question time.

In a horse well marked fullness brain half way between the and the setting of the ears, acc panied with breadth and full immediately back of the ears, always connected with kindness disposition and associated with bition. If there is fullness in and narrowness back of the there will be kindly disposi without the ambition. If devtment be the reverse of this t will be the absence of kindly in tions with marked vicious ten cies.

Roots are a valuable crop for farmer to grow, especially mar and turnips. Eight pounds of r are equal to one pound of gr and four pounds of grain, prop fed, will give one pound gain live weight in hogs. Figuring this basis, an acre of roots, ying 800 bushels, will give 1 pounds of live weight. An acre barley yielding 42 bushels, will 504 pounds of live weight. value of the barley straw sh however, be considered.

At an Ohio farmers' institute week the idea was advanced farmers should abandon their



Market Rep

FOR FARMERS

Seasonable and Profitable
Hints for the Busy Tillers
of the Soil.

MANURE AS A FERTILIZER.

The improved growth of plants through the use of manure is due to the presence in the manure of substances—nitrogen, potash, phosphoric acid. The plants use these plant food substances, in various ways utilize them, to build up their vegetable matter. Compared with the weight of plant material, the plant food contained in is very small, but this small quantity is nevertheless absolutely essential, for without them, not a particle of growth could be made. In this, we perceive that the quantities of nitrogen, potash, phosphoric acid in manures is an important matter to agriculture.

The profitableness of farming is assured by the crops or products off the farm. It does not matter in what form these sales are made, every one of them removes more plant food from the land, and this must be replaced sooner or later, or profitable crops cannot be grown. It is evident that

ROUGHAGE OF THE FARM. It is, the unsalable portions of crops, cannot make good these losses, for such portions of the produce of the land are only about one-tenth of the total crop yields. Of course, on stock farms where large quantities of stock feeds are purchased, these conditions do not apply, as more plant food is bought and brought to the soil in the form of manure, then is sold off in products.

It is a matter of fact, it is now generally recognized that the farm manure realized on the average is insufficient to maintain the average fertility of the soil. As it is known before this point before common knowledge, that valuable substances in manures are practically confined to nitrogen, ash and phosphoric acid, intelligent farmers began early to investigate all forms of cheap materials which contained one or more of these substances. It was found that most all forms of nitrogen, potash and phosphoric acid in crude materials was as available as plant manure, and in many instances more readily absorbed in its efforts. This led gradually to the establishment of great fertilizer manufacturing industries. So extensive has this industry become that we are now talking of manure as a fertilizer rather than

FERTILIZER AS A MANURE. It grew out of the need of a correct balance for particular crops, the three elements of plant food, at the same time, the plant food composition of manures must always be high rank, being practically a natural manure, and being made up of the very materials it is desired to grow. Stated in fertilizer language, and supposing 10 tons of manure are concentrated a weight of one ton, for fertilizers are practically concentrated manures, the analysis of this manure would be as follows:

Nitrogen, 5 per cent; phosphoric acid, 3 per cent, and potash, 5 cent.

Practically, where clovers are grown in rotation, the nitrogen may

chards, put the land so occupied to other crops and with the proceeds buy their fruit off those who make fruit growing a specialty. The reasons advanced were that the busy farmer either cannot or will not combat insect enemies and fungous disease, and therefore has little good fruit anyhow.

The dairy barn should be well lighted, with windows on the south, and those windows should be kept clean. We have seen barn windows that were not cleaned for years, and the brightest sunshine out of doors was a cloudy day inside. The milk cows need sunlight, not only for health, but to produce milk and butter fat.

The most exhaustive crops of fertility are those grown for their seeds, while the most ameliorating are those consumed in a green state on the farm. Of the different crops, clover draws a larger portion from the air than almost any other crop grown on the farm.

A FIGHT WITH DOGS.

Egerton R. Young's Desperate Struggle With Them.

In a long journey by sled, in the region of Great Bear Lake, Mr. Egerton R. Young had a trying adventure with Eskimo dogs, which he relates in "My Dogs in the Northland." He had traveled several days with his own dogs to the point where the Indians were to meet him and replace the tired dogs with fresh ones. When the dogs were changed, his guide, who had accompanied him throughout the journey to this point, gave him a heavy whip, and said, "Now do not speak a word, and there will be no trouble. They do not like white people, but if you do not speak to them they will never suspect, in their anxiety to get home."

I looked the fierce brutes over, says Mr. Young, placed my heavy whip so I could instantly seize it, and made up my mind that I was in for a wild ride. The owner of the dogs applied his long whip-lash to them, and away we started at a furious gallop.

We had traveled some distance when I was startled by a splendid black fox, which dashed out of a rocky island on our left. He struck across our trail, and made for another island of rocks half a mile to our right.

The dogs fell into disorder and sped after him. As we had fifteen miles yet to go, it was not safe to be racing after a fox on this great lake. So I resolved to break the silence and bring the dogs back to the trail, even if I had to fight them.

Bracing myself on my knees, I gripped the heavy whip so that I could use the handle of it as a club. Then I shouted to the dogs in Indian to stop and turn to the left.

The instant they heard my voice they did stop—so suddenly that my cariole went sliding on, past the rear dog of the train. They came at me furiously. The leader of the train, the fiercest of the four, began the attack. It was well for me that he did, for he swung the others about into such a position that only one at a time could reach me. As he sprang to meet me I guarded my face with one hand, which I wrapped in the furs, while I belabored the dog over the head with the oak handle of the whip.

Three or four good blows were all that he needed. With a howl he dropped on the ice, while the next one in the train tried to get hold of me. One fortunate clip on the side of his head sent him tumbling over his leader. Then I had to face the third dog, which proved the ugliest customer of all, for his head took a prodigious amount of thumping before he yielded. Failing to get hold of me, he tore the robes and the side

THE CONCILIATION ACT.

IT HAS BEEN CONDEMNED IN NEW ZEALAND.

Summary of the Most Remarkable Legislation Ever Passed.

A despatch from Wellington, N.Z., to The London Times says that dissatisfaction in New Zealand with the Arbitration Act is evidently increasing. At a meeting of Socialists and Trades Unionists at Wellington the speakers strongly condemned the working of the measure. The Unionist officials, says the despatch, admitted at the meeting that the act was a failure and stated that militant unionism had been vilified by it. They declare that they would not recommend the adoption of such a measure in other countries.

HISTORY OF THE ACT.

The Industrial and Conciliation Act was originally passed in 1894. Amending Acts were passed in 1895, 1896 and 1898, a consolidating act in 1900 and a further amending act in 1901.

All "industrial matters," except indictable offences, come under these laws, that is, "all matters affecting or relating to work done or to be done by workers, or the privileges, rights, and duties of employers or workers in any industry"; and "workers" include all persons "employed to do any skilled or unskilled manual or clerical work for hire or reward in any industry."

Boards of conciliation, consisting of one or two representatives of workers and as many employers, with an independent chairman, are constituted in the seven districts of the colony, and a Court of Arbitration, consisting of one representative of the workers, one of the employers, and a judge of the Supreme Court for president, is appointed for the whole colony. Two employers or seven workers may form an industrial association; trades unions may register as such unions. The workers' unions elect separately the workers' representatives to the conciliation boards, and nominate a representative for the court; the employers' unions do the like; in default of an election, the Governor may fill vacancies. The term of office is three years, alike for the boards and the court. Industrial unions of both parties may enter into an "industrial agreement" relating to any industrial matters, or for the settlement of disputes. Such agreements are enforceable at law; their term is for three years at most, but even after the expiry they hold good until superseded by a new agreement or an award of the court. Any dispute may be referred to a board of conciliation by an industrial union (after ballot vote of members) an industrial association or an employer.

NO RIGHTS FOR NON-UNIONISTS

Unorganized bodies of workmen have no rights, but once a dispute is brought before a board, the latter may extend the reference so that the matter may be dealt with in a complete shape. The board, after hearing the parties, summoning witnesses, and making such enquiry as it thinks fit, makes within three months a recommendation for settlement, the duration of the same to be fixed within six months and three years. Either party may appeal from a board to the Court of Arbitration, but if no appeal is filed within a month the board's recommendation operates, and is enforceable as an industrial agreement. The court has all the powers possessed

THE S. S. LESSON.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, MARCH 22.

Text of the Lesson, Eph. ii, 1-10.
Golden Text, Eph. ii, 8.

1. And you hath he quickened, who were dead in trespasses and sins.

The last clause of this verse describes the condition of all, without exception, until redeemed, and the same sad truth is found in such passages as Rom. iii, 23; v, 12; Tit. iii, 3; but the natural man rebels against it, and especially the educated, religious natural man, who teaches that all people are children of God, that there is good in all and all who desire to be good are Christians. A minister in New York is reported as recently having said that he knew nothing of the new birth and had never experienced it. In spite of all that men say and teach we must say, "Let God be true and every man a liar" (Rom. iii, 4).

2. 3. Children of disobedience * * * by nature the children of wrath, even as others.

This is as God sees us, and He alone is qualified to tell us what our hearts are like, for they are deceitful above all things and desperately wicked (Jer. xvii, 9, 10). The whole world lieth in the evil one, and he, as the prince of the power of the air, the prince of this world, rules it and its people (I John v, 19; John xiv, 30; xvi, 11). The life or walk of all who are not born from above, however, it may vary, is in each one a life according to the course of this world, fulfilling the desires of the flesh and of the mind, and it is all disobedience, under the control of the evil one.

4. 5. But God, who is rich in mercy, for His great love wherewith He loved us, even when we were dead in sins, hath quickened us together with Christ (by grace ye are saved).

"God commendeth His love toward us, in that while we were yet sinners Christ died for us." "When we were yet without strength, Christ died for the ungodly." "When we were enemies, we were reconciled to God by the death of His Son" (Rom. v, 6, 8, 10). "God so loved the world (that is, the world lying in the wicked one) that He gave His only begotten Son that whosoever believeth in Him should not perish, but have everlasting life" (John iii, 16). This letter was written to the saints, the faithful in Christ Jesus (i, 1), those who had believed on Him and truly received Him and were therefore accepted in the Beloved, in whom they had redemption by His blood, the forgiveness of sins and were blessed with all spiritual blessings in Him (1, 3, 6, 7). Paul is showing them how it all came and reminding them of their condition by nature, that they might watch themselves, have no confidence in themselves, but rejoice in Christ Jesus (Phil. iii, 3).

6. 7. That in the ages to come He might show the exceeding riches of His grace in His kindness toward us through Christ Jesus.

Quickened with Christ, raised up with Him, seated with Him in the heavens, are some of the truths in these and the preceding verses. Elsewhere it is crucified with Him, dead with Him, buried with Him, risen with Him, suffering with Him, glorified with Him, coming with Him (Gal. ii, 20; Rom. vi, 4-6; viii, 17; Col. iii, 1-4). What He did and suffered for us in our stead as our substitutes we are looked upon as having done and suffered with Him. We cannot feel nor realize this, but we can firmly

grew out of the need of a balance for particular crops, i.e. three elements of plant food. At the same time, the plant food position of manures must always be high rank; being practically a natural manure, and being made up to very materials it is desired to grow. Stated in fertilizer language, and supposing 10 tons of yard manure are concentrated weight of one ton, for fertilizers are practically concentrated manures, the analysis of this fertilizer would be as follows: nitrogen, 5 per cent; phosphoric 3 per cent, and potash, 5 per cent.

practically, where clovers are in rotation, the nitrogen may be reduced to 2 per cent, and as phosphoric acid becomes available very slowly it should be increased to 5 per cent. With this we have an ideal formula, based on manure as a fertilizer—a base we all hang to with safety.

FARM NOTES.

Never you see a cow humped on the north side of the cow, you can put it down that the feed in the barn will be used dead loss, and that additional will be required to take the out of the cow's back, and will never in the wide world be a profit in the milk pail. Such condition of affairs may be put down as a result of carelessness on part of the farmer. In the by-times when such customs prevail, the mortgage foreclosure as a rule, only a question of

a horse well marked fullness of half way between the eyes, the setting of the ears, accompanied with breadth and fullness immediately back of the ears, are connected with kindness of position and associated with ammonia. If there is fullness in front narrowness back of the ears a will be kindly disposition out the ambition. If developt be the reverse of this there be the absence of kindly intentions with marked vicious tendencies.

Roots are a valuable crop for the winter to grow, especially mangolds and turnips. Eight pounds of roots equal to one pound of grain, four pounds of grain, properly will give one pound gain in weight in hogs. Figuring on basis, an acre of roots, yielding 800 bushels, will give 1,500 bushels of live weight. An acre of barley yielding 42 bushels, will give 100 pounds of live weight. The use of the barley straw should, however, be considered.

In an Ohio farmers' institute last year the idea was advanced that farmers should abandon their or-

the attack. It was not in the least he did, for he swung the others about into such a position that only one at a time could reach me. As he sprang to meet me I guarded my face with one hand, which I wrapped in the furs, while I belabored the dog over the head with the oak handle of the whip.

Three or four good blows were all that he needed. With a howl he dropped on the ice, while the next one in the train tried to get hold of me. One fortunate clip on the side of his head sent him tumbling over his leader. Then I had to face the third dog, which proved the ugliest customer of all, for his head took a prodigious amount of thumping before he yielded. Failing to get hold of me, he tore the robes and the side of the carriage, which was made of parchment.

It was fortunate for me that the traces of the fourth dog, fastened to the front of the carriage, so held him back that he was unable to do more than growl at me.

When I had conquered the third dog, I uncoiled the lash of the whip and shouted, "Marche!" The leader wheeled to the left, and away they flew. I had no hesitancy in speaking now. The dogs showed no more desire for battle, but only a desperate desire to reach the end of the journey.

FEZZES FROM FEZ.

Until a comparatively few years ago, Fez, the capital of Morocco, had practically a monopoly in the manufacture of the Turkish national head-dress named after it—the "fez" as it was supposed that the peculiar dull crimson color of the tasseled skull-cap could only be obtained by using the dye made from a certain berry largely grown in the neighborhood of the city, which is also much used in the dyeing of Morocco leather. Now, however, France and Turkey, and to a certain extent Austria, actively compete with Fez for what is still a very lucrative trade.

VEGETARIANS, BEWARE!

A remarkable theory in regard to the increase in crime is advanced by Dr. Arthur McDonald, criminologist attached to the United States Bureau of Education at Washington. Dr. McDonald argues that automobiles, electric cars, and telephones and other inventions are responsible for the increase in crime, suicide, and various forms of abnormality, because they cause people to exercise less and to think more. This, he says, puts an unusual strain on the nervous system as compared with the muscular system. Dr. McDonald's conclusions are as curious as his theory. "Eat meat and potatoes," he declares, "or you may become a criminal."

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BINDING ON NON-UNIONISTS

and on new firms starting business in a district after the issue of an award, and expressed in statutory form the power exercised previously by the court of ordering preference to be given to trades unionists. The Act of 1901 enabled either party to go straight to the court, instead of bringing the case before a board; this was intended to remedy delay and pressure of business. When a dispute has been brought before a board, any act in the nature of a strike or lockout is forbidden, under penalty of £50 fine. Any breach of an agreement award is punishable by fine of £500 in the case of an industrial union or an employer, and £10 on any member of a union. The funds of a trades union registered as an industrial union, cannot be attached at law, except for a breach of the conciliation acts.

A FRIENDLY OPINION.

Since the passing of the Act of 1894, there have only been some half dozen strikes by small bodies of unorganized workmen; the trade of the colony has risen from £16,000,000 to £23,000,000 in 1901, and the number of persons employed in factories and workshops from 29,879 to 53,460. The Secretary of Labor says: "The effect of the Act up to the present has been to greatly benefit the working classes by raising wages, by shortening working hours and by giving (when other things, such as skill, etc., are equal) preference to unionist workers." It is, therefore, difficult to understand what objection the trades unionists should have to the working of the measure.

MISSIONARY APPLE TREE.

In the rectory garden of Pyrford, near Woking, England, there stands what is familiarly known as the missionary apple tree. The tree is a large one and of a good age, and has been so named for the reason that for many years past it has been the custom of the rector of the parish to collect the fruit, sell it in the best market, and devote the proceeds to the missionary societies of the Church of England. Quite a large sum of money has been raised in this way.

Jesus (Phil. iii, 3).

6. 7. That in the ages to come He might show the exceeding riches of His grace in His kindness toward us through Christ Jesus.

Quickened with Christ, raised up with Him, seated with Him in the heavens, are some of the truths in these and the preceding verses. Elsewhere it is crucified with Him, dead with Him, buried with Him, risen with Him, suffering with Him, glorified with Him, coming with Him (Gal. ii, 20; Rom. vi, 4-6; viii, 17; Col. iii, 1-4). What He did and suffered for us in our stead as our substitutes we are looked upon as having done and suffered with Him. We cannot feel nor realize this, but we can firmly believe it, and that is what He asks us to do. Only in the ages to come shall we see the full significance of it all, when with all saints we shall comprehend, as we cannot now, the breadth and length and depth and height of the love that passeth knowledge (Eph. iii, 18, 19).

8. 9. For by grace are ye saved through faith, and that not of yourselves; it is the gift of God, not of works, lest any man should boast.

The law was given by Moses, but grace and truth came by Jesus Christ. He was full of grace and truth (John i, 14, 17). Truth tells and shows just what we are, and grace saves us in spite of it all. Not only do the epistles begin and end with something about grace, but some of them are very full of grace. In his own case Paul felt that the grace of God was exceeding abundant (I Tim. i, 14), and in his epistles he has much to say of the glory of His grace and the exceeding riches of His grace (i, 6, 7; ii, 7). I do not know that it is better defined anywhere than in II Cor. viii, 9, and when we can see and know how rich He was and realize in some measure how poor He became for us we shall then know more fully the meaning of grace.

10. For we are His workmanship, created in Christ Jesus unto good works which God hath before ordained (prepared) that we should walk in them.

While no works of ours can either save us or help to save us, or add to our safety, but if saved it must be by the work of Christ alone, yet there is in God's plan an abundance of work for saved people. I have found that if you ask a company of Christians to repeat a verse beginning "This is a faithful saying" they almost invariably repeat I Tim. i, 15, but it is a very rare thing for any one to repeat Tit. iii, 8. Many know John iii, 16, but very few seem to know I John iii, 16. Many are willing to be saved freely by the grace of God, but not so many are willing to work out that salvation day by day (Phil. ii, 12), for it costs more humility and self denial than many are willing to let God give them. If we only knew Him better, His love would constrain us to be gladly willing to have Him work in and through us all the good works He has prepared for us. He needs not our works but men do.

PICKING UP A FORTUNE.

A man has built up a big business at Puget Sound, near Vancouver, as the result of a holiday excursion. Instead of loafing aimlessly, he used his eyes, and, noticing a little fish, which he took to be a sardine, had some tinned, with the ultimate result that his establishment has this year sent out 175,000 cases. And the market is not yet glutted; there is still money to be made in this way.



Market Report: "Below Par."

Red Heart and Black Arrow

A Tale of the Rolling Wave

CHAPTER VIII.—Cont.

It was quickly shown that Aline's companion was indeed the cause and object of the dipsomaniac's singular demonstration. Pushing up to her, he commenced a flood of incoherent abuse, from which, before Waldo and I laid hands on him, it was only possible to gather that he meant to imply that she was his divorced wife. Realizing that the wretched creature was not master of his actions, we handed him gently, and, taking an arm each, led him to the garden gates. There I gave him to understand that he would be handed over to the police if he returned to annoy the ladies, further adding that his baggage and his manservant would be sent ashore the moment I got back to the ship, as it was impossible that I could risk a repetition of his outrageous conduct by permitting him to continue the voyage. I was worked up into a fine white heat, and did not stop to consider whether the owners would approve a course which would entail their refunding the price of his ticket.

Orlebar went cursing away toward the town, and Waldo and I walked back to the others. We had collared the drunken man so promptly that we had had no time to note how the victim of his diatribes received them, and it was reassuring to find that, though still very pale, Mrs. Brinkworth was quite composed. Aline, with generous vigor, had taken up the cudgels on her companion's behalf, and was explaining to the other ladies that, far from Orlebar having divorced his wife, she had in truth divorced him for gross cruelty and misconduct.

"Ella has shown me copies of the Times containing the report of the trial," the fair young champion was saying as we resumed our seats. "She has nothing to be ashamed of or to conceal."

"Perhaps it would have been better if I had let it be known that my late husband was on board," said the injured woman, sadly, "but I was aware that he had married again, and I thought that he would have been the first to want to keep our former relations secret."

"And so he would, I guess, if he could have controlled himself," said Waldo. "It is the condition he is in that we have to thank for today's outbreak. I can't think what our usually astute doctor is up to, leaving him on the rampage about the town."

The ladies of the party, as indeed all throughout the ship, were already prejudiced against Orlebar, and Aline's advocacy effectually nipped in the bud any tendency they might have had to look askance at Ella Brinkworth because of the unpromising occurrence. In fact they treated her with the greatest sympathy, and when the poor thing began to explain that the name she was known by was really her maiden name, they begged her not to distress herself by referring further to the matter.

We had arranged to return to the ship for dinner, and the scene in the

I reconcile myself to leaving him stranded here, where he will probably do himself to death in a week? What shall I say to his people on my return—and what of my professional reputation? I do not see how you can expect me to endorse your decision, and I trust sincerely that you will reconsider it. And surely, sir, the credit of the ship as a safe resort for invalids should weigh with you."

From his point of view I quite saw the force of his argument. His appeal, too, was couched so strongly and yet so modestly, that almost before I knew it I was debating whether I could yield to his wishes without loss of dignity. I remembered Nathan's instruction to defer to him in all matters affecting the passengers, and I was the more ready to do so as he had made no attempt to avail himself of an authority which he doubtless knew he possessed. Moreover, if I held out and he cabled home to the owners for confirmation of his wishes, I should look a good deal more foolish than if I gave in now, in the very probable event of their backing him up.

"We appear to be both working to the same end, Doctor—the welfare of the passengers," I said. "Supposing that I cancel the arrangement to oblige you, can you give me any sort of assurance that the man shall not repeat his conduct?"

"You shall have my personal guarantee that nothing of the sort shall happen again," was the reply. "I cannot engage to cure the fellow, either of his disease or of his propensities, but you shall have my entire co-operation in putting any restraint upon him that may be necessary. I don't care so long as I have him on the ship for treatment, and between you and me, sir, I think that death will relieve us of his presence before long."

"So, let it be then," I said; and, leaving him to continue the search I hurried down to the boat, to find the others embarked, and waiting for me in some curiosity as to the cause of my delay. I said nothing, however, during the pull out to the boat, out of consideration for Mrs. Brinkworth, but confided the change of plan to Waldo as soon as we were on board and the ladies had gone to their cabins. To my satisfaction he abstained from chaffing me on my being overruled by the doctor, and he even assented that "second thoughts were often best."

Orlebar was brought on board by Zavertal while dinner was on in the saloon, and, being taken straight to his state-room to bed, he gave rise to no further uneasiness that night.

We weighed anchor the next morning at ten o'clock, and shortly afterwards he appeared on deck, to the surprise of everybody seeming better rather than worse for the escapade lounge placed in its usual position under the lee of the smoking-room; but, instead of perpetually sending to the bar for "pegs" according to his habit, he amused himself quietly with a novel. Aline and Mrs. Brink-

gers, very few of whom knew what was going on forward.

Orlebar's habits had made him so unpopular on board, that the only sentiments which I heard expressed about his decease were of the "serve-him-right" order. All the sympathy evoked was reserved for the unfortunate woman who, by a strange coincidence, had found herself brought face to face with the miserable creature whom she might reasonably have expected to have gone out of her life for ever. Mrs. Brinkworth kept to her state-room for the rest of the day, but Aline, who was constant in her kindness, told me that she did not pretend to feel regret for a man who had ceased to be anything to her but a shameful memory.

A musical entertainment had been arranged for in the saloon that evening, and, true to the policy which our philosophic bo'sun had suggested, the event of the morning was regarded by Zavertal as a reason for holding rather than postponing it. Find that he was backed in his opinion by a great majority of passengers, I offered no objection, though to me, who had never sailed in a pleasure-cruiser before, it seemed a little callous. However, as the affair was to come off, I thought it would be foolish to excite controversy by absenting myself, and I confess that, apart from the absence of Aline, who was sitting with Mrs. Brinkworth in her cabin, I passed a very festive evening.

After the improvised curtain had fallen on the last "turn," I spent an hour or two on the bridge. When at length I went to my room to turn in, the passengers had all retired for the night, and, save for the throbbing of the engines, the ship was as quiet as a church. The electric arc in my cabin had been switched off as usual the last thing by my steward, and such light as there was came from an oil lamp which I kept burning all night in case I was suddenly called. My table stood almost beyond the reach of the lamp's feeble rays, and, therefore, it was not till I had partially undressed that I noticed sealed letter lying on the top of my blotting-pad. The envelope itself was enough to pique curiosity, being addressed to me in large printed capitals, that suggested a desire for disguise. Tearing it open, this is what I read, written in the same obviously unnatural hand:—

"To Captain Forrester,

"Dear sir,—I am not one who believes in anonymous letters except in exceptional circumstances. It is because that the circumstances in which I write are very exceptional that I adopt a mode of communication that I ordinarily despise. I the more readily do so, since in a few days I may have the pleasure of confiding in you personally.

"At present my object is to warn you against the man Enriquez who was found hidden on board on the third day of the voyage. I can give no reasons for my warning as yet, but in all sincerity I say that in my belief you will have serious cause for regret if you disregard it. If a certain theory which has been forced upon me turns out to be correct, this man's presence on board may mean the difference between life and death to some of those entrusted to your charge. The next port of call in the programme of trio is Genoa. I would suggest that en route you should suddenly make some excuse for running into Barcelona, and there put Enriquez ashore without first giving him any hint of your intention. In order to secure the full advantage of my proposal, it is also imperative that you preserve absolute silence with regard to this letter and its subject, trusting in no

AN ENEMY IN DISGUISE

WHEN ALLIED NATIONS FIGHT EACH OTHER.

Great Britain's Alliance With Germany May Lead to a Great War.

It has been said in many quarters that our present alliance with Germany against Venezuela may be the prelude to trouble between power and ourselves, says Pears Weekly.

Whatever may be the outcome of the dispute, there is at least historical proof that Germany can be an enemy in disguise to her allies.

At any rate, Austria found this to be the case, to her cost, in years 1863-4, when Germany, Prussia, as she then was, before Confederation of German States 1870, formed an alliance with against Denmark. The following the circumstances of that transaction:

In 1863, King Ferdinand of Prussia died, and on his death it curved to Prussia that she was very much like to come into possession of the Duchies of Schleswig and Holstein. Under Bismarck's Prussia had, at that time, just gun to feel her footing as a Power, her army being in a particularly fit condition. She also the intention of becoming the leading power in Germany. Before could do this, however, two great powers had to be overcome, Austria and France. Prussia knew this along, but while fully prepared for war with Austria, she preferred the time being, to become her. So Austria and Germany formed alliance with the object of crusading Denmark. Needless to say they succeeded, and the territories of Schleswig and Holstein were to go respectively to

PRUSSIA AND AUSTRIA

But Prussia did not intend to be permanent. At the earliest opportunity she picked a dispute with Austria about the territory question, formed another alliance with Italy, and in a very short time her armies were marching on Vienna. Bismarck's life reveals that he anticipated this ending to his tripartite alliance from the start.

History records many cases of powers being allied together year, and at war the next.

In the year 1799, Britain and France were allied together against France, while Napoleon was in Egypt. After inflicting considerable havoc on the French troops in France, with other allies, Austria and Italy, in peace with France. Britain stood out and remained in a state of war against Napoleon. Britain was at that time very powerful and unquestioned mistress of the seas, partly as a result of the battle of the Nile, in which we capture nine vessels of the French fleet, destroyed two. This supremacy of the seas, gained during our operation with the Continental powers against France, also Russia and her allies. In order to overthrow us, as she hoped, formed what is known as the Triple Alliance against Britain, consisting of herself, Sweden and Denmark, Prussia and France. This combination might have been serious for us had it not been for Nelson, who, contrary to orders, attacked Copenhagen and destroyed the Danish fleet, capturing two ships of the line, which resulted in the surrender of the Danish fleet.

SURRENDER OF DENMARK

the town."

The ladies of the party, as indeed all throughout the ship, were already prejudiced against Orlebar, and Aline's advocacy effectually nipted in the bud any tendency they might have had to look askance at Ella Brinkworth because of the unpleasant occurrence. In fact they treated her with the greatest sympathy, and when the poor thing began to explain that the name she was known by was really her maiden name, they begged her not to distress herself by referring further to the matter.

We had arranged to return to the ship for dinner, and the scene in the public gardens having rather dampened our ardour, I do not think that any one was sorry when it was time to go down to the boats. In taking a short cut to the landing place I piloted the party through one of the narrow streets in the lower town where every other house was a sailors' drinking-den, either under the pretentious title of wine-shop or as an avowed cabaret, and we had nearly reached the end of the not very reputable thoroughfare, when a man hurrying out of an open doorway almost ran against me. His apologies were cut short at the very commencement by mutual recognition. It was Doctor Zavertal, and I had a pretty good inkling of what he was up to.

"Pray don't think that I am on the spree, ladies," he laughed in response to the looks of astonishment cast at him. "I must hope to be able to clear myself later, but—just a word with you, Captain," and he drew me aside, while the others, in obedience to my gesture, went slowly towards the landing-place.

"You are looking for Orlebar?" I said.

"Yes," he replied. "I fully expected to find him at Saccone's, but he must have got among the less respectable boozing-dens. I am sure to unearth him somewhere hereaway, though."

"I shouldn't waste time on him," I replied; and then I briefly recounted what had happened, concluding with my determination to send Orlebar's luggage ashore, together with his valet, and to leave the lot behind. Zavertal listened with every appearance of genuine annoyance to the story of the wretched man's behaviour, but the moment I mentioned the course I was going to take I felt that he disapproved of it, though his face expressed nothing more than respectful concern.

"You have quite made up your mind that this will be best, Captain Forrester?" he said, and I fancied that his eyes hardened as he spoke.

"Certainly," I replied. "We can't have a drunken blackguard on board insulting people with reckless lies. What other 'best,' as you call it, can there be?"

He looked at me thoughtfully before answering—not as if in any doubt as to his purpose, but rather with a cold, measuring glance that strove to fathom the lengths to which he could safely go with me. So at least it seemed to me, and the prying scrutiny galled me into impatience.

"Come," I said, looking significantly up the street to the corner round which Aline and the rest had now disappeared, "have you any objection, Doctor Zavertal?"

He came a step nearer and spoke so straight that once again a budding suspicion, ridiculous in its vagueness and born of what then looked like mere trifles, faded into the background.

"As you ask me the direct question, sir," he said, "it is my duty to say that I have the very gravest objection to leaving Mr. Orlebar behind. He has been entrusted to me by his relatives, as a patient in serious danger of his life. How can

second thoughts were often best. Orlebar was brought on board by Zavertal while dinner was on in the saloon, and, being taken straight to his state-room to bed, he gave rise to no further uneasiness that night.

We weighed anchor the next morning at ten o'clock, and shortly afterwards he appeared on deck, to the surprise of everybody seeming better rather than worse for the escapade lounge placed in its usual position lounge placed in its usual position under the lee of the smoking-room; but, instead of perpetually sending to the bar for "pegs" according to his habit, he amused himself quietly with a novel. Aline and Mrs. Brinkworth naturally gave him a wide berth, but he gave no signs of noticing his former wife's presence on deck.

There was a good deal of ship-ping about in the Straits, and, in consequence, for several hours after leaving the Rock I remained upon the bridge, whence I had a clear view of all that went on below. Eight bells had just announced noon, when I saw Aline and Mrs. Brinkworth gather up their books and work and go down the saloon stairs. A few moments later Doctor Zavertal, who had been paying great attention to Orlebar all the morning, came out of the surgery, and, going aft, felt his patient's pulse, carefully timing the result with his chronometer. He came away immediately, his face very grave, and then he too disappeared down the saloon stairs, after stopping on the way to answer some remark which General Waldo, whom he met, made in passing. After parting from the doctor, Waldo went on and chatted for a moment or two with Orlebar somewhat to my surprise, considering the man's conduct of the day previous—and then joined a group of passengers further aft.

At the end of five minutes Enriquez, the stowaway, now serving as an assistant steward, came on deck with a tray on which was a glass of dark liquid that looked like port wine. He took it to Orlebar, who drank it at a gulp and replaced the glass on the tray. Enriquez then started to return below, but as he was nearing the companion-way he tripped and fell, dropping the tray on the deck with such violence that the empty glass was smashed into half a dozen pieces. Regaining his feet in an instant, he collected the bits of broken glass and tossed them overboard, after which he proceeded on his way and disappeared down the stairs.

During the next few minutes I was occupied with the navigation of the vessel, and paid no attention to what was happening on deck. When I again turned my eyes that way I saw that there was a commotion in the neighborhood of Orlebar's lounge. Zavertal was pushing his way through a number of male passengers who had gathered round it, while the ladies were all looking that way with frightened faces.

A minute later a messenger came to me from the doctor to say that Mr. Orlebar was dead.

CHAPTER IX.

The stir caused by Desmond Orlebar's death soon quieted down, hardly lasting, in fact, longer than the end of luncheon, which was luckily announced shortly after the occurrence. Zavertal saw to all the necessary arrangements for the funeral, which, he advised, for excellent reasons, should take place the same afternoon; and as he professed himself able to certify the death as due to natural causes, it was not for me to put obstacles in the way.

I myself conducted the short ceremony with which the body was committed to the sea from the fo'c'sle—well away from the passen-

gers you will have second cause for regret if you disregard it. If a certain theory which has been forced upon me turns out to be correct, this man's presence on board may mean the difference between life and death to some of those entrusted to your charge. The next port of call in the programme of trio is Genoa. I would suggest that en route you should suddenly make some excuse for running into Barcelona, and there put Enriquez ashore without first giving him any hint of your intention. In order to secure the full advantage of my proposal, it is also imperative that you preserve absolute silence with regard to this letter and its subject, trusting in no one, however worthy to be consulted on such a matter any one may appear. One of my reasons for not speaking to you in person about it is the necessity—the vital necessity—of my interference being kept secret from certain persons on the ship, and that end would be defeated if we were seen putting our heads together. There are sharp eyes and ears on the Queen of Night.

"In conclusion, you will see that if I am wrong in my theory—hunting a mare's nest, in fact—no harm will have been done by landing a stowaway in the country to which he professed to be anxious to go. If his account of himself is true he will be the first to thank you. On the other hand, if my conjectures are correct, you will have at least thrown obstacles in the way of cruel and designing men."

(To Be Continued.)

ANOTHER TEST.

"Do you love me, Harold?"

"Darling!"

The strong arms of the man pressed the confiding form to his bosom, and, with a look of love in his eyes that told far more than words could express, he said:

"Were the wealth of the whole world mine to give, it would still be too small to show the unutterable love that is in my heart for you. But why this question, Alice? Have you still a doubt of my sincerity? Or is there anything else that I can do to make happier the one for whom I would cheerfully give my life to prove my love?"

The happy face turned once more to him, and the bright eyes in which the tender love-light was beaming looked fondly into his as she said, in a voice full of tenderness and pathos:

"I do not ask you to give me your life, Harold, or the world and all its wealth. What I am going to ask will be a small thing for you to do, but a priceless boon to me. It is this. For almost ten minutes your foot has been right on my tender toe. Would it be too severe a test of the love and devotion you assert to ask you to take it off?"

FIGHTING FOR LUNCH.

A lady in Buda-Pesth recently gave a charitable lunch party to the poor of her district. She placed no limit on the number of invitations, and the result was that 3,000 people arrived, all eager for the treat. Eventually the police had to draw their sabres to keep order among the revellers. There were no two opinions about the success of the function. The guests to a man declared that they had never assisted at so intense and exciting a lunch before in their lives. They were quite cut up when the time came to go.

"Say, Doubleup," said Engleman, looking up from his paper, "here's a meteorologist who says the severest storms always begin about midnight." "He's right. That is about the time I frequently reach home and find my wife awake."

the seas, gained during our operation with the Continental powers against France, also Russia and her allies. In order to overthrow us, as she hoped, she formed what is known as the Neutralist alliance against Britain, consisting of herself, Sweden and Denmark, Prussia and France. This combination might have been serious for us had it not been Nelson, who, contrary to orders, attacked Copenhagen and destroyed the Danish fleet, capturing three ships of the line, which suited in the surrender.

SURRENDER OF DENMARK

and the break-up of the alliance.

In a few years the positions of the powers were entirely reversed. That, at this time, had been against Britain were, in 1805, combined together against France.

In 1859, Britain and France allies in a practical sense, and at the same time both countries were vigorously preparing for against each other.

Ever since the close of the Crimean War, the two countries had more or less measuring their strength against each other. Yet in 1856 were fighting side by side against the Chinese. While this war was in progress, the press of both countries were shouting untruthful things against each other—very much the press war that has been for the last three years between Britain and Germany—and in 1859, while we were still the of France, we formed the Voluntary movement, which was originally designed with a view to fitting with a French invasion—not Napoleon III, at that time views of conquest on the European Continent, certainly there have been an Anglo-French alliance arising more or less out of Anglo-French alliance.

It may be remembered that in an alliance between ourselves the Boers against the Kaffirs other native tribes that ultimately led to the war of 1880, and a trouble that has since ensued. Boers were well nigh crushed by tribes in 1877, when Britain sent in to their rescue. But each other, Briton and Boer able to crush the natives. But, few years, they were busy trying to crush each other, with results known to all.

NEW CONSUMPTION CURE.

A Berlin paper points to the cent success of the so-called "H" treatment of consumption, the discovery of Professor Landauer, the surgeon on the staff of Stuttgart Hospital. The professor has named his remedy after his wife's name, Heta. The treatment consists in the injection of a mixture of soda into the veins of sufferers. It has been found effective even in advanced cases of tuberculosis. Professor Landauer's treatment known some years but the medical world took but little notice of it. However, he self quietly worked on, making pecuniary sacrifices the while establishing his method.

Greene—"After all, Slims good at heart. He prevailed the boys to give up smoking a week and to give the money would have spent for cigars an tobacco to old Derby, to get him a suit of clothes." Gray—when Derby has any clothes he always buys them at Slimset's."

Egypt has 1,211 medical men to look after the health of over million people. 604 are European doctors.

ENEMY IN DISGUISE IN SCOTT'S HOUSEHOLD.

N ALLIED NATIONS FIGHT EACH OTHER.

Britain's Alliance With Germany May Lead to a Great War.

It has been said in many quarters our present alliance with Germany against Venezuela may be only a relude to trouble between that and ourselves, says Pearson's *y*.

Never may be the outcome of dispute, there is at least one clear proof that Germany may be an enemy in disguise to her al-

any rate, Austria found this to be the case, to her cost, in the 1863-4, when Germany, oria, as she then was, before the deration of German States in formed an alliance with her st Denmark. The following are circumstances of that transac-

1863, King Ferdinand of Den- died, and on his death it ocd to Prussia that she would much like to come into pos- on of the Duchies of Schleswig Holstein. Under Bismarck's rule she had, at that time, just be- to feel her footing as a great r, her army being in a par- ticularly fit condition. She also had intention of becoming the lead- over in Germany. Before she

do this, however, two great rs had to be overcome, Austria France. Prussia knew this all but while fully prepared for a with Austria, she preferred, for one being, to become her ally. Austria and Germany formed an ice with the object of crushing ark. Needless to say they suc- d, and the territories of Schles- and Holstein were to go re- vely to

PRUSSIA AND AUSTRIA

Prussia did not intend that permanent. At the earliest tunity she picked a dispute Austria about the territory in ion, formed another alliance Italy, and in a very short time rmies were marching on Vienna. arck's life reveals that he had ipated this ending to his Aus- alliance from the start.

Story records many cases of rs being allied together one and at war the next.

the year 1799, Britain and Rus- were allied together against ce, while Napoleon was in t. After inflicting considerable

on the French troops in Italy,

elsewhere, Russia, with the allies, Austria and Italy, made

with France. Britain alone l out and remained in a state ar against Napoleon. Britain at that time very powerful, be-

questioned mistress of the

partly as a result of the bat-

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URRENDER OF DENMARK,

REMINISCENCES BY DAUGH- TER OF HIS SECRETARY.

Many Young Poets Used to Go to Abbotsford to Get Advice.

Three daughters of William Bogie, who was for fifteen years gardener at Abbotsford, and private secretary to Sir Walter Scott, live in a neat little cottage at the edge of Woodbine, Iowa. Two of the daughters, Miss Mary Bogie and Mrs. Elizabeth White, a widow, were born at Abbotsford, and were personally acquainted with the famous Scott and his entire family. The third, Mrs. A. C. Gilchrist, wife of a prosperous cattleman, was the only one of a family of eight children who was not born at the Abbotsford estate.

Because of their acquaintance with the novelist and every nook and cranny of the old estate and its grounds, Miss Bogie and Mrs. White tell interesting incidents in the life of the favorite son of Scotland.

"Why, yes, of course, I remember Abbotsford and Sir Walter Scott. I was thirteen years old when we moved away from the historical old residence," said Miss Bogie, a sprightly, vivacious, little woman of seventy-seven. "Even if I had been tempted to forget those old-time scenes and incidents, my mother never would have permitted it. She was the housekeeper at Abbotsford for three years. She died in 1888, at the age of ninety-six. My father died in 1868.

"My father, William Bogie, was with Sir Walter Scott fifteen years. At first he was ~~garden~~, and old Tom Purdy, the gamekeeper, had charge of Sir Walter's affairs — a sort of private secretary. Tom didn't have a great deal of an education. He had been a shepherd. But he was a comical little fellow, and he behaved ~~alright~~ as he pleased. He used to talk ~~libertines~~ with Sir Walter that the master would never have taken from any one else, and it was just because he was so much like a clown at a circus. But one day Tom got his records mixed, and he had fifty pounds that he couldn't account for. He didn't know whether the money belonged to Sir Walter Scott or himself. Sir Walter allowed him to keep it, but he afterwards took the business out of his hands and gave it over to my father. My mother lived on the estate ten years before Sir Walter's death, and she was housekeeper at Abbotsford three years after he died.

"My father and mother lived at Abbotsford a year before the castle was built. That long wing that extends to the rear there," said she, pointing to a picture of Sir Walter's home, "was built after his death, so that the family might have a place of secrecy when visitors were about. I'm not sure who occupies the house now, but a young woman, the last member of the Scott family, lived there a few years ago. Her name, I believe, is Maxwell, and she is the granddaughter of John Lockhart, who married Sophie Scott. Her full name is Mary Monica Hope Maxwell Scott.

SOUVENIR SEEKERS.

"And that wing was certainly needed for protection from curiosity seekers. Why, they used to swarm there, and mother would show them about the house. Relic hunters used to bother my mother dreadfully, because she always had to watch everything that was loose.

"You see, Sir Walter's house was full of knick-knacks that he had picked up on his travels. He never lost an opportunity to add to his

"Sir Walter's wife was a dainty Frenchwoman. One day her favorite little dog chased a mouse into a hole in the wall and she almost had a fit. 'Oh, William, William,' she called to my father, 'ze dog will die, ze dog will die,' she yelled until my father came and pulled the poor little thing out, and Miss Bogie laughed merrily at the remembrance of the incident.

"I must tell you about one time that Tom Moore came to Abbotsford. He came frequently, but one time I remember it was storming when they came in. Sir Walter had his head back and his bonnet off, enjoying the rain, while Moore was slouching along at his side like a little dog.

"Lord Byron used to come, too, but I never saw him. He gave Sir Walter an urn full of dead men's bones and Sir Walter gave him a gold-handled dagger in return. James Hogg, the 'Ettrick Shepherd,' used to come, too, but Lady Scott never liked him because he would put his great muddy feet on the chairs and furniture when they weren't fit to be on the carpet, let alone the furniture.

"Yes, I knew all of Sir Walter's family. Young Sir Walter was not good for much, I fear, except to spend money. He was a selfish, fine-appearing young fellow. Sir Walter himself built a house and gave it to Lockhart, who married Sophie Scott. But he never gave Lockhart any deed for the house, and after his death, young Sir Walter seized it."

DIE TO GET SEALSKINS.

RISK DEATH TO SECURE FURS TO DECK WOMEN'S BACKS.

Hunting the seal from the icy, storm swept coast of Newfoundland is not sport; it is toil, whereby in part the Newfoundlanders wins his scanty measure of bread. The hunt is a slaughter, dull and hideous—a leap into the whining and scurrying pack, and the swinging anh thrust of an iron shod gaff, a merciless raining of blows, with a silent waste of ice all splashed with red at the end of it. There is no sport in this, nor is there any fear of hurt, for the seal pleads and whines like a child, even while the gaff is falling; but the chase is beset with multitudinous and unforeseen perils.

The wind gathers the ice into floes and jams it against the coast, an immeasurable, jagged expanse of it interspersed with plains; then the Newfoundlanders takes his gaff and his food and his goggles and sets out from his little harbor, starting at midnight that he may come up with the pack at dawn. But the wind which sweeps the ice in inevitably sweeps it out again without warning in an hour, or a day, or a week; nor does it pause to consider the situation of the men who are twenty miles off shore. It veers and freshens and drives the whole mass, grinding and heaving, far out to sea, where it disperses into its separate fragments.

The lives of the hunters depend upon the watchfulness of the attenuated line of lookouts, from the women on the headland to the first sentinel within signaling distance.

STATION AGENT'S DUTIES.

The station agent at Corrour Station, on the West Highland section of the North British Railway, acts as station master, signalman, porter, goods clerk, booking clerk, parcel clerk, telegraph clerk, postmaster, and postal telegraph clerk. He is perched on the top of a hill in Inverness-shire, 1,350 feet above sea level, two miles from the nearest neighbor, ten miles from a school,

ONCE-A-YEAR CRIMINALS

PERSONS WHO COMMIT CRIME ON ANNIVERSARIES.

Number of Odd Characters Who Are Known to the Police of Big Towns.

People who can't or won't pay taxes are apt to fall annually into the grasp of the law. A very sad case of the kind was reported from Stockholm in November last. On the seventh of the month the dead body of an old lady was discovered on the river bank at Stockholm. She had succumbed to cold and hunger. Around her were howling pitifully her fourteen dogs. It appears that the lady's name was Mlle. Hermanson. She was one of two sisters who were once wealthy, but who, owing to having been involved in a law suit, had lost all their money, and were reduced to extreme poverty. They had always loved dogs, of which they never had less than a dozen. Rather than give them up, one or the other of the sisters went to prison each year in default of paying the dog-tax. This hardship had ended by killing one of the old ladies, the other, having reached the end of her resources, had lived in the open for eight days with her pets before death relieved her from her miseries.

Jules Roux, a sixteen year old boy, whose home is in a village in the Pyrenees, was arrested in Paris one day in April last, as being without visible means of subsistence. The boy could give no clear account of himself, but was able to write down the address of his parents, who were communicated with. Investigation proved that, five years before, the unlucky Jules was bitten severely by a dog. Every year since, at about the anniversary of the time he received the injury, he is affected with a periodical madness during which he is not responsible for his actions. He usually wanders off and gets into trouble of some kind or another, and ends up in gaol or workhouse. The worst of it is that he is so cunning under the influence of this "brain trouble" that it is practically impossible to keep him at home.

THE BRITISH EMBASSY

at Vienna has recently been suffering from one of these periodical criminals, who, like Roux, is probably a lunatic. The man, whose name is Paul Nemeth, and who is a Hungarian by birth, became possessed years ago of a delusion that the British were seeking to kill him, and that his only hope of escape lay in possessing himself of valuables belonging to Britain as a pledge against further attacks. Accordingly, in September, 1891, he broke into the Embassy, and committed a burglary. He was caught, and shut up in a lunatic asylum. A little less than two years later, he was discharged as cured. In September, 1893, he again burglarized the Embassy. This time he got a year in prison. Yet as soon as he got out he committed a similar crime again, and consequently he was once more sent to the asylum. It seems, however, to have escaped, for two years ago, the September burglaries recommenced, and the man was not caught. But last year a careful watch was kept, and Nemeth will probably not have another chance of committing his favorite crime.

There is a case on record of a man, apparently sane, committing or attempting to commit a crime on a certain anniversary each year. This was the Sicilian brigand, Bartati. It appears that an Italian landowner, named Mario, was held

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"You see, Sir Walter's house was full of knick-knacks that he had picked up on his travels. He never lost an opportunity to add to his collection. One room in particular was magnificently furnished. I remember it had a marble floor and was decorated with blue wicker work adornments. Within the beautiful grates hung a dirty old kettle. He dug it up in a marsh, and once it had contained money. In the pot were some old cannon balls from the battlefield of Waterloo and some pieces of wood from the ships of the Spanish Armada. They were petrified.

"American visitors were the worst souvenir collectors. One day an American and his wife and their little boy came to visit Abbotsford. The boy disappeared, and they finally located him in Sir Walter's bedroom trying to pull a feather out of the tick. A mere child like that! Wasn't it ridiculous?

"One day some relic hunters wanted a souvenir, and my mother told them they could have a splinter from the petrified pieces of the Spanish Armada. They actually tried to cut off a piece, and they were much disgusted when they found it was stone.

HIS FRIENDS.

"Sir Walter Scott always picked out his friends to suit himself. One of them was George Thompson, the one-legged clergyman. He had a cork leg, but he was a fine horseback rider for all that. He talked to everybody that he met. He preached at the Abbotsford Chapel and he preached strange doctrines. The rich people liked him as much as the poor disliked him, and when there were no rich people at Abbotsford there was always slim attendance at his meetings. When Sir Walter was paralyzed and unable to wield his pen, George used to do his writing, while Sir Walter dictated to him. One day he was in a hurry and my mother heard him say, 'Yes, what next?' 'Be patient,' she heard Sir Walter reply, 'I have it all to make.' Poor George, he went to bed one night and never woke up.

"I remember the young poets that used to come to Abbotsford. They came to get advice, and they got it. Sir Walter used to tell them to give up their dreaming and go to work. He liked to talk to people, and he always stopped everybody that he met. That's the way he got most of his material for the Waverley Novels. I remember an incident that my mother used to tell. Sir Walter purchased an axe and stopped to get a man to paint his name on it. A cousin by the name of Scott was in the company. Sir Walter handed out his card. 'If you'll give me this card, I'll paint a dozen axes,' said the man. 'Will not my friend's card do as well? His name is Scott,' asked Sir Walter. 'Oh, no, that's no good,' replied the man, and that little incident pleased Sir Walter mightily.

"We used to wonder when Sir Walter got time to write his books. At noon he would go off with his dogs and never show up until night. We found one day that he got up

EARLY IN THE MORNING

and wrote, before any one was stirring. It took us a long time to learn that, though.

The lives of the hunters depend upon the watchfulness of the attenuated line of lookouts, from the women on the headland to the first sentinel within signaling distance.

STATION AGENT'S DUTIES.

The station agent at Corrour Station, on the West Highland section of the North British Railway, acts as station master, signalman, porter, goods clerk, booking clerk, parcel clerk, telegraph clerk, postmaster, and postal telegraph clerk. He is perched on the top of a hill in Inverness-shire, 1,350 feet above sea level, two miles from the nearest neighbor, ten miles from a school, twenty-eight miles from a doctor, barber, butcher, shoemaker, or tailor yet the number of letters that pass through his hands is wonderful. For two months over 6,000 letters and parcels came by post, 800 parcels by train, and in addition 600 postal telegrams were received. If he wishes to send a letter by post to his nearest brother-in-trade seven miles distant it has to cover 185 miles before it reaches him.

LESS BUTTER.

In France an enormous proportion of deaths in children is due to gastritis and similar complaints, so many as sixty-nine out of one hundred deaths being attributable to these maladies in certain towns. A map of the country, with black spots to indicate the percentage in the various districts, shows that the highest percentages occur in the north, whereas the south suffers to an extent which is considerably less. These deaths, according to an expert authority, are traceable to the quality of the milk supply, and it is as well known fact that butter-making is carried on far more largely in the north than in the south of France. The abstraction of the goodness of the milk to make butter causes this terrible infant mortality, and the remedy for the depopulation of France is not so much to induce foreigners to settle there, but to produce less butter.

SCIENCE AND HEALTH.

Running lessens the blood supply in the legs.

One-third of the physicians of Berlin earn less than \$65 a month.

The habit of talking to oneself results from intense preoccupation. It is the initial symptom of dementia.

With some persons one vaccination may be protective against smallpox for a lifetime; two vaccinations—one in infancy, another when about 15 years of age—protect most people for life; in comparatively few will vaccination "take" a third time.

The commission of experts in mental diseases, appointed by the German ministry of education a year ago to investigate the healing value of hypnotism, reports that it can be used in some instances to remove symptoms, but that it cannot produce organic changes or cure epilepsy or hysteria.

WHY HE PROPOSED.

The girl was very rich and the young man was poor but honest. She liked him, but that was all, and he knew it. One night he had been a little more tender than usual.

"You are very rich," he remarked. "Yes," she replied, frankly. "I am worth £75,000."

"And I am poor."

"Yes."

"Will you marry me?"

"No."

"I thought you wouldn't."

"Then why did you ask me?"

"Oh, just to see how a man feels when he loses £75,000."

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There is a case on record of a man, apparently sane, committing or attempting to commit a crime on a certain anniversary each year. This was the Sicilian brigand, Barati. It appears that an Italian landowner, named Mario, was "held up" by Barati some ten or twelve years ago. Mario, who is a powerful man, proved too much for his adversary, and gave him a terrific thrashing, incidentally blinding him in one eye. The brigand, when he recovered, conceived the melodramatic idea of revenging himself upon Mario on the anniversary of the encounter. On the first occasion he failed, solely owing to the accident of Mario being away from home, but the next year he succeeded in setting fire to the enemy's house, and burning it to the ground. Shortly afterwards Barati was caught and sent to prison for ten years, but he is said to have sworn to carry out his revenge, if he and Mario both are alive at the end of his term.

ANOTHER ANNUAL TRAGEDY of crime is reported from Milan. There lived there, ten years ago, a family of nine persons, relations of the famous Italian composer, Rossini. In 1892, the father committed suicide. Next year one of his sons took his own life. In 1893 a daughter perished by her own hand. So, year by year, the family diminished until, in 1901, the mother, the last left alive, threw herself from a fourth-storey window, and was picked up dead.

A certain American colonel, named M'Clear, who was shockingly wounded at the Battle of Bull Run in 1862, and who still lives in New York, must also be included among the once-a-year criminals. Every August there comes upon the unfortunate man a most appalling attack of neuralgia, the pain of which drives him mad for the time being, and results in fits of violence during which he has several times injured servants or attendants. At other times, Colonel M'Clear is as peaceful and even-tempered a man as could be met.

The gentleman, who, on a certain date each autumn, visits the Thames police court, and usually offers some small present to Mr. Dickinson, is a living proof that a man can reform at any age. For a long period this man was up before the magistrate not once, but many times a year, always on the same charge of drunkenness. Suddenly, four years ago, he pulled up and reformed. His annual visit to the scene of his old humiliations is to assure the magistrate that he has been able during the past twelve months to keep his pledge of temperance.—Pearson's Weekly.

The first chapter in a novel recently published contained the following: "And so the fair girl continued to sit on the sands, gazing upon the briny deep, on whose heaving bosom the tall ships went merrily by, freighted — ah! who can tell with how much joy and sorrow, and coal, and emigrants, and hopes, and salt fish?"

The British Empire outside the United Kingdom only contains some 84 millions of people of British descent — that is to say, only one in every forty of its total population.

Health

"For 25 years I have never missed taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla every spring. It 'cleanses my blood, makes me feel strong, and does me good in every way."—John P. Hodnette, Brooklyn, N.Y.

Pure and rich blood carries new life to every part of the body. You are invigorated, refreshed. You feel anxious to be active. You become strong, steady, courageous. That's what Ayer's Sarsaparilla will do for you.

\$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Ask your doctor what he thinks of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. He knows all about this grand old family medicine. Follow his advice and we will be satisfied.

J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

THE GAMEY CHARGES.

Opinions of The Press.

The London Free Press refers to Mr. Gamey as one who was "betrayed from the path of political honor." An abandoned man, eh? That's hard on him.

Mr. G may expects the government to do something. Other people expect it to let also. Gamey may get all he wants of the scandal before he is out of it.—Whig.

The London News has it that Mr. Gamey may have been "bribed to frame up the charges against Mr. Stratton." The idea is not new, Mr. Gamey having put himself in the market is equal to any emergency.

The man who poses for effect in the legislature, the man who advertised himself as a deserter from the conservative side, says he felt the strain of the scandal severely. No doubt. All crooks sweat blood occasionally.—Whig.

"If," says the Hamilton Times, "Stratton could afford to pay Gamey \$2,000 to support the Ross government, Whitney could afford to pay \$20,000 to knock the Ross government out." Listen, and you may hear something drop.

A tipsy man staggered into the room of Mr. Gamey, M.P.P., in the Walker house, and staggered out of it, and Mr. Gamey is scared. He has reached the conclusion that some design upon his health or life was intended and that he was saved only by another man. He is Gamey only in name!—Whig.

The opposition in the legislature demands the investigation in the Gamey charges by a committee of the house, because its enquiries would not be restricted. What is wanted by the people is a court which will have no nonsense, no political fireworks, but a searching of the facts in the most direct and thorough way.—Whig.

ary 80, when he gave The Globe an interview, knowing it to be a lie, and that it would be published in good faith to the deceiving of our readers. But we decline to discuss the ethics of Mr. Gamey's conduct. His moral character may be clear as the sun. But whether he be a conspirator or the Provincial Secretary a criminal remains to be seen under the steady and impartial light of judicial investigation.—Globe.

Mr. Whitney's celebrated "loading the dice" phrase is now troubling him somewhat, and he wishes it to be understood that there was a "misrepresentation of his remarks about the judiciary" in the reports and headlines of The Mail and Empire, The World, The News, The Telegram, The Hamilton Spectator, The London Free Press, and several other Opposition newspapers, that, the same as The Globe, made him mean what he said, when he declared that in choosing a tribunal of Supreme Court Judges the Government were "loading the dice."

A Miraculous Vault.

The most interesting place of pilgrimage in Dublin is St. Michan's church, where the organ is still to be seen upon which Handel is said to have composed his "Messiah." In the graveyard is the last resting place of Robert Emmet, and the vault at St. Michan's provides a more gruesome thrill than the morgue. The sexton lifts an iron door and descends a few rude steps, carrying a light, without which the place would be pitch dark. You follow and find yourself in a narrow passage, from which cell-like recesses belonging to different families branch off. Whether it is owing to the extreme dryness of the surroundings or to some mysterious property of the place the process of decay has been arrested, and the features of persons dead for two centuries may be recognized from authentic portraits. Here lie the brothers Sheares, who were executed for their share in the United Irish conspiracy, side by side almost with the Earl of Leitrim, who was murdered about thirty years ago. The earl's ancestors for hundreds of years back rest in the same vault. Perhaps the strangest thing about the vault is the fact that, apart from the weird sensation, there is nothing offensive in the surroundings.—London Tatler.

Do You Get a Fair Start Each Day?

A man's ability and his capacity for work depend practically on the kind of start he gets each day at his breakfast. In professional, office, warehouse or factory work, breakfast with its attendant satisfaction, or its discomfort, makes the character of the day and determines the quality of the work accomplished. A breakfast based on Malt Breakfast is eaten with a zest and relish that guarantees a store of energy for the day's work. Physicians say Malt Breakfast Food is the ideal cereal to commence the day with. It pleases the most critical; the flavor is most delicious, and the food value is extraordinary. One package of Malt Breakfast Food will make a meal for twenty-five people. Grocers everywhere.

Good News.

A certain ex-congressman tells a story about a widow in his district who desired a position in the agricultural department.

"There was no vacancy at that time" said he "and I was consequent-

Savings Accounts

We allow Interest on

Deposits

at the rate of

3 10 / 0
2 2 / 0

on daily
balances

4 0 / 0

Paid on

Debentures

Repayable at any

time on 60 days' notice

TOWN COUNCIL.

Council Chamber,
March 16th 1903.

Council met in regular session Monday evening, Mayor Vrooman in the chair.

Councillors present—Madole, Waller and Lowry.

The minutes of the last regular session were read and confirmed.

Mr. J. L. Boyes, chairman of the School Board, communicated with the Council concerning truant children from school. In their opinion there were a number of children running around the streets who should be attending the school, and they desired that the council call the attention of the truant officer to this fact.

Moved by Waller and Madole that the matter be referred to the Police Committee, they to notify the chief to take active steps, and enforce the law in this respect. Carried.

At the last regular meeting of the Council, when the electric light question was being discussed, W. S. Herrington, town solicitor, voluntary suggested that, if allowed, he would interview the managers of the electric light company, learn their grievances, and ascertain whether an amicable settlement could be arrived at between that company and the town as to the light question. The following letter, among others, was laid before the council, having been received by Mr.

cept on moonlight nights, that when the moon is bright.

3—Payment for these twenty-four lights to be made on the first business day of each and every month.

4—No penalty to be attached case of lamps not going in case of unforeseen accident, but a proportion amount to be taken off in the month payment following.

5—All former or other arrangements, bargains, or contracts, to be cancelled, repealed, and made null and void.

Laid on the table until later in evening.

Mr. R. J. Wales petitioned the council concerning a granolithic wall around his new store on the corner of Dundas and Adelphi streets, said to be built under the usual conditions. On motion of Lowry and Waller the matter was referred to the St. Committee with power to act.

The Fire Water & Light Committee to whom was referred several questions reported as follows:

Re firemen's petition—would recommend the purchase of 12 pairs rubber boots and 6 rubber hats. Concerning hose asked for would think council should get prices on 500 feet of hose and also get samples produced before the fire company council.

Re Electric Light account—company demands payment in full and your committee would recommend no change in the stand taken by council regarding this account.

upon his health and his life ended and that he was saved only by another man. He is Gamey only in name!—Whig.

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The opposition in the legislature demands the investigation in the Gamey hedges by a committee of the house, because its enquiries would not be restricted. What is wanted by the people is a court which will have no nonsense, no political fireworks, but a searching of the facts in the most direct and thorough way.—Whig.

—o—

One of Mr. Whitney's friends explains that the "loading the dice" pithet was intended for use had the Premier proposed a committee of the house, and that in the excitement of debate the unfortunate phrase leaped into sudden speech and was applied, without thought of insult, to the Supreme Court Judges.—Globe.

—o—

We condemn neither accuser nor accused. Our one experience with the member for Manitoulin was on Janu-

with a zest and relish that guarantees a store of energy for the day's work. Physicians say Malt Breakfast Food is the ideal cereal to commence the day with. It pleases the most critical; the flavor is most delicious, and the food value is extraordinary. One package of Malt Breakfast Food will make a meal for twenty-five people. Grocers everywhere.

Good News.

A certain ex-congressman tells a story about a widow in his district who desired a position in the agricultural department.

"There was no vacancy at that time," said he, "and I was consequently compelled to advise my constituent that I could do nothing for her until later. But she persisted in her efforts to obtain a position and for two weeks thereafter met me at every turn. One morning I had just finished breakfast when I was told by the servant that she was awaiting me in the reception hall. So I assumed as pleasant a demeanor as possible, and, entering the room, said in a sympathetic voice:

"Well, my good woman, what news?"

"Good news," she said; "good news, Mr. Allen."

"Well," I said, "I'm glad to hear that. And what is the good news?"

"Oh," she said, "good news, Mr. Allen, good news. A woman in the agricultural department died yesterday."

Jade.

The most precious of all stones, according to a gem expert, is the Jade, on account of its rarity, its extraordinary qualities and the mystery of its cutting. It was regarded as a sacred stone, and nobody had a right to possess it except a prince of imperial blood. Argerius Clutius, a famous physician in Amsterdam at the time of the renaissance, published a work on the jade, or nephritic stone, as it was then called, on account of its action on the renal system. At the same period Italian authors spoke of the jade as oslada and discussed its wonderful powers for healing sciatica.

The legends surrounding this stone abound in history. Good specimens of jade are extremely rare, and the world is at a loss to know how the Chinese managed to cut it, because it is so extremely hard that nothing can make an impression upon it.

Sadiron and Tailor's Goose.

A "sadiron" is the style in which the common flatiron is spoken of in print, says the Syracuse Herald. "Sad" is an old English synonym for heavy, and Spenser wrote, "More sad than lump of lead." A "sadiron" was a heavy iron and long ago was applied to the flatiron now in common domestic use. The tailor's "goose" was so called because the handle bears a fanciful resemblance to the neck of a goose. This name because it had a reason for being still survives.

Literary Diseases.

Many occupations have diseases which are more or less incidental to them, and literature is not exempt. The two most prevalent literary maladies are writer's cramp and swelled head. The unfortunate thing about writer's cramp is that it is never cured. The unfortunate thing about swelled head is that it never kills.

The Trouble With Poultry.

An old woman who went into the poultry business under the expectation that she could make a fortune by selling eggs has quit it in disgust because, as she says, "the hens never 'll lay when eggs are dear, but always begin as soon as they are cheap."

We will be glad to send you a few doses free.

We are sure that this picture in the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy.

SCOTT & BOWNE,
Chemists,
Toronto, Ontario.
50c. and \$1, all druggists.

Committee, they to notify the owner to take active steps, and enforce the law in this respect. Carried.

At the last regular meeting of the Council, when the electric light question was being discussed, W. S. Herrington, town solicitor, voluntary suggested that, if allowed, he would interview the managers of the electric light company, learn their grievances, and ascertain whether an amicable settlement could be arrived at between that company and the town as to the light question. The following letter, among others was laid before the council, having been received by Mr. Herrington:

To Mr. Herrington—

The following is a memo of conditions under which this company, the Napanee Water & Electric Light Company are willing to enter into a contract for, say ten years, for supplying electric current for the purpose of lighting the streets of the town of Napanee:

1—This company has an unsettled account against the town which it is very desirable to have settled, and at once.

2—The company will furnish current for twenty-four (24) arc lamps, same as now on streets, for the sum of \$60 per lamp per year, to be run from dusk until daylight, or 4:30 a.m., ex-

The Fire Water & Light Committee to whom was referred several questions reported as follows:

Re firemen's petition—would recommend the purchase of 12 pairs rubber boots and 6 rubber hats. Concerning hose asked for would think the council should get prices on 500 feet fire hose and also get samples produce before the fire company a council.

Re Electric Light account—The company demands payment in full and your committee would recommend no change in the stand taken by the council regarding this account.

Report adopted.

In the report of the Street Committee the following commendable were made: 1st—that the council will the clerk visit the covered bridge for the purpose of estimating the cost repairing the same; 2nd—that a granite crossing be built on Dund street, near the bridge, where Dund and Bridge streets intersect, also granite crossing across Cen street, just east of the aforesaid road bridge; 3rd—that a granite crossing be built from V. Koube corner across to Mrs. McNeil's vacant lot; 4th—that the road connect Mill and Water streets, in south Napanee which runs south along T. Mowers' property be repaired, so that the side walk on the east side of the street be continued to Water street.

The report was adopted.

Councillor Waller presented the contract made between the Street committee and Mr. Burgess, for crushed stone. Read and confirmed by the council.

The question as to whether it was necessary to keep a man at the fire hall was discussed and referred to the Fire, Water & Light committee to investigate and report.

The following accounts were disposed of: W. S. Herrington, expense deputation to Ottawa—Mayor Vrooman, Councillor Madole and the solicitor—\$43.50, paid; R. Wall making two steel ice spuds, \$2.00 paid; Bell Telephone Co., message 60 cents, paid.

The treasurer was granted a voucher for sundry payments amounting \$1007.10.

Council adjourned.



Does it not seem more effective to breathe in a remedy, to cure disease of the breathing organs, than to take the remedy into the stomach?

Vapo-Cresolene.

Established 1879.

Cures While You Sleep

It cures because the air rendered strongly antiseptic is carried over the diseased surface with every breath, giving prolonged and constant treatment. It is invaluable to mothers with small children.

Is a boon to asthmatics.

—FOR—
Whooping Cough, Bronchitis,
Croup, Coughs
Catarrh, Colds, Grippe and Hay Fever

The Vaporizer and Lamp, which should last a lifetime, together with a bottle of Cresolene, \$1.50. Extra supplies of Cresolene 25 cents and 50 cents. Write for descriptive booklet containing highest testimony as to its value.

VAPORIZER & LAMP SOLD BY
DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.
Vapo-Cresolene Co.,
180 Fulton Street, New York
631 Notre Dame Street, Montreal

Miss Jones' Voice Greatly Improved
A startling improvement is noticeable in Miss Jones' singing. Her voice is stronger, sounds clearer and sweeter than before us Catarrhozone, which is a wonderful aid singers, speakers and ministers. Catarrhozone insures absolute freedom from Col Cough and Catarrh, clears the nose and throat and prevents hoarseness and huskiness. Catarrhozone makes the voice brilliant and durable, and is uncommonly well recommended by Prima Donnas, members of Parliament, Lawyers, Doctors and thousands that use daily. Better try Catarrhozone. Price \$1.00, trial size 25c. Druggists, or N. C. Polson Co., Kingston, Ont.

D. J. Maguire, a G. T. R. brakeman was killed in a collision at Oakville.

The second session of the Burdick inquest at Buffalo failed to throw any light on the mystery.

Another conviction has been recorded before Judge McCrimmon for procuring persons at the referendum.

It is announced that on April 1 seven new British warships will be under construction and that twenty-one obsolete warships were withdrawn during the year.



This is the Page standard eleven bar wire fence. Coil spring wire (not crimped) takes up the slack in the fence. The fence is open all the time. The uprights in one piece stand a strain of 500 pounds. Page gates, ornamental fences, poultry netting, are standard the world over.

The Page Wire Fence Co., Limited, Walkerville, Ont. St. John, N.B. Montreal, P.Q. 1

Accounts

Interest on

Deposits

at the rate of

3¹⁰/₂on daily
balancesCANADA
CO.
TORONTO.

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ENTHUSIASM IN DRESS GOODS.

Don't let the nicest things slip away from you—without seeing them at any rate. If you were buying a dress you would like to have one that was new, not one that had been in stock for a year or more. In our stock there isn't one old piece or style, so you can feel sure in buying here that you are getting something that is thoroughly up-to-date.

We have been very careful in our selection, so as to secure the most desirable weaves and colorings, our aim especially being to please you and secure your confidence of our supremacy in this Department. Easter is almost here, now is the time to order a dress if you want it by then.

SPECIAL SALE

some of which were 10c and 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ c a yard. Sale limit
20 yards to a customer. Saturday's Sale Price.....

6c.

\$1.25 a yard.—Lovely Eolinne Crepes, for dressy gowns, street and evening wear, in all the delicate shades and dark tones, blues, French grays, bisque, greens and black, 44 to 16 inches wide.

Voile-de-Paris—in Silk and Wool, beautiful soft clining fabric, extremely fashionable for dressy costumes, in all colors and black. 75c, 85c, \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50 and 2.00 a yard.

Black Grenadines—in close or open weaves for making over silk linings, just the things for swell dresses. Prices range from 75c, \$1.00, 1.25, up to \$3.50 a yard.

Granite Cloth—a rough coarse goods suitable for children's suits or dresses in all shades, blues, bisque, greens, browns and black, 50c. a yard.

10 o'clock SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 28th, we will put on sale nearly 2000 yards of Bleached Cotton Remnants,

some of which were 10c and 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ c a yard. Sale limit
20 yards to a customer. Saturday's Sale Price.....

75c, \$1.00 and 1.25 a yard—Lovely Crepe-de-Shines in all the leading shades, blues, light and dark bisque, greens, creams, grays, and black included.

Etamine—in fancy or plain weaves open wooly mesh, for making over Silk Linings. A truly delightful fabric for fashionable costumes, \$1.00 to \$1.50 a yard.

Beautiful Black Venetians with lovely lustrons finish sponged and thoroughly shrunk, for house or street wear 50 to 54 inches wide. \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50 a yard.

Black Satin Cloth—for fine tailored costumes, beautifully finished with a rich satin finish, sponged and shrunk by the manufacturers 50c. to \$1.25 a yard.

Black Dress Silks.

Peau de Soie for dresses, lustrous black, "Excelsior" double face pure silk, warranted not to split or wear shiny \$1.00, 1.25 1.50, 1.75 a yard.

New Waist Silks.

Fancy wrist Silks in lace effects and Ribbon Stripes, lovely styles for Waists in all the fashionable colors, tones and cream 50c to \$1.75 a yard.

Stripe Challies.

These are satin stripes on ground work of fine all wool Challies, in the most charming of patterns and colorings for waists, kimonas, or lovely house gowns, 30 inches wide, 75c yd.

House Furnishings

We have a staff of competent drapers, who are instructed to do all in their power to satisfy your wishes by giving suggestions as to tone of colors and home adornment. We are receiving new goods daily. Our range is large and absolutely exclusive in a great many instances. Phone and Mail Orders Promptly attended to.

MADILL BROS.,

Napanee.

Washing with Soap or Exposure
to Sunlight Cannot Fade
Diamond Dye Colors.

What's the Trouble? Is it Sick Headache? Is it Biliousness? Is it Sluggish Liver? Is your skin sallow? Do you feel more dead than alive? Your system needs toning—Your Liver isn't doing its work—Don't resort to strong drugs—Dr. Agnew's Little Pills 10 cents for 40 doses, will work wonders for you.—85

Diamond Dye colors are absolutely fast and unfading. Washing with strong soap or exposure in sunlight cannot start or fade these brilliant and imperishable colors. No other dyes in the world have such an

How Air Acts on Mercury.

When the air around us becomes condensed—shrinks into a smaller volume—it becomes heavier, puts greater pressure on the surface of the mercury and

We are Headquarters in Napanee

FOR ALL KINDS OF

JUNK

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Jones' Voice Greatly Improved improvement is noticeable in Miss- ing. Her voice is stronger, and clearer and sweeter than before using ozone, which is a wonderful aid to speakers and ministers. Catarrhozone insures absolute freedom from Colds, and Catarrh, clears the nose and throat rents hoarseness and huskiness. Cat- makes the voice brilliant and en- and is uncommonly well recommended

Donnas, members of Parliament, Doctors and thousands that use it. Better try Catarrhozone. Price \$1.00; e 25c. Druggists, or N. C. Polson & gison, Ont.

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Diamond Dye colors are absolutely fast and unfading. Washing with strong soap or exposure in sunlight cannot start or fade these brilliant and imperishable colors. No other dyes in the world have such an established reputation for strength, purity and beauty of colors. Diamond Dyes are the most economical agents for coloring, one package will color as much material as three packages of any other brand of dyes. Send your address on a Postal Card and The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain St., Montreal, P. Q., will send you free of cost, new book on home dyeing, samples of dyed cloth and the newest designs for Hooked Mats and Rugs.

Boiled Oysters.

In "Social Life in the Reign of Queen Anne" Swift writes to Stella, "Lord Masham made me go home with him to eat boiled oysters," and then he obligingly adds the recipe: "Take oysters, wash them clean; that is, wash their shells clean; then put your oysters in an earthen pot, with their hollow side down; then put this pot, covered, into a great kettle of water and let it boil. Your oysters are then boiled in their own liquor and do not mix with wa- ter."

Raphael's "Paul."

While Raphael was engaged in painting his celebrated frescoes he was visited by two churchmen, who began to criticise his work without understanding it. "The Apostle Paul has too red a face," said one. "He blushes even in heaven to see what hands the church has fallen into," replied the indignant painter.

Dropsy is one Positive Sign of Kidney Disease.—Have you any of these unmistakeable signs? puffiness under the eyes? Swollen limbs? Smothering feeling? Change of the character of the urine? Exhaustion after least exertion? If you have there's dropsical tendency and you shouldn't delay an hour in putting yourself under the great South American Kidney Cure.—86

Spanish Dances.

Spanish dances have a certain resemblance to the dances of the east. In our country one's idea of a dance is something in which the movement is due to the legs. In Japan and in Egypt the legs have very little to do with the dance. The exquisite rhythms of Japanese dances are produced by the subtle gesture of hands, the manipulation of scarfs, the delicate undulations of the body. In Arab dances and in the danse du ventre the legs are more nearly motionless. The legs are only used to assist in producing the extraordinary movements of the stomach and the hips in which so much of the dance consists.

It is a dance in which the body sets itself to its own rhythm. Spanish dancing, which no doubt derives its eastern color from the Moors, is almost equally a dance of the whole body, and its particular characteristic—the action of the hips—is due to a physical peculiarity of the Spaniards, whose spines have a special and unique curve of their own.

What's the Trouble? Is it Sick Head-ache? Is it Biliousness? Is it Sluggish Liver? Is your skin sallow? Do you feel more dead than alive? Your system needs toning—Your Liver isn't doing its work—Don't resort to strong drugs—Dr. Agnew's Little Pills 10 cents for 40 doses, will work wonders for you.—85

How Air Acts on Mercury.

When the air around us becomes con- densed—shrink into a smaller volume—it becomes heavier, puts greater pres- sure on the surface of the mercury and makes it ascend in the tube; then the mercury is said to rise. When the air expands—swells into a larger volume—it becomes lighter, the pressure on the mercury is less, the mercury sinks in the tube and the barometer is said to fall. Therefore every change of height of the quicksilver which we observe is a sign and measure of a change in the volume of air around us.

What makes you Despondent?—Has the stomach gone wrong? Have the nerve centres grown tired and listless? Are you threatened with nervous prostration? South American Nervine is nature's corrector, makes the stomach right, gives a world of nerve force, keeps the circulation perfect. A regular constitution builder for rundown people. One lady says: "I owe my life to it."—84

Doesn't Want It Back.

She—The programme says it is taken from the German.

He—Humph! I should think they were glad enough to get rid of it.

An Irish Verdict.

"My lord," said the foreman of an Irish jury when giving in his verdict, "we find the man who stole the mare not guilty."

We are Headquarters in Napanee

FOR ALL KINDS OF

JUNK

We Buy All Kinds of

Old Scrap Iron and Steel Rags
Bones, Copper, Brass, Lead, Zinc,
Horse Hair, Tail or Mane, Wood
Picks, Tailor's Clips, Grease, Rendered
Tallow, Old Books, Garden
Hose, Fire Hose, Old Rubbers, Etc.

We Have for Sale

Soaps, Blueing, Wood and Gummie,
American Coal Oil at 25c. per gallon.

Chas. Stevens.

The Junk Dealer.

Office and Warehouse,
West Side of Market,
NAPANEE, ONTARIO.
12th

Wallpaper.

We have on hand a very large and complete stock of Wallpapers suitable for all kinds of rooms, halls, stores, etc., etc.

Darker colors and more pronounced patterns are coming into use, with wider borders and friezes. We have the latest patterns on hand, and invite an inspection.

Ingrain papers with wide and pronounced friezes and rich ceilings will still be fashionable.

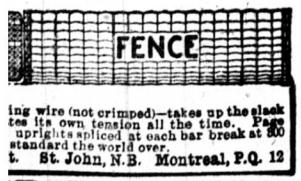
Red and dark green grounds for wall, with lighter tints for ceiling, are coming into use, and a room so papered looks half furnished.

Prices are moderate for even the best of papers. We still have a lot of papers to clear at 3 and 4 cents per roll.

We have Art Blinds, with Hartshorn Rollers, and Window Poles with Wooden or Brass Fittings.

We have also Picture Mouldings to save the walls from damage by driving nails into them.

THE POLLARD CO'Y,



ing wire (not crimped)—takes up the slack tension all the time. Posts uprights spaced so each bar break at 30 standard the world over. St. John, N.B. Montreal, P.Q. 12

Oshawa ratepayers carried the by-law to bonus the T. Eaton Company's whiteware factory.

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE,

No. 21

Taking effect June 16, 1902.

Tweed and Tamworth to Deseronto.		Napanee and Deseronto to Napanee and Tweed.								
Stations	Miles	No. 2	No. 4	No. 6	Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 3	No. 5	
		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.			A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	
Lve Tweed	...	6	80	...	Stations	...	6	45	...	
Stoo	3	6	38	...	Lve Deseronto	...	7	00	...	
Larkins	7	6	50	...	Deseronto Junction	4	7	15	...	
Maribank	13	7	10	...	Lve Napanee	...	9	7	15	
Erinville	17	7	25	4	Strathtona	...	9	7	40	
Tamworth	20	7	40	2	Newburgh	...	15	8	15	
Wilson	24	...	9	25	Thomson's Mills	18	...	12	00	
Enterprise	26	8	00	9	45	Camden East	19	8	25	
Midlake Bridge	28	...	8	45	Yarker	23	8	35	1	
Moscow	31	8	13	9	53	10	1	13	5	
Galbraith	33	...	9	00	Yarker	28	8	55	40	
Yarker	35	6	25	5	05	Galbraith	25
ve Yarker	35	35	9	00	Moscow	27	9	07	1	
Camden East	39	9	10	5	Midlake Bridge	30	9	20	2	
Thomson's Mills	40	40	9	18	Enterprise	32	9	20	6	
Newburgh	41	9	25	3	25	Wilson	34	9	40	7
Strathtona	42	8	40	3	35	Tamworth	38	9	40	2
Arr Napanee	49	9	55	3	50	Erinville	41	9	55	5
Lve Napanee	49	...	7	00	Maribank	45	10	10	5	
Arr Deseronto Junction	54	...	7	00	Larkins	51	10	35	6	
Arr Deseronto	58	...	7	15	Stoo	55	10	50	7	

Kingston and Sydenham to Deseronto.		Napanee and Deseronto to Sydenham and Kingston.							
Stations	Miles	No. 2	No. 4	No. 6	Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 3	No. 5
		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.			A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
ve Kingston	0	...	4	00	Lve Deseronto	...	6	45	...
G. T. R. Junction	2	...	4	10	Deseronto Junction	4	7	00	...
Glenvale	10	...	4	33	Lve Napanee	...	9	15	...
Maribank	14	...	4	45	Napanee Mills	...	9	40	12
Arr Harrowsmith	19	...	5	00	Newburgh	15	8	15	40
Lve Sydenham	23	8	00	...	Thomson's Mills	18	8	15	50
Harrowsmith	19	8	10	5	Camden East	19	8	25	5
Frontenac	22	...	8	35	Yarker	23	8	35	1
Arr Yarker	26	8	35	5	Yarker	28	8	55	12
Lve Yarker	26	20	9	00	Frontenac	27	9	00	5
Camden East	30	9	10	3	Arr Harrowsmith	30	9	00	10
Thomson's Mills	31	9	18	4	Byron	34	9	20	20
Newburgh	32	9	25	5	Maribank	38	9	40	30
Strathtona	34	9	40	8	Arr Kingston	49	10	00	40
Arr Napanee	40	9	55	3	...	...	...	...	...
Lve Napanee, West End	40	...	7	00	...	...	...	...	...
Deseronto Junction	45	...	7	00	...	...	...	...	...
Arr Deseronto	49	...	7	15	...	...	...	...	...

B. C. CARTER,
Gen. ManagerJ. F. CHAPMAN,
Asst. Gen. Freight & Pass. AgentH. B. SHERWOOD
Superintendent

HERRINGTON & WARNER

Barristers, etc.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATES

Office—Warner Block, East-st. Napanee, 5y

D'EROCHE & MADIEN

Barristers,

Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc.

Office—Grange block

Money to loan at "lower than the usual" rate
H. M. D'EROCHE, Q. C. 6.1y J. H. MADDEN

T. B. GERMAN,

Barrister and Solicitor,

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.

OFFICE : Grange Block, 60 John Street,
21-6m Napanee.

R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.

Physician Surgeon, etc.

Late former Surgeon to the Kingston General Hospital.

Office—North side of Dundas Street, between West and Robert Streets, Napanee, 5y

Wartman Bros.

DENTISTS.

Graduates Royal Collge. & Toronto University
Office over Doxsee's.Visits Tamworth, at Wheeler's hotel, first
Monday each month, remaining over Tuesday.

All other Mondays at Yarker.

A. S. ASHLEY,

DENTIST.....

40 YEARS EXPERIENCE

—21 YEARS IN NAPANEE

Rooms above Mowat's Dry Goods

Store, Napanee.

THE - DOMINION - BANK

CAPITAL (Paid up) \$2,850,000

All Stuffed Up

That's the condition of many sufferers from catarrh, especially in the morning. Great difficulty is experienced in clearing the head and throat.

No wonder catarrh causes headache, impairs the taste, smell and hearing, pollutes the breath, deranges the stomach and affects the appetite.

To cure catarrh, treatment must be constitutional—alterative and tonic.

"I was ill for four months with catarrh in the head and throat. Had a bad cough and raised blood. I had become disengaged when my husband bought a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and persuaded me to try it. I advise all to take it. It has cured and built me up," Mrs. Hugh Rutherford, West Liscomb, N. S.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures catarrh—it soothes and strengthens the mucous membrane and builds up the whole system.

and his servant leave the Carmelite to brood in his cave while all the land is refreshed with rain. Thousands throughout the country rejoice, in a few weeks the land looks like a new creation. The Carmelite walks out the first fine day but never notices the little flowers (new converts) nor the foliage, nor the Cedars of Lebanon (Christians); how refreshed they look! The pastures are green and on every side is heard the songs of thanksgiving but the Carmelite looks for the facts. He wants to know if the streams have the same beds and to see if the roof did not leak. He went to all the farmers looking for chaff and was surprised to find joy. He said the wheat would be poor next year but the farmers said they were supplying other farmers (churches) and all expected to reap a greater harvest next season. They said they looked for other showers (revivals) and hoped for constant prosperity, and the old Carmelite went to Mount Gilboa and was never heard of since.

I. C. A. SHOWER.

Do You Wake Up in the Morning
Feeling Tired and Miserable?

PAINES CELERY

COMPOUND

Will Restore Lost Energy and
Give You that Vim, Snap and
Strength that You Should
Possess in Springtime.

If you wake up in the morning feeling tired and miserable, let us assure you that nature is warning you of dangers; you have commenced to drift on the rocks and shoals of disease. Overwork, worry, harassing cares, or it may be excesses, are producing their dire effects. Your nerves feel the shock and strain first. You should thank Heaven that you have nerves to warn you of approaching dangers.

Thousands in the glorious springtime who rise up each morning tired, weary and miserable, stand in need of Paine's Celery Compound, the marvellous medicine that frees the body from acid blood and morbid waste material. Paine's Celery Compound at the same time strengthens the three great organs, the stomach, the liver and kidneys. When this good work is accomplished, the nerve fibres are made strong and vigorous and the whole system reinforced.

A few bottles of Paine's Celery Compound used this month will save you much trouble and anxiety later on. The re-

NEWS FROM THE COUNT

To Correspondents.—Persons send items from the surrounding districts sign their names to correspondents of good faith, not for publication. Any correspondence received with name attached will not be published.

MOSCOW.

Sugar makers report a poor so far and predict a continuation.

While W. Allen was driving a team of colts the team ran away and jolted several fenders before they were turned. The wagon sustained damages, but fortunately the team came out unharmed.

Frank Amey, Kingston University College, spent Sunday at home. Long bridge is impassable, being merged in about three feet of water. The Bell Rock mail is carried in a boat.

Mrs. Annie Garrison, Hawi visiting at G. W. Lumpkin's.

Vanliven Bros. received a c of buggies last week, and are to them out fast.

Dr. Vrooman, Napanee, made fessional visit here on Saturday.

A rural telephone is strongly cated and will likely come into the coming summer.

J. A. Bell and Mr. Lund both timber on the spot for removal their barns.

A lumber from here attended ston market on Saturday.

The sermon by Rev. Snider White church on Sunday evening highly appreciated. He preached the circuit nearly forty-seven ago, the summer the church built. The solo rendered by Abernethy, Kingston, was wort

Visitors: Mrs. Geo. Robertson, family, Catarqui, visiting her Mr. Valjeau; Miss Asselstir Miss Abernethy, Kingston, a Kellar's.

DENBIGH.

The last few warm days have finished sleighing, and the lumber camps have been comp break up.

Considerable timber of all kinds been laid on Hyde's Creek, the Gillies Bros' company, of side, and the Ratnabun company, Deseronto.

James McDonald has secured contract of driving Gillies Bros onto the Madawaska river, while Dool is said to have the job of the Ratnabun company's timber.

John S. Land has begun ope with his newly erected steam mill, and the sound of his whistle proclaims another p made in our quiet village.

William Kerr is running Stein's saw mill again this and is just about ready to start.

E. Pezzoldi's roller mill has kept very busy lately, but with breaking up of sleighing the especially from a distance, will decrease considerably.

Dr. W. A. Graham has turned from a short visit to C. He has been kept more than busy this winter, though fort at present we have not a single serious illness in our village.

Herman Glaser is being with a lengthy visit by several from New York city. Miss Pezzoldi, lately of Kingston, confined in the general hospital serious attack of typhoid fever. Her mother, Mrs. Edward Pezzoldi, gone to Kingston to see her.

A. S. ASHLEY,
.....DENTIST.....40 YEARS EXPERIENCE ——
— 21 YEARS IN NAPANEE
Rooms above Mowat's Dry Goods
Store, Napanee.

THE - DOMINION - BANK

CAPITAL (Paid up) \$2,850,000
 RESERVE FUND \$2,850,000
 GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS
 SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT
 DEPOSITS OF \$1.00 AND UPWARDS
 RECEIVED.

INTEREST CREDITED THEREON
HALF-YEARLY.FARMERS SALE NOTES COLLECTED AND
ADVANCES MADE THEREON.T. S. HILL, Manager,
Napanee Branch.INVENTORS
PROMPTLY SECURED

We receive the business of Canadian inventors, Engineers and others who desire the advisability of having their Patent business transacted by Experts. Preliminary advice free, charges moderate. Our Inventor's Help, 125 pages, sent upon request. Marion & Marion, New York Life Bldg., Montreal; and Washington, D.C., U.S.A.

50 YEARS'
EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS

COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for Canadian patents. Patents taken out through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers. MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York. Branch Office, 225 F St., Washington, D.C.

A further attempt will be made to cut out the train which has been snowbound in the interior of Newfoundland for thirty days.

Revolutionary leaders declare that the Macedonians will fight Turkey alone unless European troops occupy their country and guarantee peace.

Have you a Skin Disease? —Tetter, Sait Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Eczema, Itch, Barbers Itch, Ulcers, Blotches, chronic Erysipelas, Liver spots, Prurigo, Psoriasis or other eruptions of the skin—what Dr. Agnew's Ointment has done for others it can do for you—cure you. One application gives relief.—35 cents.—87

The body of Miss Addie Mitchell, who disappeared in December last, was found floating in the bay at Hamilton.

William Scott shot himself through the head near Battersea while hunting musk-rats. He may recover.

The Government steamers Stanley and Minto cut loose from the ice, and the Stanley towed the Minto into Pictou harbor.

A Sure Cure for Constipation. Some remedies cure this distressing complaint in a day, some in a month, but Nerviline never fails to cure in a few minutes. Just ten drops of Nerviline in sweetened water—that's enough and away goes the dysentery, cured to stay cured. Nerviline also cures Cramps, Colic, Pain in the Stomach, and Sick Headache. It has five times the strength and curative properties of ordinary remedies, and should be in every household. Better buy a 25c. bottle and try it. Nerviline is all right.

MY MISTER PROVOST.

C. Stay! hear me (1) we don't want black clouds. If so people will talk of nothing but rain (revival). The whole talk will be about Elijah and the rain, even the little children, who never saw rain will be talking about it. Really, I feel like leaving Carmel for everybody is talking about rain (2). We don't want famine that is true; but people should not get so excited, in every home they talk of nothing else but rain, even Ahab is converted. Jezebel, however, has sense; she is not even under conviction yet, and I fear the prophet will kill himself praying so hard, (3) Clouds may burst and the low land be destroyed.

C. Winds and cyclones come with modern rains and destroy things and the lightning spoils some handsome trees, and sometimes the roof leaks and the family gets wet and then there is so much noise one can hardly think.

S. It's you that is getting excited.

C. Remember, young man, I have lived much longer than you, though I have not been to the school of the prophets, still I know a good deal of practical knowledge, much more than you do. When we have no rain we have none of these strange noises and disturbances, lightning or thunder (preaching and praying). These rains (revivals) come so often out of season they fall on ripe fruit sometimes and new mown hay and grain as well as on dry pasture fields. Rain is all right if it comes where it is wanted but so much runs into the flats where there is enough already. (Servant goes up the mountain again to look for the sign; the Carmelite goes along with him.)

C. Elijah should not pray so hard; he will hurt himself.

S. You seem more rattled than Elijah.

C. Now if it rains the poor people will have to quit work and lose the day, then some spend all night talking about rain when they should be asleep and they get behind and can't pay their debts, even you could be better employed than running up this mountain, getting out of wind, looking for rain.

S. It's you that is out of wind; the prophet is good to me and we are not asking you to assist.

C. Rains make weeds grow too, There are no weeds on Carmel now.

S. No, nor wheat either.

C. Am not speaking of wheat, still since you have mentioned it a lot of chaff is on wheat in rainy seasons. Why not have a rain to make wheat grow without chaff.

S. But we have neither wheat nor chaff now.

C. Yes, still I don't like to see men talk so much about wheat when at least one half is chaff when sifted (after revival.)

S. There has been much farming on Carmel the last three years.

C. Of course I mean past years; the farmers are working up the lower lands more lately.

S. All sowing and no reaping.

C. After modern rains the ground gets dry again.

S. Then another rain is needed.

C. Another thing, I don't like the way Elijah tested the crowd yesterday on Carmel before we started to pray for rain.

S. Why, Joshua used to do that. You are behind the times.

C. I am going to move to Mount Gilboa.

Servant sees a cloud like a man's hand (one convert.) Rain is coming, just what Elijah told Ahab. Elijah

should thank Heaven that you have nerves to warn you of approaching dangers.

Thousands in the glorious springtime who rise up each morning tired, weary and miserable, stand in need of Paine's Celery Compound, the marvellous medicine that frees the body from acid blood and morbid waste material. Paine's Celery Compound at the same time strengthens the three great organs, the stomach, the liver and kidneys. When this good work is accomplished, the nerve fibres are made strong and vigorous and the whole system reinforced.

A few bottles of Paine's Celery Compound used this month will save you much suffering and anxiety later on. The results given by Paine's Celery Compound are assuring and happy. Your reward will be a perfect and unhampered action of a clear and healthful brain and nervous system, pure blood will course through the body, you will have sweet and refreshing sleep and permanent good health.

Crossing the Bar.

Tennyson's famous poem, "Crossing the Bar," was written, says the present Lord Tennyson, in the poet's eighty-first year, "on a day in October when we came from Aldworth to Farringford. Before reaching Farringford he had had the 'moaning of the bar' in his mind, and after dinner he showed me the poem written out." "That is the crown of your life's work," said his son, who was the first man after the poet to read "Crossing the Bar," and who passed the first criticism upon it in such fitting and generous language. "It came in a moment," said the poet, and he explained the pilot as the Divine and Unseen who is always guiding us. A day or two before he died the poet, calling his son to his bedside, said, "Mind you put 'Crossing the Bar' at the end of all editions of my poems."



Dr. Pierce's
GOLDEN
MEDICAL
DISCOVERY
Restores
LOST FLESH
AND STRENGTH

"I was a total wreck—could not sleep or eat," writes Mr. J. C. Beers, of Berryman, Crawford Co., Mo. "For two years I tried medicine from doctors but received very little benefit. I lost flesh and strength, was not able to do a good day's work. I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and when I had taken one bottle I could sleep and my appetite was wonderfully improved. I have taken five bottles and am still improving."

The sole motive for substitution is to permit the dealer to make the little more profit paid by the sale of less meritorious medicines. He gains; you lose. Therefore, accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery."

decrease considerably.

Dr. W. A. Graham has just turned from a short visit to Otter. He has been kept more than busy this winter, though fortunate at present we have not a single case of serious illness in our village.

Herman Glaser is being fêted with a lengthy visit by several from New York city. Miss I. Pezold, lately of Kingston, is confined in the general hospital a serious attack of typhoid fever. Her mother, Mrs. Edward Pezold, has gone to Kingston to see her. Latest reports received from her encouraging, and her recovery hoped for.

R. V. G. Brakebusch, Eganville again conduct divine service a Lutheran church here on Sunday inst.

Otto Klem had one of his badly hurt on his return from crew, and will not be able to him for some time.

A Sour Stomach and a Sour Travel hand-in-hand and are the perils of mental and physical wreck. Ninety and ninety nine times in a day food ferment (indigestion) is the cause. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets ke stomach sweet—aid digestion—ke nerve centres well balanced—nature's panacea—pleasant and has 35 cents.—88

GRETNA.

Spring is again our most welcome visitor after the long and pleasant winter months.

Mr. Geo. Loyst spent a Sunday with his brother's here recently on his return home from a two months' stay at Toronto Military College.

Our tea-meeting last week was a success considering the very roads we had to contend with,

Mr. and Mrs. John Loyst and Cecil spent Sunday at T. Scrims.

Miss Long, teacher, spent the evening at Mr. Nelson Young's.

Master Leo Scrimshaw has cured of a two years' illness anemia by three treatments of Haigh, magnetic healer.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Hambly Sunday at her father's at Hay Bay.

Miss Lena Salisbury, Bethel, a few days here recently with her Mrs. Alcombrack.

S
Returned to the Clerk

NAME OF PROSECUTOR	NAME OF
F. S. Wartman	Mrs. Sa
J. D. Wagar	Lewis W
S. Shields	Wm. Be
do	do
D. A. Carson	Arthur A
H. M. Burns	Richard
Luke Godfrey	John Fir
W. A. Rose	E. A. Do
do	John Pr
do	Thos. M
E. B. Perry	do
Wm. Rankin	James A
Margaret Kennelly	Archie S
	Robert A

I hereby certify that

Dated at Napanee, this 10th day

'S FROM THE COUNTRY.
respondents.—Persons sending in
from the surrounding district must
their names to correspondents as a
good faith, not for publication.
correspondence received without the
attached will not be published.

MOSCOW.

car makers report a poor season
and predict a continuation.
le W. Allen was driving a span
the team ran away and jumped
fences before they were cap-

The wagon sustained some
es, but fortunately the horses
ut unhurt.

ik Amey, Kingston Business
a, spent Sunday at home. The
bridge is impassable, being sub-
l in about three feet of water.
All Rock mail is carried across
cat.

Annie Garrison, Hawley, is
g at G. W. Lampkin's.

liven Bros. received a carload
ges last week, and are turning
ut fast.

Vrooman, Napanee, made a pro-
al-visit here on Saturday.

ral telephone is strongly advo-
and will likely come into effect
ning summer.

Bell and Mr. Lund both have
on the spot for remodelling
ars.

umber from here attended King-
arket on Saturday.

sermon by Rev. Snider in the
church on Sunday evening was
appreciated. He preached on
eit nearly forty-seven years

he summer the church was
The solo rendered by Miss
thy, Kingston, was worthy of

tors: Mrs. Geo. Robertson and
, Catarqui, visiting her father,
alleau; Miss Asselstine and
Abernethy, Kingston, at Mr.
s.

DENBIGH.

last few warm days have about
d sleighing, and the various
amps have been compelled to
ip.

iderable timber of all kinds has
een laid on Hyde's Creek for
ies Bros.' company, of Brae-
nd the Ratnabun company, of
ato.

McDonald has secured the
st of driving Gillies Bros.' stuff
e Madawaska river, while John
said to have the job of driving
thian company's timber.

S. Lane has begun operations
is newly erected steam saw
nd the sound of his steam
> proclaims another progress
n our quiet village.

am. Kerr is running Paul
saw mill again this season,
just about ready to start up.

ezoid's roller mill has been
ny busy lately, but with the
ng up of sleighing the custom-
ly from a distance, will likely
e considerably.

W. A. Graham has just re-
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lengthy visit by several friends
ew York city. Miss Louisa
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attack of typhoid fever, and
her, Mrs. Edward Petzold, has
o Kingston to see her. The

CHEMICAL ANALYSIS

Reveals That "Pe-ru-na is Calculated to
Tone up the System, Restore the Func-
tions and Procure Health."

SO SAYS PROF. L. J. MILLER, CHEMIST.



PROF. L. J. MILLER.

Prof. L. J. Miller, late Professor of Chemistry and Botany of the High School of Ypsilanti, Mich., writes from 3227 N. Clark Street, Chicago, Ill., as follows:

"As several of my friends have spoken to me of the favorable results obtained through the use of Peruna, especially in cases of catarrh, I examined it most thoroughly to learn its contents.

"I found it composed of extracts of herbs and barks of most valuable medicinal qualities combined with other ingredients, delicately balanced, calculated to tone up the system, restore the functions and procure health.

"I consider Peruna one of the most skillfully and scientifically prepared medicines, which the public can use with safety and success."—PROF. L. J. MILLER.

MILLHAVEN.

William Vankleek, in the Kingston
hospital for treatment, is quite low.

Walter Clement, Watertown, spent
a few days visiting his parents, after
an absence of five years.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee and children,
Kingston, and Nial Fleming, Belleville
were recent visitors at Mrs. John
Fleming's.

Mrs. Charles Forward has returned

YARKER.

The robins are again with us, and
they are a welcome harbinger of
spring.

The sleighing is gone and wheels
are now used again. Much work re-
mains to be done in the line of wood
and timber, but the absence of sleigh-
ing closes this work for the season.

A deer has put in the winter within

"Builds up the System."

Hon. Joseph H. Ridgeway, Secretary
of the American Anti-Treat Society,
writes the following letter from the
Grand Central Hotel, St. Paul, Minn.:

"It is with great pleasure that I en-
dorse Peruna as an honest medi-
cine, competent to do all it
claims. I have used it several
times and know of nothing that
cures so completely, and at
the same time builds up the
system.

"I have recommended it to
a number of my
friends and always feel that I do them a
service for I know how satisfactory the
results invariably are. I only wish
every family had a bottle—it would save
much sickness and doctor bills."—Joseph
H. Ridgeway.



Joseph Ridgeway.

"Feel Better Than for Five Years."

Mr. James B. Taylor, Roberts, Ind.,
writes:

"I am at the present time entirely
well. I can eat anything I ever could.
I took five bottles of Peruna, and feel
better now than I have for five years.
I have doctored with other doctors off
and on for fifteen years, so I can recom-
mend your medicine very highly for
stomach troubles. I take great pleasure
in thanking you for your free advice
and Peruna."—James B. Taylor.

"I Enjoy my Meals as I Used to."

Mr. J. W. Pritchard, Wolf Lake, Ind.,
writes:

"I am pleased to say that I have been
cured of catarrh of the stomach by Pe-
runa. I could hardly eat anything that
agreed with me. Before I would get
half through my meal my stomach
would fill with gas causing me much
distress and unpleasant feelings for an
hour or two after each meal. But,
thanks to your Peruna, I am now com-
pletely cured, and can eat anything I
want to without any of the distressing
symptoms. I can now enjoy my meals
as I used to do, and it is all due to Dr.
Hartman and his wonderful medicine,
Peruna.

"It has been one year since I was
cured, and I am all O. K. yet, so I know
I am cured."—J. W. Pritchard.

Dyspepsia is a very common phase of
summer catarrh. A remedy that will
cure catarrh of one location will cure it
anywhere. Peruna cures catarrh where-
ver located. That it is a prompt and
permanent cure for catarrh of the
stomach the above letters testify.

If you do not derive prompt and satis-
factory results from the use of Peruna,
write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a
full statement of your case and he will
be pleased to give you his valuable ad-
vice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of
The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus,
Ohio.

A Source of Revenue Stopped.

"How many quarters did you receive
last Sunday night, Harry?"

"Four."

"I thought you had five sisters?"

"Yes'm, but one is engaged."

Time's Changes.

Father (meditating on time's changes)
—Ah, yes, the fashion of this world

nally from a distance, will likely cease considerably.

W. A. Graham has just returned from a short visit to Ottawa, as been kept more than usually this winter, though fortunately we have not a single case of illness in our village.

erman Glaser is being favored a lengthy visit by several friends New York city. Miss Louise Ald, lately of Kingston, is now in the general hospital with a us attack of typhoid fever, and another, Mrs. Edward Petzold, has

to Kingston to see her. The reports received from her were naging, and her recovery is for.

v. G. Brakebusch, Eganville, will conduct divine service at the era church here on Sunday, 22nd

to Klem had one of his horses hurt on his return from Ren, and will not be able to work for some time.

Sour Stomach and a Sour Temper
I hand-in-hand and are the precursors mental and physical wreck. Nine hundred and ninety nine times in a thousand ferment (indigestion) is the cause. Dr. Stan's Pineapple Tablets keep the itch sweet—aid digestion—keep the centres well balanced—they're e's panacea—pleasant and harmless. us.—88

GRETNNA.

ring is again our most welcome, or after the long although ant winter months.

Geo. Loyst spent a Sunday at rother's here recently on his re-home from a two months' course oronto Military College.

ir tea-meeting last week was a ss considering the very muddy we had to contend with, and Mrs. John Loyst and baby spent Sunday at T. Scrimshaw's.

ss Long, teacher, spent Tuesday at Mr. Nelson Young's.

ister Leo Scrimshaw has been

of a two years' illness of

ia by three treatments of Mrs.

h., magnetic healer.

and Mrs. W. Hambly spent

ay at her father's at Hay Bay.

ss Lena Salisbury, Bethel, spent a

lays here recently with her sister,

Alcombrack.

"I consider Peruna one of the most skillfully and scientifically prepared medicines, which the public can use with safety and success." ---PROF. L. J. MILLER.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

MILLHAVEN.

William Vankleek, in the Kingston hospital for treatment, is quite low.

Walter Clement, Watertown, spent a few days visiting his parents, after an absence of five years.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee and children, Kingston, and Nial Fleming, Belleville were recent visitors at Mrs. John Fleming's.

Mrs. Charles Forward has returned from visiting in Kingston. Miss Laura Clement, Sydenham, spent last week with her grandparents.

Eighty Years Old—Catarrh Fifty Years. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder cured him. Want any stronger evidence of the power of this wonderful remedy over this universal disease? Want the truth of the case confirmed? Write George Lewis Shamokin, Pa. He says: "I look upon my cure as a miracle." It relieves in ten minutes.—89

STRATHCONA.

Mrs. Wager has returned from Watertown, N. Y., where she has been visiting since last Fall.

David Lasher, born and raised here, but a resident of Manitoba for years, is here visiting relatives and friends.

Mr. Richards, superintendent of cement works, has been confined to the house for some time, with illness. He is improving.

Mrs. Garratt and Mrs. Lawrence, Napanee, visited Mrs. Dunlop last week.

Mr. Wilson is slowly improving; his aged mother, here during his illness, had the misfortune to sprain her wrist.

Miss Mabel Cooper is very ill with scarlet fever. She contracted the disease from her sister's children. The fever has been epidemic here this winter.

J. Walker moved to Richmond last week.

Thomas Pybns has moved into his uncle's house at Mink's Bridge, lately occupied by D. Page, who has moved to the Miles farm.

The farmers are loading cars with pressed hay at the station here.

N. Caton, of the Lennox and Addington Fire Insurance Company, was through here on business.

YARKER.

The robins are again with us, and they are a welcome harbinger of spring.

The sleighing is gone and wheels are now used again. Much work remains to be done in the line of wood and timber, but the absence of sleighing closes this work for the season.

A deer has put in the winter within gunshot of Yarker, and no one has molested it. The last one that was hunted through here was a severe lesson to many, and as they were about all conservatives who were fine, one conservative remarked that they were leaving the deer for the grits.

It is the intention to have a concert in aid of the public library in the near future.

Babcock Bros. have a good supply of logs, but owing to the high water they have to defer sawing.

In a paper received from Jasper, Ore., we notice that owing to the prevalence of Manila itch, which very much resembles small-pox, the schools were closed. It described it as not dangerous, like small-pox. Now this disease which attacked the Irish family here seems to be of that character, although pronounced as small-pox by some. The patients have been removed one and a half miles from the village and the house thoroughly disinfected, so that outsiders and commercial travellers need not be afraid to enter the village.

The old man, named Gill McTaggart, found dead in the O'Brien house, Belleville, worked for Henry Beatty, late proprietor of the commercial hotel here for twelve years.

Henry Beatty has bought out a hotel man in Omenee.

George McDonald is home from the west.

Quite a number will go to Manitoba to settle there.

A Tomkins, with his wood sawing machine, is at work here.

R. Cull has bought the twenty acre field owned by the late H. Cambridge. He intends locating in Yarker.

Jed Irish has rented the Charles Phillips' residence here.

A Source of Revenue Stopped.
How many quarters did you receive last Sunday night, Harry?"

"Four."
"I thought you had five sisters?"
"Yes'm, but one is engaged."

Time's Changes.

Father (meditating on time's changes)—Ah, yes, the fashion of this world passes away.

Daughter—Indeed it does, papa. I shall want a new hat next week.

Reversed.

"What sort of a man is my husband? Well, before we were married he wouldn't leave the house before midnight, and since he never enters it before."

It is always safe to learn even from our enemies; never safe to instruct even our friends.

CONSTIPATION

is probably the most common of all ailments. When neglected it becomes chronic, and frequently leads to hemorrhoids and other serious consequences.

CONSTIPATION IS CURED BY

IRON-OX

TABLETS

This Remedy is not a purgative, but by mild action upon the organs restores their natural functions, thus entirely avoiding the debility following the use of cathartics, which, if taken frequently, are almost always harmful.

**Fifty Tablets
for 25 Cents**

Schedule of Summary Convictions.

Returned to the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lennox and Addington for the Quarter ending the 10th day of March, 1903.

NAME OF PROSECUTOR	NAME OF THE DEFENDANT	NATURE OF THE CHARGE	DATE OF CONVICTION.	NAME OF CONVICTING JUSTICE	AMOUNT OF PENALTY	TIME WHEN P'D OR TO BE P'D TO N.R. BY SAID JUSTICE	TO WHOM PAID	IF NOT P'D WHY NOT P'D	AND GEN. OBSERVATIONS, IF ANY.
Wartman	Mrs. Sarah Whelan	Selling Liquor during prohibited hours	Jan. 2,	Jas. Aylsworth	\$20 00	Forthwith	License Insp	do	do
Wagar	Lewis Whelan	Insulting Language	Jan. 21,	do	1 00	do	Informant	do	Tp. Treas., Camden
Wields	Wm. Bell	do	Jan. 27,	do	2 00	do	Tp. Treas. Sh.	do	do
do	do	Disorderly Conduct	Jan. 27,	do	2 00	do	Tp. Treas. Sh.	do	do
Carson	Arthur Murphy	Insulting Language	Feb. 3,	do	2 00	do	Tp. Treas. Sh.	do	do
1. Burns	Richard Murphy	Damage to fence	Feb. 9,	do	5 00	do	Tp. Treas. Sh.	do	Appeal
Godfrey	John Finn	Assault	Feb. 11,	do	1 00	do	C Treas. L&A	do	do
Rose	E. A. Douglas	Infraction Lq. Lic. Act	Dec. 22,	Jas. Daly	30 00	do	Inspector	do	do
do	John Pratt	do	Dec. 26,	do	35 00	do	do	do	do
do	Thos. Milo	do	Dec. 8,	do	40 00	do	do	do	do
Perry	James Alexander	Drunk and Disorderly	Jan. 27,	do	1 00	do	Town	do	do
Rankin	Archie Sexsmith	do	Feb. 14,	do	1 00	do	do	do	do
Garet Kennedy	Robert Armstrong	Abusive Language	Feb. 28,	Jno. A. Carscallen	1 00	do	County treas. Paid	do	do

I hereby certify that the above is a true schedule of all Summary convictions returned to me for the Quarter ending March 10th, 1903.

H. M. DEROCHE, Clerk of the Peace, County of Lennox and Addington.

ed at Napanee, this 10th day of March, A.D., 1903.

HOUSEHOLD.

JUST A SMILE.

You can drive the clouds away,
With a smile,
Just a smile!
Turn the darkness into day,
With a smile,
Just a smile!
O, there's nothing, when a man
Feels the weight of sorrow's yoke,
In this whole wide world that can
All distress and grief revoke
As a smile
Just a smile!

It's a simple little thing,
Is a smile,
Just a smile!
But 'twill joy and comfort bring,
Will a smile,
Just a smile!
Many hearts will dry their tears,
And go singing on their way
And they'll put away their fears,
Thinking of the glad to-day,
By your smile,
Gladsome smile!

How the way is brightened up
By a smile,
Just a smile,
Sweetened is the bitter cup,
By a smile,
Just a smile!
O, the world may frown at you,
And your spirits try to blight,
But the skies are ever blue
If you always have in sight
Just a smile,
Merry smile!

SAVORY SOUPS.

Soup with Bouilli (Boiled Meat)— Select the choicest part of the thick brisket of beef; wash clean and place over the fire with three quarts cold water, 1 scant tablespoon black pepper, 2 of salt, 3 minced onions, 6 small carrots, scraped and sliced thin, and 2 diced turnips. Cover closely and simmer steadily at the boiling point four hours, skimming frequently and thoroughly. Then throw in a small bundle of thyme and parsley, and 1 pint chopped celery. Simmer one hour longer. At the expiration of that time remove the meat, recover the kettle and stand where the soup will keep hot but not cook. Skin the beef, then brush over with beaten yolk of egg, using a feather for the purpose. Sprinkle thickly with bread crumbs and brown in the oven. Prepare a dressing by taking enough of the soup and boiled vegetables, add 1 tablespoon red wine, 2 of mushroom catsup, and a thickening of browned flour creamed with 1 tablespoon butter. Dish the meat on a hot platter, pour the dressing around it, garnish with slices of green pickle and serve with the soup.

Oyster— Wash and drain 2 quarts oysters; put over the fire with 3 quarts water, 3 minced onions, 2 or 3 slices lean ham, pepper and salt to season. Boil gently until the quantity of liquor is reduced one-half. Strain, return to kettle, add another quart fresh oysters, cook five minutes, then thicken with two tablespoons flour, 2 gills rich cream, and the yolks of six new laid eggs, well beaten. Cook till smooth and serve at once.

Barley— Place over the fire 3 quarts cold water, 3 gills barley, several chopped onions, 4 carrots scraped and cut small, and the same number of diced turnips. Boil gently two hours; then put in 4 lbs. of the neck of mutton, a few slices lean ham, pepper and salt to season, and several small tomatoes. Boil slow-

half of suet, shredded fine; when that is melted, take it up, add one egg and two ounces of moist sugar. Boil these together three-quarters of an hour.

START PANSIES EARLY.

For early summer flowering sow pansy seed in February or March, in shallow boxes. The kitchen window is an excellent place to set them. Sow the seed thin so that the plants will have room to grow quite large before the transplanting.

Before sowing soak the seed over night in slightly warmed water to hasten germination. Cover lightly with fine soil, press down smoothly and water from the bottom by placing the bottom of the box in a pan of water. This will probably be all the watering they will need until the young plants appear. Lay a piece of moist flannel over the box to keep the moisture in; never let the flannel get dry. As soon as the little plants can be seen, remove the flannel and give plenty of sunshine.

As the weather becomes warmer the box should be set out of doors in the day time, and taken in at night, when there is danger of frost. They thus become hardened. Do not keep them too warm. After transplanting in the open ground they should be watered carefully until the young plants get rooted.

Pansies will grow almost anywhere in early spring and late fall if plenty of water is given them, but for midsummer it is best to make the bed on the north or east side of the house, where it will be cool and shady, for the pansy delights in coolness. The ground should be spaded up deeply and enriched by an admixture of thoroughly rotted manure and woods earth.

RELIEVING CHOKING.

Raising the left arm as high as you can will relieve choking much more rapidly than being thumped on the back. And it is well that everyone should know it, for often a person gets choked while eating when there is no one near to thump him. Frequently at meals, and when they are at play, children get choked while eating, and the customary manner of relieving them is to slap them sharply on the back. The effect of this is of setting the obstruction free, so that it can be swallowed. The same thing can be brought about by raising the left hand of the child as high as possible, and the relief comes much more rapidly. In happenings of this kind there should be no alarm, for if the child sees that the older persons or parents get excited, he is very liable to get so also. The best thing is to tell the child to raise his left arm, and immediately the difficulty passes down.

PURIED ALIVE.

Personal Testimony of Such Cases in England.

Mr. James R. Williamson, Montagu road, Lower Edmonton, London, writes to an English paper: It will be of interest to some of your readers to learn that Mr. William Webb presided at the sixth annual meeting of the London Association for the Prevention of Premature Burial. Dr. Hooker read the report. Dr. J. Brindley James said he was always impressing upon his medical colleagues the necessity for subjecting a body to a number of tests before death was certified. The best proof was postrefaction where death had not occurred. Bodies should be temporarily removed to "waiting mortuaries," as was done in Germany. A lady in the meeting declared that, on hearing news of the loss of her property, she went into violent hysterics for two hours, and

had not occurred. Bodies should be temporarily removed to "waiting mortuaries," as was done in Germany. A lady in the meeting declared that, on hearing news of the loss of her property, she went into violent hysterics for two hours, and

Preston's Wife

I.

"Every man's honesty is doubted here," said Horace Allen, the popular detective, as he pushed a box of cigars over to my side of the table.

"I have heard it stated," he resumed, "that there is no man without his price, and I am almost inclined to believe it in our business."

"Ten years ago, when old Fox Daring was still at large, the department received a severe test. Time after time we had him where we could lay our hands on him, and only waited to take his tools and paraphernalia at the same time."

"I am reminded, in connection with Daring's capture, of one of the most remarkable mysteries that ever came up for our investigation. The latter had been traced to the North, and men had been detailed to Birmingham, Manchester, and Newcastle. There was no clue to his exact location, but forged notes had been discovered in each of the cities mentioned, probably circulated by different members of the gang he controlled. Daring's successful capture, in a short time, was a matter of extreme importance. Presently Scotland Yard received intelligence that he had been spotted in Manchester as he was boarding a train for Liverpool. One of our officers had just succeeded in identifying him when he purchased the railway ticket.

"Everything, apparently, worked nicely. Our officer found a man on the train answering the description, and traced him to a hotel in Liverpool, where he registered as Mr. James Galloway.

"Just after his arrival several suspicious characters called at the hotel. Other employees of the department were detailed to assist in shadowing the men, and it began to look as though we should nab the whole gang.

"Seen Galloway gave up his room in the hotel and rented a furnished room in a side street. Just at this time a telegram was received in London from Preston, one of our men stationed in Newcastle. It read: 'Daring is now here in Newcastle.' As soon as we received this important communication, all our men but two, who were left in Liverpool to see that nothing was removed from the suspicious house, were sent immediately to Newcastle. Upon arrival Preston was missing. They inquired at the hotel where he had been staying, and learned that he had left the day before with his baggage, and did not say when he would be back.

"Of course, they tried to get some clue to Daring's whereabouts, but could do nothing without Preston. In the meantime there were lively occurrences in Liverpool, from which place the two watchers barely escaped with their lives. They were attacked by a gang of men, at about three o'clock in the morning, bound, gagged, and confined in the very house they had been left to guard.

"Moreover, they were sure Daring was the chief of the gang who perpetrated the deed.

"Naturally, Preston was accounted the whole cause of the trouble. We could not doubt that he had turned traitor, although he was the last man we should have expected.

"We heard that he had been seen with a woman, tall, dark, and handsome, on frequent occasions before his departure. The woman could not be found.

"Our search was unavailing. We were pitted against one of our clever

"At this moment I sincerely regretted that I had come alone. Preston had proved himself more than a match for me, for he had penetrated my disguise, though I had failed to recognize him in his clever make-up."

"There had been something in Preston's tone that made me hope that he would keep his word and turn, though I could not imagine his motive in doing so."

"There could have been no other reason for his telegram from Newcastle but to throw us off Daring's track, and the results had been disastrous to permit of any more charitable solution."

"At the end of half an hour, Preston came back, minus his disguise and, without any explanation, to me to gather my men together a follow him."

"In spite of all my previous doubts, I could not help but trust in him. Fortunately, I knew where I could lay my hand on the of my men immediately."

"Then Preston led us through several streets, and stopped in front of an old mansion. He informed that the gang were playing cards in the house, and, at a given signal, alarm would be given from the side. The occupants would try to make their escape by an underground passage to a hut in the rear outside the stone wall surrounding the premises. All the men were detailed to their various positions except us two, who remained on the opposite side of the street."

"Preston was almost immediately seized with a violent fit of coughing and then proceeded to light a cigar. I was about to remonstrate with him on the advisability of betraying his presence with a light, when I perceived that it was a signal to one of the occupants of the house."

"The curtain of the second floor window was raised and instantly lowered again. I had just time to catch the figure of a woman at the window in the interval while the shade was up. Preston seized a coat sleeve and fairly dragged round to the hut."

"Our plan was to wait till they were all caged, and to emerge from our hiding places and surprise the Several figures were discernible the dim light of a lantern, and were just ready to close in on the when a shot was fired somewhere in front of the house."

"A second shot was heard, and waited no longer, but bolted in the direction of the sound. I came a some distance above the house, a was conscious of a figure running towards me. I could have fired, but another plan suggested itself."

"Acting on the impulse, I threw myself on the ground in front of the rapidly-advancing figure, and heavy man stumbled over me and fell length on his face. I was up him before he could recover, and two men beside me. The light a dark lantern revealed the scarred countenance of Daring. He was dead by the fall, and, leaving him in the hands of the men, I hurried back to the hut."

"In a short time Daring and his gang were safely locked up, and was comfortably discussing the events of the evening with Preston and the handsome woman, who turned out to be his wife."

"Preston had a story to tell about his meeting with his wife. She had been a trimmer in the millinery department of a large shop, but when they were married she decided to accompany him wherever his duty called him."

"Then came a long spell of waiting, with nothing to do, and Preston began to wish for something to turn up in which he could distract himself in the eyes of his wife. Daring was the prize on which he had set his heart, but, as he was detailed to Newcastle, there seemed to be no chance of assisting in

quarts water, 3 minced onions, 2 or 3 slices lean ham, pepper and salt to season. Boil gently until the quantity of liquor is reduced one-half. Strain, return to kettle, add another quart fresh oysters, cook five minutes, then thicken with two tablespoons flour, 2 gills rich cream, and the yolks of six new laid eggs, well beaten. Cook till smooth and serve at once.

Barley—Place over the fire 3 quarts cold water, 3 gills barley, several chopped onions, 4 carrots scraped and cut small, and the same number of diced turnips. Boil gently two hours; then put in 4 lbs. of the neck of mutton, a few slices lean ham, pepper and salt to season, and several small tomatoes. Boil slowly two hours longer, and serve with toast.

Gumbo—Fry out the fat of a slice of bacon and in it saute slices of a large onion. Peel and cut up 2 quarts tomatoes (canned ones may be used), and cut thin 1 quart okra. Place all over the fire in 3 quarts beef broth, add a little chopped parsley, season with salt and pepper and simmer three hours.

Asparagus—Wash and scrape large bunches tender asparagus; cut off 1 inch of the tops and lay in cold water; chop the stalks and put over the fire with several thin slices of bacon, a large onion cut fine, pepper and salt to season, and 2 quarts cold water. Boil gently until the asparagus is quite soft, then rub through a sieve, strain the liquor and place all again over the fire. Add a chicken cut as for stewing, and the asparagus tops. Boil slowly until done. Thicken with flour, butter and milk and serve.

Onion—Chop fine 1 dozen large onions and boil until tender in 3 quarts new milk, adding a bit of veal or fowl and a piece of bacon with pepper and salt. When sufficiently cooked, thicken with 1 tablespoon flour creamed with the same quantity of butter. Remove meat and serve with small squares of toasted bread.

USEFUL HINTS.

Do not allow children to eat fruit skins. They are frequently filled with microbes which find in the stomach conditions favorable to their development. The downy bloom of the peach is especially liable to contain these microbes. All fruit should be washed before going to the table. Grapes may be easily cleansed by holding each bunch upside down under the cold water faucet.

Here is a delicious relish from England: Shave about four ounces of soft cheddar cheese—best dairy cheese is an excellent substitute—and mix to a paste with an ounce of butter, a tablespoonful of salad oil and a teaspoonful of French mustard. Cut ripe tomatoes in half, scoop out part of the seeds, and fill with the cheese mixture. Sprinkle the top with minced chives.

To keep a spoon in position when desirous of dropping medicine into it and needing both hands to hold bottle and cork, place the handle between the leaves of a closed book lying upon a flat table.

Do not stuff cobwebs into a cut unless you want pus to form, as cobwebs are rich in bacteria which produce pus. Instead, stop bleeding by the use of water as hot as you can bear it, and healing will take place in half the time.

Common alum melted in an iron spoon over hot coals forms a strong cement for joining glass and metals together. It is a good thing for holding glass lamps to their stands.

Rice can be used in several ways for puddings and is wholesome and palatable. Here is a good one that is easily made: Take six ounces of whole rice, and when sufficiently boiled, stir in a tablespoonful and a

don, writes to an English paper: It will be of interest to some of your readers to learn that Mr. William Webb presided at the sixth annual meeting of the London Association for the Prevention of Premature Burial. Dr. Hooker read the report. Dr. J. Brindley James said he was always impressing upon his medical colleagues the necessity for subjecting a body to a number of tests before death was certified. The best proof was putrefaction where death had not occurred. Bodies should be temporarily removed to "waiting mortuaries," as was done in Germany. A lady in the meeting declared that, on hearing news of the loss of her property, she went into violent hysterics for two hours, and then was thought to be dead. After being left for twenty-four hours, she was taken out of bed, rolled on the floor, and needles and pins stuck into her. Next morning one of the servants, on looking at her body on the bed, thought it had moved. The doctor was sent for again, but he certified that she was undoubtedly dead, and so the coffin was ordered. Three hours afterwards her daughter said: "I don't think mother is dead," and applied some brandy to the cold lips. "Then I came to," said the lady, and added: "That was five years ago. I have my death certificate at home. Although I could not move, I could hear everything. I heard the men take my measurement for the coffin." Another lady at the meeting testified that she knew a girl at Kensington who "came to" after being pronounced dead, and who remembers hearing the doctor say: "Ah, poor thing! now she is out of her suffering." One trembles to think of how many such cases remain undiscovered, and the unspeakable horror of returning to consciousness boxed up in a coffin, six feet underground, to suffer a martyrdom of mental and physical agony without the faintest hope of rescue or escape. The object of the above association is to put an end to such terrible and preventable possibilities.

POST OFFICE CURIOSITIES.

Mr. Fred J. Melville entertained a London audience lately with some anecdotes of the work of the Post Office. The lecturer told of a letter which could not be delivered, and which, when opened at the Returned Letter Office, was found to contain a long list of sad troubles. But the writer struck one note of gladness at the end of the epistle in the sentence, "Thank God the pig had ten young ones." In the Blind Letter Office the officials had a letter addressed to "Uncle John, Hopposite the Church, London, England." This was not delivered, but another one was. It was addressed thus: "To my sister, Jean, up the Cannongate, Down a Close, Edinburgh. She has a wooden leg." The last part of the address, was doubtless a clue. In the telegraph department they get curious messages also. One young married man hurried to wire interesting news to his wife's relatives. In his haste he announced, "Twins to-day, more to-morrow."

DOG AND CAT PERIL.

Considerable excitement has been caused in England by the statement of a physician that dogs and cats can very easily transmit smallpox from one person to another, and that consequently they should never be allowed to remain near persons who are suffering from this disease. On no account, says this physician, should a dog or a cat be allowed to enter a room in which there is a smallpox patient, and, indeed, it would be well, as soon as this disease declares itself, to remove all such animals to some other dwelling.

attacked by a gang of men, at about three o'clock in the morning, bound, gagged, and confined in the very house they had been left to guard.

"Moreover, they were sure Daring was the chief of the gang who perpetrated the deed.

"Naturally, Preston was accounted the whole cause of the trouble. We could not doubt that he had turned traitor, although he was the last man we should have expected.

"We heard that he had been seen with a woman, tall, dark, and handsome, on frequent occasions before his departure. The woman could not be found.

"Our search was unavailing. We were pitted against one of our cleverest detectives.

"Two bogus hundred-pound notes were detected at this time by the National Bank, and recognized by experts as the work of the gang. Both had been passed at prominent hotels in Liverpool in settlement for accommodation.

"Almost simultaneously with the news of the bills Daring was reported to have been seen in the same city.

"The crisis was considered important, and I left London for Liverpool. It was my purpose to deal with Daring alone. We undoubtedly had many trusty men in the department; but, since Preston's treachery, I could not bring myself to rely on any of them.

"When I arrived at Liverpool I thought best to assume a disguise, as my face was probably well known to Daring.

"Then I began the rounds, stopping at the various hotels, and glancing over the paper until I had time to size up the occupants. Patience is one of the most desirable traits in a detective. However, I was fortunate on this occasion.

"At the third place, rather a respectable inn for the quarter, two suspicious individuals attracted my attention. They glanced about occasionally, as if expecting someone, and presently they were joined by a third party. The new arrival was a thick-set individual, better dressed than his companions, and treated by them as a superior, although he did all he could to make their conversation appear natural.

"I had never seen Daring, but I could not doubt, from the description I had of him, that the new-comer was the man. I waited to get a better look at him and see if I could detect the scar over the right eye which I knew him to possess, and for this purpose I went to the bar and ordered a drink, standing close beside them. Sure enough, when he turned I perceived a well-marked gash that disfigured his otherwise handsome face.

II.

"Daring was furthest from me, and the man directly on my right came in for a share of my attention. There was something familiar about him, and I began casting about among the counterfeitors I had known for a clue to his identity. Their conversation stopped, and I was just contemplating returning to my seat again when Daring moved off toward the door, and I caught a suggestive signal to the men to follow him. What was my surprise to receive from the man next me a decided nudge in the ribs before he moved away.

"Daring left first and the others after him. As I reached forward to push open the swinging doors, they were flung back in my face, and before I had time to collect myself, the man who had entered so hastily exclaimed:

"Don't follow us, Allen! You'll spoil the game. Wait here, and I will come back."

"Preston!" I cried out. But, with a warning finger on his lips, he vanished.

was comfortably discussing events of the evening with I and the handsome woman, who had come to be his wife.

"Preston had a story to tell his meeting with his wife. He had been a trimmer in the milline part of a large shop, but they were married she decided company him wherever his called him.

"Then came a long spell of, with nothing to do, and I began to wish for something to turn up in which he could guish himself in the eyes of his wife. Daring was the prize on he had set his heart, but, as detailed to Newcastle, there to be no chance of assisting his capture. It passed through my mind that he had worked successfully on several occasions with others, and, hearing that Daring in Liverpool, he determined to meet him in the street.

"Only waiting to send a last port to headquarters, he left his wife. Upon arrival, he through the papers of the on the men who had been with Daring's house. He knew by the man he was after, and on second day was fortunate enough to meet him in the street.

"It was then that his wife, seeing the importance of success, suggested that she should take a active part in the proceeding, insisted upon becoming a member of the gang. She counted availability as a means of rid of the forged notes, and ground hoped to interest I Her plan to meet him was a one; she contrived to be caught in the act of stealing an overcoat from his hall rack.

"It worked, and after she had the hundred-pound note she firmly established, and learned the secrets of the house. The step was to introduce her husband.

"About this time, and with few days of my arrival in Liverpool, I said Preston, I penetrated your disguise, and plotted to secure your assistance and capture them at all off the scent."

"Why, I merely stated that was not in Newcastle," he replied.

"Not in Newcastle," I said, produced the telegram; 'it seems me the import of that message correctly the opposite.'

"He took the telegram, and at first greatly surprised; but puzzled expression suddenly vanished from his face and he observed:

"I have often thought that the method of joining words in a telegram might lead to misunderstanding. In this instance, the la proper division has completely led you. I wrote: 'Daring is where in Newcastle,' but the 'nowhere' is strung out to such extent that it certainly looks like two words, and has caused you to read it, 'Daring is now here in castle.' " —London Answers.

Visitor—"Well, my little man, you like going to school?"
Man (aged six)—"Yes; but I like staying there."

Wife—"You don't seem to the dinner, dear. What's the matter?" Editor—"I was worried if there weren't some typographical errors in that cookery book yours."

"Blinks has a perfect mania condensing everything. Did hear how he proposed?" "No. held up an engagement ring the girl's eyes and said, 'And what did she say?' " "She nodded."

this moment I sincerely regret that I had come alone. He proved himself more than a for me, for he had penetrated my disguise, though I had failed to size him in his clever make-up. We had been something in on's tone that made me hope he would keep his word and release though I could not imagine his in doing so.

There could have been no other for his telegram from New- but to throw us off Daring's and the results had been too rous to permit of any more able solution.

The end of half an hour, Pres- same back, minus his disguise, without any explanation, told gather my men together and him.

spite of all my previous s, I could not help but be in him. Fortunately, I knew I could lay my hand on three men immediately.

en Preston led us through se- streets, and stopped in front of d mansion. He informed us the gang were playing cards in use, and, at a given signal, the would be given from the in-

The occupants would try to their escape by an under- passage to a hut in the rear, le the stone wall surrounding remises. All the men were des- ed to their various positions, t us two, who remained on the site side of the street.

eston was almost immediately l with a violent fit of coughing, then proceeded to light a cigar, s about to remonstrate with on the advisability of betraying presence with a light, when I lived that it was a signal to the occupants of the house.

the curtain of the second floor w was raised and instantly ed again. I had just time to the figure of a woman at the w in the interval while the w was up. Preston seized my sleeve and fairly dragged me to the hut.

ir plan was to wait till they all caged, and to emerge from hiding places and surprise them. ral figures were discernible in the light of a lantern, and we just ready to close in on them a shot was fired somewhere in of the house.

second shot was heard, and I d no longer bolted in the tion of the sound. I came out distance above the house, and conscious of a figure running tos me. I could have fired, but her plan suggested itself.

cting on the impulse, I threw myself on the ground in front of the ly-advancing figure, and a y man stumbled over me and fell length on his face. I was upon before he could recover, and my men beside me. The light of rk lantern revealed the scarred tenance of Daring. He was daz- the fall, and, leaving him in hands of the men, I hurried back to the hut.

in a short time Daring and the were safely locked up, and I comfortably discussing the ts of the evening with Preston the handsome woman, who turned out to be his wife.

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WITTICISMS OF A JUDGE | LONG CHASE FOR A FLEA

SO CALLED, BUT OFTEN GOOD, SOUND SENSE.

Sayings of the Late Famous Judge of the City of London Court.

Some day the sayings of the late ex-Commissioner Kerr, the famous judge of the city of London court, will probably be collected in book form. His death has suggested the idea that a few of the commissioner's pithy and caustic utterances during the long time he occupied the bench might now be acceptable. The learned judge said so many good things in his time that it is difficult to select from them for fear of leaving out something that is better, and still more difficult is it to present the things selected in that incisive style which has given them such additional emphasis as they fell from his lips.

A solicitor of reputed means and position who lived in style, being summoned for the non-payment of a sum due on a judgment obtained against him for immediate payment, the judge said he could not make an order.

The plaintiff's counsel—You have made many orders in this case previously.

The judge—Oh, I have done many wrong things in my life.

A plaintiff who sued for 19s. owing to him said he had seen the person he was suing strutting about the Stock Exchange, and had heard he tosed for sovereigns in public houses, but had never seen him do so.

The commissioner—Somebody has told you something. Never believe anything that you are told.

When an order for committal was once pressed for against a defendant on the strength of a statement that he got into everybody's debt and never attempted to pay, the judge replied that that was the fault of mankind in general in

TRUSTING THE DEFENDANT.

The law of England had no remedy for that sort of thing.

A claim having been brought against a man for money paid in respect of debts, the defendant's counsel said that the claim was for money paid in respect of bets, and raised the gambling act as a defense. The plaintiff's counsel submitted that this did not apply. In the course of the proceedings the plaintiff's counsel submitted that the defendant had won large sums of money from the plaintiff.

The judge—Supposing he has?

The plaintiff's counsel—It is very hard that these young people should receive very large sums, and yet not pay when they lose. This man has drawn hundreds of pounds.

The judge—I am glad of it. I only wish every one would act in the very same way. It would be a blessing to society.

The defendant's counsel said it was only assumed that the defendant had received large sums of money.

The judge—They are both tarred with the same stick. If they were both in the pillory it would be a blessing.

The defendant won the day, but it was not surprising that he got no costs.

A city young man was sued for a certain sum for clothes supplied to him. He raised the defence of 'infancy.' The learned judge asked what proof the defendant had that he was an 'infant' when he ordered the clothes. The defendant replied that he was 19 years of age at the time, and he produced his birth certificate to support his assertion.

The judge—You do not know that that birth certificate refers to you. Somebody has told you. Pay the

LONG CHASE FOR A FLEA | BIG EXPEDITIONS FOR LITTLE OBJECTS.

Gone to the Polar Regions for Specimens of a Rare Flea.

The Hon. Chas. Rothschild, the second son of Lord Rothschild, has recently dispatched an expedition to the Polar regions to collect specimens of the many rare fleas that abound there. The principal object of both crew and captain is to secure a flea of the Arctic fox, for which Mr. Rothschild has promised a reward of \$5,000. This particular specimen of the pulex irritans is to flea fanciers what the egg of the extinct great auk is to ornithologists. Two specimens only are known to have been brought to Europe, and neither are perfect.

The reason for this is not far to seek. Not only is the Arctic fox itself one of the rarest animals, but his fleas leave him as soon as he is dead. So it is to be surmised that the hardy explorers, if they are to succeed in their curious quest, will have to be both lucky and alert.

Their ship, the whaler *Forget-Me-Not*, was last reported off Newfoundland, where one of the scientists on board was interviewed by the aid of wireless telegraphy. He mentioned that they expected to collect, in addition to the insect mentioned above, specimens of the sea of the Polar bear, the reindeer, the Eskimo dog, the Arctic hare, and many other scarce animals.

In order to secure three specimens of an extremely small fresh-water crab inhabiting the vast swamps south of Lake Bangweolo, Carl Hertz spent two years in the interior of Central Africa. He had with him two white assistants, and eighty black porters. Both the former died, and of the latter, only twenty-two got back to the coast. So that these three tiny crustaceans, each no bigger than a two-shilling piece, and weighing altogether less than a couple of ounces, cost the lives of no fewer than

SIXTY HUMAN BEINGS.

Nevertheless, it has been held by scientists that the sacrifice was not made in vain. For the finding of this particular variety of crab, a distinctly marine type of organism originally, went far towards proving the truth of the theory all along held by geologists, namely, that the great African lakes were not formed in comparatively recent times by subsidence, but date back to an infinitely more remote period, when the salt waters of the ocean covered the whole central Congo basin.

Ten or twelve years back a certain large and exceedingly rare New Guinea butterfly was being greatly sought after by collectors. But the demand very much exceeded the supply. Indeed, so far, at all events, as the cabinets of European entomologists were concerned, no more than half a score or so of perfect specimens were known to exist; and even after the natives, urged thereto by the dealers at Port Moresby, had brought down to the coast a few dozen additional ones, a really good insect easily fetched fifty or sixty guineas in London or Paris.

It was under these circumstances that an adventurous and enterprising German, named Jacobsen, conceived the idea of setting forth alone to the chosen home of the butterfly, situated in the dense and trackless forests of the interior, near the head waters of the Fly River. He was warned that he was going to his death. But he was in no wise

ABOUT THE HUMAN BODY | HOW THE TIRED BODY REPOSES IN SECTIONS.

Considerable Quantity of Iron in the System—Mystery of the Ear.

Are you aware that you are a sort of perambulating metal mine? Man—and, indeed, nearly all kinds of living animals—has in his system a considerable quantity of iron. It is found in the more important organs, and there should also be a good deal in the blood. Babies possess a fairly large stock of iron, nearly three times as much, comparatively speaking, as adults.

Then in your bones there is a very large quantity of that metallic base of lime called calcium, while phosphorus is also present in bones in so large an amount that they are the main source of the world's supply of that valuable article.

Stranger still, there is in the human body quite an appreciable amount of arsenic. What there is of this poison is concentrated in the thyroid gland; and a small quantity is also to be found in the skin, hair, nails, and also in the bones and brain.

There are lots of odd things about our human frames which even doctors and other men of science have only lately discovered, and of which the average person is quite unaware. Few people know, for instance, that when we go to sleep the whole body does not sink into insensibility.

AT THE SAME MOMENT.

According to the researches of the French physiologist Cabanis, it is the muscles of the legs and arms which lose their power first. Next, those which support the head; and thirdly, the muscles which sustain the back. So, too, with the senses. The sense of sight sleeps first, then the sense of taste, and next the sense of smell. Hearing goes fourth, and last of all the sense of touch.

Probably you imagine that your pulse always beats with the same rapidity. This is quite a mistake. Your pulse varies with the temperature. There is a regular, annual rhythm which may be represented by something like a regular curve. Most curious of all, the annual rhythms of the pulse in men and women are quite different. A man's pulse beats more strongly in winter and fades to a minimum in summer. Woman's pulse, on the contrary, displays a winter minimum and a summer maximum.

Behind the bridge of your nose is a little cavity in the skull, the origin of which appears to be unknown. It probably was a gland consisting of two tiny lobes joined together, and is named the Sella turcica. Physiologists believe that this is the remains of a sixth sense which was of practical value to our antediluvian ancestors. But whether it enabled them to

SEE IN THE DARK

in days before they possessed fire, or helped them to find their way through trackless forests as wild beasts can to-day, or what other purpose it may have served, we do not, and probably never shall, know.

There is an unsolved mystery in the ear of every human being. The function of certain portions of the inner ear is not understood, but merely guessed at.

Within the ear are three small globe-shaped protuberances. These have their inner sides covered with small cells, each of which contains a tiny hair surrounded by a fluid. When you move sharply the hairs follow the motion, while the lymph naturally moves less rapidly. Thus

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The judge — You do not know that that birth certificate refers to you. Somebody has told you. Pay the money!

IN ANOTHER CASE

the defaulting 'infant' who was sued for a tailor's bill raised a plea of 'infancy' and said he had no father to supply him with clothes. 'If that is so,' said His Honor, 'the clothes are necessities, because in this country people can't go naked. The defendant must pay for the clothes.'

The proprietors of a provincial newspaper, having brought an action for the recovery of money due for the insertion of advertisements, the defendant's counsel said it was a point which he did not care to take, to call the court's attention to the fact that not one of the orders sued upon was stamped. The judge agreed, if the orders were above £5, and were in writing.

The defendant's counsel said that he regarded it as a public duty to call attention to the matter.

The plaintiff's counsel — It is an endeavor to get out of paying a just debt. Why does my friend talk about it being a public duty?

The learned commissioner — Public fiddlesticks!

As a plain speaker to the members of the legal profession, Commissioner Kerr stood unrivaled. He once observed to a solicitor appearing for certain defendants that the defendants had given notice to the plaintiffs that they could do this, that and the other. He did not understand what legal procedure was coming to. Attorneys in the present day did a great deal of talking and writing, instead of attending to their business. He could not listen to the application. There must be judgment for the plaintiffs, with costs.

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CENTENARIANS IN IRELAND.

In the "General Report" on the census of Ireland, just issued as a volume of 640 pages, attention is drawn to the fact that in every 100,000 of the population there was a decrease of 3,254 in the number under twenty years, as compared with 1891, and an increase of 2,490 in those in the period from twenty to twenty-five years, and of 764 in persons aged fifty-five and upward. The centenarians in 1901 numbered 497 (194 males and 303 females), in 1891, 578 (229 males and 349 females), and in 1881, 690 (224 males and 466 females). A male was returned on the present occasion as having reached the patriarchal age of 122 years.

Fearing that a mistake might possibly have been made, the statement was queried, and the enumerator furnished the following interesting information regarding the case. He stated that he and a merchant belonging to Clifden very minutely questioned the old man, who said that he remembered seeing the French fleet, in 1798, sailing off the west coast toward the north, at which time he was a young man about nineteen years of age.

Mrs. Korseley — 'I never see you lady friend with you now.' Miss Cunnen — 'No, but you may have noticed my lady friend's gentleman friend with me, so she's my lady en- emy now.'

perfect specimens were known to exist; and even after the natives, urged thereto by the dealers at Port Moresby, had brought down to the coast a few dozen additional ones, a really good insect easily fetched fifty or sixty guineas in London or Paris.

It was under these circumstances that an adventurous and enterprising German, named Jacobsen, conceived the idea of setting forth alone to the chosen home of the butterfly, situated in the dense and trackless forests of the interior, near the head waters of the Fly River. He was warned that he was going to his death. But he was in no wise deterred. Butterflies at fifty guineas apiece were, he opined, worth risking even life for. So he set out, one fine May morning, with butterfly net in one hand, and a revolver in the other, and a knapsack filled with provisions and quinine slung over his shoulder.

Eighteen months passed by, and the intrepid collector had long been given up for lost, when early one morning, an emaciated, fever-weak-

WRECK OF HUMANITY

struggled into Finschhafen, a small coast town in the extreme east of Kaiser Wilhelm's Land. It was Jacobsen. His revolver had gone—bartered for food. So had his compass, his kit, and what little money he had taken with him. But tightly clasped in one skeleton-like hand he held an old cigar-box, and within it were more than a hundred of the coveted insects. They netted him eventually over \$12,500.

Even more remarkable, perhaps, was the expedition into the interior of Brazil, which was undertaken some few years back by a half-caste orchid-hunter, named Manuel Garcia. In search of one particular blossom, he wandered during nearly four years in the pathless forests lying between the head waters of the Amazon proper, and its great tributary, the Maderia. He had been taunted by his employer, a Portuguese trader of Santarem, with cowardice and lack of enterprise, because he had returned without it from an earlier journey; and the reproof so rankled in his mind that he vowed to be successful next time, even if he had to spend half a lifetime to accomplish his end.

His privations were frightful. On one occasion he lived for a week on the carcass of a puma. At another time monkeys formed his sole sustenance for over a month; and, as he had no means just then of making a fire, he was forced to eat them raw. But, at last, on the shores of the almost unknown Lake Boguado, he came across the long-looked-for bloom. Six months later he was back with it at Santarem, only to find that another hunter had two years previously discovered a number of other similar specimens in comparatively close proximity to the town.—Pearson's Weekly.

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He — 'What do you think of thi talk about a family being able to live on \$5 a week?' She — 'No Arthur; I don't believe it can be done; but I will gladly be a siste to you.'

'Get up, Bobbie!' called his mother from the bottom of the stairs. 'You know the early bird gets the worm.' 'Is that all you got for breakfast?' replied Bobbie sleepily, as he turned over for another snooze.

'It's easy enough to make friends,' said Spenders bitterly, 'but pretty hard to keep them.' 'Oh, I don't know,' replied Lenders. 'I've got a number of friends who seem perfectly willing to let me keep them.'

or helped them to find their way through trackless forests as wild beasts can to-day, or what other purpose it may have served, we do not, and probably never shall, know.

There is an unsolved mystery in the ear of every human being. The function of certain portions of the inner ear is not understood, but merely guessed at.

Within the ear are three small globe-shaped protuberances. These have their inner sides covered with small cells, each of which contains a tiny hair surrounded by a fluid. When you move sharply the hairs follow the motion, while the lymph naturally moves less rapidly. Thus the hairs are bent in a direction opposite to that of the movement, and by means of delicate nerves the irritation thus produced is telegraphed direct to the brain.

It is supposed that by means of these hairs swimming in lymph the sensation we call dizziness is caused when we rotate rapidly, as in dancing. It is also believed that sea-sickness has something to do with the same phenomenon. It has been noticed that some persons, when suffering from ear diseases that have destroyed parts of the inner ear, have found it difficult or impossible to maintain their balance when standing upright with eyes closed. It is therefore possible that these peculiar ear-organs contain some inexplicable sense not generally classified, as such—the static sense, or sense of balance.—London Answers.

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GAMBLING PROFITS BIG.

A Man in Mexico Who Makes \$2,000,050 a Year.

Did you ever hear of the 'man who broke the bank at Camaná?' Possibly not, as the Camaná gambling resort has not attained the fame and prestige which is given to Monte Carlo. The bank is there, and it equals if it does not exceed its better known rival in the domain of the prince of Monaco.

Frank L. Proctor is the ruler of this gambling territory. In extent it is far greater than the territory of the prince. It occupies an entire state in Mexico. Frank Proctor has absolute sway over the state of Sonora. The government of Mexico has given him a long term lease on the gambling privileges.

Camaná is the richest and largest mining camp in Mexico. It is in the center of Proctor's gambling principality. Not many years ago Proctor, now prince of Camaná, was a cowboy in Arizona, not extremely well fixed in this world's goods.

Not many years ago W. C. Green married a daughter of Proctor and afterwards managed to attract some eastern capital to mining schemes he had on foot in Sonora. To-day he owns a \$30,000,000 copper mine. Through Green Proctor was provided with the gambling privilege in the state. The concession gives him the income of a multi-millionaire.

Over the gambling tables at Camaná it is said that \$20,000 passes every night. Some days the total amount has run up to \$200,000. It requires 500 men to operate the tables, and a profit of \$2,000,000 a year is derived from that place alone.

Not only does Proctor control the gambling of Camaná, but also that of Hermosillo, Guaymas, and Alamos. When it is understood that the population of Sonora would rather gamble than eat it may be appreciated what an enormous sum passes into Proctor's hands annually.

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There are seven deaths in France for every six in England.

LEADING MARKETS.

The Basing Prices in Live Stock and Breadstuffs.

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, March 17. — Wheat — Is quiet. Cars of No. 2 red and white sold to-day at 69½ to 70c for middle freights. Goose is steady at 65c to 66c for No. 2 east. Spring is steady at 70c bid for No. 1 east. Manitoba wheat is steady at 84c for No. 1 hard Owen Sound, at 87c for No. 1 hard, 85c for No. 1 northern and 84c for No. 2 northern, all rail, North Bay.

Flour is steady at \$2.65 bid for cars of Ontario 90 per cent. patents in buyers bags, and \$2.70 asked, middle freights and east. Choice brands are held at 15c to 20c higher. Manitoba flour is steady at \$4.40 to \$4.50 for cars of Hungarian patents and \$4.05 to \$4.10 for strong bakers', bags included, on the track Toronto.

Millfeed — Is steady at \$17.50 for cars of shorts and \$16.50 for bran in bulk, east or middle freights. Manitoba shorts are quoted at \$21 and bran at \$19 to \$20 for cars, sacks included, Toronto freights.

Barley — Is steady at 45c for No. 3 extra and 42c for No. 3, east or middle freights.

Buckwheat — Is dull at 47c to 50c for No. 2 east.

Rye — Is steady at 50½c for No. 2 east and 49½c middle freights.

Corn — Owing to the bad condition of the country roads offerings of Canada corn are light. The market for it is steady at 44½c for mixed and 45c for yellow west. American is steady at 51½c for No. 3 mixed and 52½c for No. 2 yellow, on the track, Toronto.

Oats — Are steady. Notices are being sent by the trade here to farmers, advising them, as the demand for pure milling oats in Ontario is now quite heavy, to be very careful in selecting seed so as to avoid getting wild oats and barley mixed with the grain. Choice Ontario oats, unmixed with other grain, command a premium in the Canadian markets now for home milling. No. 1 white are quoted at 32c and No. 2 white at 31c east; No. 2 white are quoted at 30c to 30½c middle freights.

Oatmeal — Is steady at \$3.80 for cars of bags and \$3.95 for barrels on the track Toronto, and 25c more for broken lots.

Peas — Are steady at 69c for No. 2 high freights west, 71c east and 70c middle freights.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Butter — Receipts were slightly heavier to-day, but there is not more than enough stuff than the demand calls for. Quotations generally continue steady and unchanged.

Creamery, prints ... 2½c to 2¾c
do solids ... 19c to 20c
do do held ... 17½c to 18c
Dairy, best tubs ... 17c to 17½c
do medium ... 14c to 15c
do pound rolls ... 17½c to 18½c
do large rolls ... 16½c to 17½c

Cheese — Trade continues quiet, with prices about unchanged at 13c per lb., and 13½c for twins, in job lots here.

Eggs — To-day's bright weather brought more new laid eggs to the market and prices for this kind have a slightly easier tendency. Quotations are 16c to 17c per dozen. A considerable number of sales were made at both these figures to-day. Cold storage stocks continue dull and steady at 9c to 10c.

Potatoes — The market is about steady with the demand and the offerings pretty well balanced. Carrots on the track here are quoted at

Pasis, March 17. — Opening — Wheat, tone quiet; March, 22½ 60c; May and August, 23½ 15c. Flour, tone quiet; March, 30½ 35c; May and August, 30½ 55c. Weather in France cloudy. French country markets dull.

NEWFOUNDLAND'S WEALTH

Mineral Production Averages \$160 Annually Per Capita.

During the last five years the ore mined in Newfoundland has been appraised at a valuation of \$18,949,120. The population of Newfoundland is 225,000, which gives \$804 per head for five years or \$160 per head per annum. This is not a bad showing for Great Britain's first and most ancient Colony. Of course in estimating the value of the ores, it is based upon the metallic contents and the averaging ruling prices for the period covered. The value of the non-metallic minerals is their selling price in the local and foreign markets, less the cost of production. For its population Newfoundland is one of the greatest mineral producing countries in the world.

The total values of the ores mined in Newfoundland during the last five years is tabulated as follows:

Brick	.....	.....	\$ 47,854
Building stone	.....	.....	7,400
Chromite	.....	.....	68,318
Coal	.....	.....	31,600
Cobble stone	.....	.....	2,500
Copper	.....	.....	4,576,476
Gold	.....	.....	266,494
Granite	.....	.....	48,718
Iron	.....	.....	13,113,117
Lime	.....	.....	975
Manganese	.....	.....	18,000
Mica	.....	.....	660
Paving stone	.....	.....	55,700
Pyrite	.....	.....	676,081
Silver	.....	.....	4,227
Slate	.....	.....	36,000
			\$18,949,120

HAPPIER ERA FOR IRELAND.

Exhibition Shows All Classes Working for Common Good.

A despatch from Cork says: Vastly important to the success of the Greater Cork Exhibition of 1903 is the decision of the Irish railways, announced on Wednesday night, to transport exhibits to and from the raw material and mineral sections free. The committee of the exhibition states that the display of the natural wealth of Ireland is now assured on a scale of completeness and magnitude hitherto unknown. It is pointed out that the wealthy and the poor of the country are learning how to work together for the common good. This tendency toward unity of constructive energy is influencing the attitude of the leaders of the English governing class favorably to Irish aspirations. It is said that next year's show, which will be the greatest that Ireland has ever attempted, promises to mark the beginning of a happier era as far as regards Anglo-Irish relations.

EIGHT MONTHS' TRADE.

Canada's Imports and Exports Show Large Increase.

A despatch from Ottawa says: For the eight months of the present fiscal year the exports and imports entered for consumption were \$291,284,240, as compared with \$263,475,284 during the same period in 1902, or an increase in the aggregate trade of \$27,808,956. The exports of domestic produce exceeded the imports by \$12,885,004. The principal increases in exports for the eight months were: Manufactures, \$1,750,000; products of the farm, \$16,000,000; and of the forest, \$3,

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

Speech From the Throne at the Opening of the House.

In the Ontario Legislature on Tuesday of last week, Chief Justice Moss, in the absence of the Lieutenant-Governor, delivered the following

SPEECH FROM THE THRONE.

Mr. Justice Moss then delivered the following address from the throne, after which the House adjourned until 3 o'clock to-morrow. Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

I have much pleasure in welcoming you to your duties as representatives of the people at this the first session of a new Parliament.

In common with all his Majesty's subjects throughout the British Empire we rejoice at the coronation of Edward VII. as "King of Great Britain and Ireland and his Majesty's Dominions beyond the seas," and as loving subjects we sincerely pray that he may long be spared to occupy the throne of his ancestors as the sovereign of a loyal, contented and prosperous people.

On the 18th of December last a conference of Provincial Premiers and Ministers was held in the city of Quebec for the purpose of considering the financial relations of the provinces to the Dominion. The conference, after coming to certain conclusions, subsequently met at Ottawa and submitted their conclusions to the Dominion Government. A full report of the proceedings will be laid before you.

During the past year a greater area of the arable lands of the Crown was located by settlers than in any recent year in the history of the Crown Lands Department. The immigration from the United Kingdom was exceptionally large; the arrivals reported to the Department in Toronto being nearly double those of any previous year.

Under the legislation providing land grants for military service, about six thousand certificates have already been issued. A large number of claims awaiting settlement will be disposed of as soon as their validity is established. An amendment to the act enabling the more recent contingents to South Africa to share in these grants, will be submitted.

The progress which is being made in the leading branches of mining is matter for congratulation. The output last year was the largest in the history of the industry. Special attention is being given to the deposits of nickel-copper and iron ore, which constitute so important a part of the mineral wealth—yet largely undeveloped—of northern Ontario.

The lumber trade continues active, the revenue for Crown dues for the past year being the largest in the history of the province.

I am pleased to notice that the past year has been one of exceptional prosperity in every department of agriculture, not the least significant evidence being the improved quality of our dairy produce, bacon, beef, and poultry.

The thanks of the country are due to the estate of the late Mr. Hart A. Massey for the timely gift of a new library building, and also to Sir William Macdonald for his generosity in providing for a building on the campus of the Agricultural College devoted to domestic science. These munificent gifts show the growing interest of influential citizens in agricultural education, and will greatly assist in the work of the college.

The work of the Farmers' Institutes has grown steadily; special fruit institutes, held in the orchard, have been very helpful: the

Bills will be submitted for the consolidation of the Municipal Act and for the revision of the Assessment Act.

The reports of the various departments of the public service will be laid before you, including the first report of the commission for the construction of the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway.

The estimates for the current year will, at an early date, be submitted for your approval. They will be found to have been prepared with the efficiency of the public service.

I feel assured that your legislative labors during the present session will be characterized by the same earnest care and thought as have heretofore marked the work of the Legislative Assembly of Ontario.

NEW RAILWAY.

Crown Attorney Curry introduced a deputation of American and Canadian capitalists to Premier Ross and laid before him a proposal to construct a railway from N. Liskeard to Lake Obabika. The cost, they thought, would be \$2,000 per mile, and they want large concessions for colonization purposes or a cash subsidy. They were to be the Premier to put their request in writing.

CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

The provincial inspector of charitable institutions, Dr. Chamberlain, in a statement he has prepared shows that there are thirty-five charitable institutions in Toronto exclusive of the asylum, receiving \$5,203.24 from the Government, a last year 2,571 persons were cared for in them. As far as he can ascertain, he says, the city aids twenty-seven of them to the extent of \$608.06, and in addition to the last year \$11,000 for outdoor relief work, making a total of \$7,608.07 spent for charitable purposes. In the other towns and cities of the province there are similar institutions, which cared for 4,286 inmates last year, and received \$117,003.05 from the Government, and thus, Dr. Chamberlain points out, it will be seen that Toronto gets more money in proportion from the Government than any province as a whole.

LA SOUFRIERE ERUPTION.

Produced a Most Impressive Geological Change.

A despatch from Kingstown, Vincent, says that Prof. E. Hovey, assistant curator of the American Museum of Natural History, reports that the eruption of the volcano La Soufriere during past eight months has produced one of the most impressive geological changes in his experience. A vast amount of ash eroded from the slopes of the mountain, at a moderate estimate 25,000,000 tons, fallen into the Wallibou Valley all. He says it is useless to predict what the volcano will do in the future. It is now somewhat more active than in May and June, 1902.

CATTLE RENDERED IMMUNE.

Tuberculosis Serum Effective on Children.

A despatch from Vienna says Prof. Behring, the discoverer of diphtheria serum, in a lecture on Thursday, gave the details of latest discovery, which is a serum means of which cattle can be made perfectly immune to tuberculosis. He said that after inoculating cattle with the serum he had injected them tubercle dissolved in water the proportion of four milligram of bacilli to four cubic centime of water. He had thus treated n

do large rolls ... 16 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 17 $\frac{1}{2}$ c
Cheese—Trade continues quiet, with prices about unchanged at 13c per lb., and 13 $\frac{1}{2}$ c for twins, in job lots here.

Eggs.—To-day's bright weather brought more new laid eggs to the market and prices for this kind have a slightly easier tendency. Quotations are 16c to 17c per dozen. A considerable number of sales were made at both these figures to-day. Cold storage stocks continue dull and steady at 9c to 10c.

Potatoes.—The market is about steady with the demand and the offerings pretty well balanced. Car lots on the track here are quoted at \$1.05 to \$1.10, and potatoes out of store at \$1.15 to \$1.20 per bag.

Baled Hay.—The market is decidedly dull, with receipts heavy and the demand quiet. Stocks are accumulating and prices are easier. Car lots of No. 1 timothy on the track here are quoted at \$8 to \$9 per ton.

Baled Straw.—There is plenty of stuff coming forward, while the demand is light. The market is about steady at \$5 per ton for car lots on the track here.

CATTLE MARKETS.

There was considerable drag in the cattle market to-day, sales being slow in all lines. There was a very large percentage of poor quality cattle offering, and the local butchers' trade was slow, with prices on the whole easy for the kind of stuff offering. Light butcher cattle of first-class quality were scarce, and buyers were not eager for the inferior quality of heavier cattle. A considerable number of rough cattle were, therefore, left over unsold. For the export trade there is still a lack of boat space, and the export dealers are pretty well loaded up with stock that they are not able to ship.

Export, heavy ... \$4.40 \$4.50

Export cattle, light ... 3.75 4.00

Bulls, export, cwt. ... 3.50 4.00

do light ... 3.00 3.50

Feeders, light, 800 lbs.

and upwards ... 3.00 3.50

Stockers, 400 to 800

lbs. ... 2.00 2.75

do 900 lbs. ... 3.25

Butchers' cattle, choice 4.00 4.40

do medium ... 3.50 3.75

do picked ... 4.25 4.40

do bulls ... 3.00 3.25

do rough ... 2.75 3.25

Light stock bulls, cwt. 2.25 3.00

Milch cows ... 30.00 50.00

Hogs, best ... 6.10

do light ... 5.65

Sheep, export, cwt. ... 3.75 4.25

Bucks ... 2.50 2.75

Culls ... 2.25 2.50

Lambs ... 4.75 5.60

Calves, each ... 2.00 10.00

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KING SEES BUFFALO BILL.

Accompanies Queen and Royal Family to the Show.

A despatch from London says:—King Edward and Queen Alexandra, Prince and Princess Charles of Denmark, Princess Victoria, Princess Victoria of Wales, Prince George and Prince Henry of Wales, Lord Knollys private secretary to the King, and Lady Knollys, Sir Dighton Probey, Keeper of the Privy Purse and Extra Equerry to the King, Major-General Sir Stanley Clarke, Equerry-in-Waiting to his Majesty; Lady Howe and Lady Ampthill, visited Buffalo Bill's Wild West Show at the Olympia on Saturday afternoon. An elaborate new royal box fronting the arena had been especially constructed for the occasion. At the conclusion of the performance, and after tea had been served, the party was taken behind the scenes at the express wish of the King.

TO PREVENT SEASICKNESS.

French Naval Officer Invents a Novel Vessel.

A despatch from Paris says: M. Turch, a French naval officer, has invented a vessel which he believes will prevent seasickness. It may be briefly described as a submarine boat supporting a platform. The boilers, engines, and steering gear are within the submarine boat, which is submerged twelve feet. From the submarine boat rise vertically two floaters, by which communication is maintained between the boat and platform. The latter contains cabins, and rises thirty feet above the sea. The inventor claims that it will neither roll nor pitch, this result being obtained by establishing a counter-roll to the roll of the waves. The vessel's displacement is 6,300 tons, and it has a speed of nineteen knots.

ETHIOPIA'S ROUGH VOYAGE.

Had a Stormy Passage of Seventeen Days.

A despatch from New York says: The steamer Ethopia arrived here on Wednesday after a stormy passage of 17 days. She encountered a terrific gale of hurricane force, accompanied by a high head sea in which she could barely make headway, and at times was driven back. The storm continued during the first five days, during which the ship made less than 100 miles. Carpenter Drape, disappeared during the storm, and is thought to have been washed overboard. Mrs. Christiana McCulloch, a second cabin passenger, died March 1 from heart failure, and was buried at sea. More than 100 icebergs were sighted on the voyage.

proved quality of our dairy produce, bacon, beef, and poultry.

The thanks of the country are due to the estate of the late Mr. Hart A. Massey for the timely gift of a new library building, and also to Sir William Macdonald for his generosity in providing for a building on the campus of the Agricultural College devoted to domestic science. These munificent gifts show the growing interest of influential citizens in agricultural education, and will greatly assist in the work of the college.

The work of the Farmers' Institutes has grown steadily; special fruit institutes, held in the orchard, have been very helpful; the Women's Institutes have increased in number, and are so promising that you will be asked for special assistance to carry on this work.

The vote polled on the 4th of December last in favor of the Liquor Act of 1902, though not large enough to bring the Act into force, may, nevertheless, be taken as an expression of the electors favoring further legislation with respect to the liquor traffic. A measure with this object in view will be submitted for your consideration.

It is greatly to be regretted that, notwithstanding the liberal provision heretofore made for the insane, the accommodation is still inadequate, and I trust you will find it possible to meet fully the necessities of this unfortunate class of the people.

It is gratifying to notice that many County Councils have provided for the indigent of their own counties by the establishment of Houses of Refuge. Some counties, however, have no other refuge for destitute persons than the county jail, and it is the intention of the Government to submit legislation for the further extension of this system of public charity.

In order to better suppress contagious diseases in many parts of the province, it appears to be necessary to secure more effective co-operation of the municipalities with the measures adopted by the Legislature. Your attention will be called to a bill for this purpose.

I have been pleased to notice the highly beneficial results that have attended the creation in 1893 of the branch of the public service charged with the care of neglected and dependent children. Under its operation foster homes have been provided for over two thousand destitute children, assuring their growth in all that makes for good citizenship.

The legislation of 1897 providing for supervising and regulating the importation of children from the British Isles, has, I am pleased to say, resulted in a more careful selection of children intended for settlement in this province, and in the greater comfort and security from injustice of all children for whom homes may be found under the act.

You will be pleased to know that great progress has been made during the year in the development of technical education and manual training in the Public and Normal schools of the province. The growth of the Provincial University shows the increased interest taken in higher education, while the demand for the better training of teachers in Public and Separate schools, calls for the extension of the Normal school term. You will be asked to consider legislation with regard to these matters.

In view of the great demand for electrical power for industrial and other uses, it is desirable that the utmost facility should be afforded, through municipal control or otherwise, for the utilization to these ends of the water powers of the province. A bill to provide for this object will be laid before you.

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A despatch from Vienna says: Prof. Behring, the discoverer of diphtheria serum, in a lecture on Thursday, gave the details of latest discovery, which is a serum means of which cattle can be perfectly immune to tuberculosis. He said that after inoculating cattle with the serum he had injected them tubercle dissolved in water the proportion of four milligrams of bacilli to four cubic centimes of water. He had thus treated more than a hundred cattle, and none affected by tuberculosis. He claimed that this proved absolutely that child treated with the serum would be immune from consumption life. He also claimed that tuberculosis in young children could be cured with the serum, but said would not be effective in case adults. Prof. Behring supports theory that consumption is neither hereditary nor infectious. A child, however, is naturally susceptible to the disease.

NONE TO TELL THE TALE.

Bandits Hold Up a Stage and Murder Everybody.

Los Angeles, Cal., March 13. despatch from Tucson, Ariz says: Mexican bandits held up stage which runs between Potomac, on the Yaqui River, in Sonora, last Tuesday night, killing all of the six passengers. Among them was Filiberto Alverado, a wealthy Mexican, who owns a number of ranches along the Yaqui River. Hold-up took place about half between the two towns, but how the stage was attacked never be known, as all of the passengers and driver were killed.

DESTITUTE IN LONDON.

Canadian Members of Constabulary to Return.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Thirty Canadians who belonged to the South African Constabulary landed in London without money and have applied to Lord St. John to provide them transport to the Dominion. Hon. Clifford Thornton was applied to in the matter and will afford them the necessary relief out of a fund in the Immigration Department that is available to help Canadians abroad back to the Dominion.

GERMANY ECONOMIZING.

Series \$1,500,000 For New Building Out of Estimates.

A despatch from Berlin says: The Reichstag Appropriation Committee is continuing its policy of retrenchment. It struck out on Tuesday \$1,500,000 which the ministry wanted for the purchase of a site for the new Navy Department building, making \$8,188,750 stand out of the naval budget alone.

NATAL REBELS PARDONED.

Proclamation Issued Announcing That All Are Free.

A despatch from Pietermaritzburg says: A proclamation has been issued by Col. Sir Edward McCauley, Governor of Natal, announcing King Edward had pardoned all sons accused of treason and offences arising from the Boer who have not been tried. His Majesty has also pardoned all the offenders of such acts. The Treason Court has been dissolved.

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feel assured that your legislation during the present session will be characterized by the earnest care and thoughtful attention as have heretofore marked work of the Legislative Assembly of Ontario.

NEW RAILWAY.

rown Attorney Curry introduced a delegation of American and Canadian capitalists to Premier Ross, and laid before him a proposal to construct a railway from Newmarket to Lake Obitibee. The latter, they thought, would be £20,000 per mile, and they want land cessions for colonization purposes and a cash subsidy. They were told the Premier to put their request writing.

CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS. The provincial inspector of charitable institutions, Dr. Chamberlain, a statement he has prepared, says that there are thirty-one charitable institutions in Toronto, exclusive of the asylum, receiving 203.24 from the Government, and in the year 2,571 persons were cared for in them. As far as he can ascertain, he says, the city aids twenty-one of them to the extent of \$65,006, and in addition to this last year \$11,000 for outdoor relief work, making a total of \$76,007 spent for charitable purposes. In the other towns and cities of the province there are 101 charitable institutions, which cared for 36 inmates last year, and received \$117,003.05 from the Government, and thus, Dr. Chamberlain points out, it will be seen that Toronto gets more money in proportion from the Government than the province as a whole.

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despatch from Kingston, St. C., says that Prof. E. O. Sey, assistant curator of the American Museum of Natural History, reports that the eruption of the volcano La Soufrière during the eight months has produced one of the most impressive geological changes in his experience. A vast amount of ash eroded from the base of the mountain, at a moderate estimate 25,000,000 tons, has fallen into the Wallibou Valley alone. It is useless to predict what the volcano will do in the future. It is now somewhat more active than May and June, 1902.

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DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL'S SPEECH FROM THE THRONE.

An Ottawa despatch says: Parliament was opened at three o'clock on Thursday afternoon by Lord Minto. There was a large attendance at the opening ceremonies, and the interest manifested in the event was as great as in past years.

His Excellency the Governor-General was accompanied from the Government House by an escort of the Princess Louise Dragoon Guards, and was received on his arrival at the Parliament Buildings by a guard of honor from the Governor-General's Foot Guards. The band of this regiment was present and supplied the music.

SPEECH FROM THE THRONE.

Lord Minto proceeded to the Senate Chamber and delivered the following speech from the throne:

Honorable Gentlemen of the Senate, Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

I am glad to be able to congratulate you on the continued prosperity that prevails throughout the Dominion. Canada has received many blessings during the past year which call for the expression of our heartfelt gratitude to a kind Providence. I had the pleasure of visiting London last summer in anticipation of the coronation of his Majesty, and to meet on that occasion representatives from all parts of the Empire, bringing with them assurances of the loyalty and contentment that prevails throughout his Majesty's widely-extended possessions, and though at one time fears were entertained that the King's illness would have involved a further postponement of the ceremonies, it was a source of much joy and happiness to his Majesty's subjects that his health was so speedily and perfectly restored.

COLONIAL CONFERENCE.

Representatives of this Government participated in the important Colonial Conference, which was called by his Majesty's Government in connection with the coronation. The report of the proceedings of the conference, including the documents submitted by the Canadian representatives, has already been given to the public by his Majesty's Government in London. I feel assured that much good will result from bringing the leading public men of the great self-governing colonies into direct contact with each other and with the statesmen from other lands.

COMMISSION ON TRANSPORTATION.

The great influx of population into our Northwestern Territories and the very large additional areas of fertile land which are being brought under cultivation combine to further press upon us the need for increased transportation facilities for the forwarding of our grain and other products to the markets of the world through Canadian channels.

The whole question of transportation and terminal facilities continues to occupy much attention, and my Government will immediately appoint a commission of experienced men to report on the subject.

ALASKAN BOUNDARY.

A treaty has been entered into between his Majesty and the Government of the United States, under which the proper delimitation of the boundaries between Canada and Alaska is to be judicially determined by a tribunal of six impartial jurists of repute.

REDISTRIBUTION BILL.

As a result of the recent decennial census the representation of the different provinces must be readjusted, as required by the British North

to a penitentiary. Still another Government measure regulates the question of fees in connection with the publication of the statutes.

The Minister of Justice also introduced a bill to amend the Criminal Code by prohibiting the presentation of immoral and indecent plays, and imposing more severe punishment for those engaging in them.

Mr. Fitzpatrick's seventh bill was to amend the Controversy Elections Act, and provides that election trials need not necessarily take place in the county affected.

Mr. Casgrain was informed that the Government had under consideration the question of increasing the salaries of the judges.

Mr. Bennett was told by Mr. Patterson that the grain receipts at lake ports during last year were as follows: Midland, 15,017,700 bushels; Depot Harbor, 12,710,303; Collingwood, 2,447,824; Owen Sound, 1,794,887; Meaford, 2,563,311; Goderich, 2,226,660; Kingston, 6,848,000; Prescott, 977,490.

NAVAL ESTIMATES.

Introduced in British House by Admiralty Secretary.

A despatch from London says:—Admiralty Secretary Arnold Forster on Monday introduced in the House of Commons the navy estimates for 1903-4 providing for an expenditure of \$179,194,205. In the course of an explanatory statement, the Secretary remarked that the estimates were unparalleled in peace or war, and as a private citizen he could not help regretting that the great competition and rivalry in the matter of naval armaments continued to make this enormous and unproductive expenditure necessary. After mentioning the various increases, the Secretary said the Admiralty proposes to complete this year six new battleships, 11 armored cruisers, and one second-class cruiser, two sloops-of-war, four torpedo-boat destroyers, eight torpedo boats, and three submarine boats. He also asked the House to sanction the commencement of three battleships of a very formidable type, four first-class, and three third-class cruisers, four very fast vessels to be used as scouts, 15 torpedo-boat destroyers, and 10 submarine boats. The increase in the gun power of the ships said the Secretary, is steadily progressing, while standardization is augmenting the efficiency of all the work. He incidentally mentioned that 21 obsolete vessels had been withdrawn during the year 1902-3, the largest number on record, and said that on April 1 there will be under construction the enormous total of 71 ships, namely:—11 battleships, 19 armored cruisers, two second-class cruisers, four third-class cruisers, four scouts, two sloops, 18 torpedo-boat destroyers, eight torpedo boats, and three submarine boats.

WINNIPEG BURGLARIES

Burglars Enter Residence of Lieut.-Governor.

A despatch from Winnipeg says:—Six more robberies have been committed since Saturday. Government House was one of the places burglarized. Another house entered was next door to that of the chief detective and another right opposite that of the chief of police. It is evident there is more than one man in it. On Friday night a man was surprised in a house and left his boots, escaping in his stocking feet. Several arrests on suspicion have been made, but nothing came of them. The list totals up about twenty burglaries in two weeks, and the gang has made a rich haul in cash, into which they easily converted

NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

The Very Latest Items From All Parts of the Globe.

DOMINION.

Brantford will do its own street watering this year.

Wiarton is agitating for an independent telephone service.

Guelph will hold a Horse Show on 4th, 5th and 6th of June.

The Extension coal mines at Nanaimo, B.C., will be closed, throwing 1,000 men out of work.

The Ontario Colonization Society will co-operate with Francis Clergue in settling the Algoma district.

The price of a hair cut will advance to 25 cents and a shave will cost 15 cents in Woodstock after May first.

All the patients in the Victoria Hospital, London, who were injured in the Wanstead wreck, have been discharged.

A bill will come before the Quebec Legislature authorizing the establishment of a school to promote technical education.

Roman Catholic and Protestant schools in Montreal have requested increased appropriations from the Montreal Council.

The application to Parliament for the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway charter has been amended so as to include a road from Gravenhurst to Quebec.

The full court of Manitoba has given judgment that the Territorial Government has the right to tax the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for school purposes. The Manitoba appeals were dismissed.

Montreal City Council will seek permission to enlarge, by expropriation, Gallery square, St. Lawrence street, St. Antoine street, Notre Dame street and Amherst street.

FOREIGN.

Fourteen hundred Greek emigrants left Greece last week for the United States.

Smallpox is still very prevalent in Liverpool, especially in Toxteth Park.

Nearly 30,000 tons of dressed Portland stone will be used in the erection of the new War Office building in Pall Mall, London.

Mount Vesuvius has again become active. The volcano is throwing up fire and ashes and presenting an imposing spectacle.

It is announced in Rome that the German Emperor will visit the Eternal City next May, and the Czar of Russia is coming in November.

The emigration figures for February show that during the past month 1,614 persons of English birth, 151 Scotch, 119 Irish and 2,014 of foreign descent, left Great Britain for Canada.

Nearly 4,000 men in Indiana were forced into idleness on Saturday by the closing of the factories of the American Window Glass Company.

A further attempt will be made to cut out the train which has been snowbound in the interior of Newfoundland for thirty days.

The romance of the former Archduke Leopold, who gave up rank, titles, and fortune for Mlle. Adanovics, is ended, as the Archduke has spent all his money, and the mademoiselle will return to the music hall from which Leopold took her.

After writing "To my fond and good husband, good-bye; I am a nuisance to myself and everybody else," a Belfast woman who had been ill for months, propped herself up

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ONE TO TELL THE TALE.

bits Hold Up a Stage Coach and Murder Everybody.

Los Angeles, Cal., March 13. — A batch from Tucson, Arizona, says Mexican bandits held up the stage which runs between Potomac and in, on the Yaqui River, in Sonora.

Last Tuesday night, killing all but six passengers. Among them Filiberto Alverado, a wealthy Mexican, who owns a number of ranches along the Yaqui River. The hold-up took place about half way between the two towns, but just before the stage was attacked will be known, as all of the passengers and driver were killed.

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Slamation Issued Announcing That All Are Free.

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and terminal facilities continues to occupy much attention, and my Government will immediately appoint a commission of experienced men to report on the subject.

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REDISTRIBUTION BILL.

As a result of the recent decennial census the representation of the different provinces must be re-adjusted, as required by the British North America Act, and a bill will be introduced for that purpose. Bills with respect to the creation of a Railway Commission, the amendment of the patent laws, the Militia Act, Chinese Immigration, the re-organization of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, the settlement of railway labor disputes, and various other subjects, will be submitted to you.

TO THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons: The public accounts will be laid before you, and also the estimates for the coming year, which have been prepared with due regard to economy and the rapid growth of the Dominion.

Hon. Gentlemen of the Senate; Gentlemen of the House of Commons: I pray that in the consideration of these matters and in the performance of all the labors which will devolve on you, your deliberations, under Divine guidance, will tend still to increase the prosperity and happiness of our people.

NOTICES OF BILLS.

Mr. Low — To amend the Canada Temperance Act.

Mr. Clancy — To amend the Dominion Elections Act.

Mr. Scott — To amend the railway Act.

Sir Wm. Mulock — To aid in the settlement of railway labor disputes.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier has also given notice of a bill to regulate and restrict Chinese immigration, which will provide for increasing the poll tax on Chinese to \$500.

ESTIMATES PRESENTED.

Mr. Fielding presented the estimates for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1904.

ST. JAMES ELECTION.

The Speaker read the record of the Supreme Court in the matter of the St. James election appeal, to the effect that the appeal was dismissed with costs.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. Charlton introduced a bill to amend the Railway Act. It provides for changing the minimum amount subsidized railroads can receive on account of work done from \$60,000 to \$30,000. Mr. Charlton also introduced a bill to amend the Dominion Election Act.

Mr. Lancaster introduced a bill to amend the Railway Act. It provides that Railway Companies shall furnish proper cattle guards at the highway crossings.

Mr. Fitzpatrick introduced a bill which provides that when a Supreme or Superior Court judge has attained the age of seventy-five and has served as judge for twenty years or more, or when he has attained the age of sixty-five and has served as judge for thirty years, he may be retired on full pay.

Mr. Fitzpatrick also introduced a bill to amend the Expropriation Act, which will permit the Government to acquire a portion of any property required for public purposes. Another bill removes doubts as to the right of the Yukon Council to summon jurors; another bill makes provision whereby juvenile offenders may be removed from a reformatory.

Lieut.-Governor.

A despatch from Winnipeg says:—Six more robberies have been committed since Saturday. Government House was one of the places burglarized. Another house entered was next door to that of the chief detective and another right opposite that of the chief of police. It is evident there is more than one man in it. On Friday night a man was surprised in a house and left his boots, escaping in his stocking feet. Several arrests on suspicion have been made, but nothing came of them. The list totals up about twenty burglaries in two weeks, and the gang has made a rich haul in cash, into which they easily converted jewelry and furs.

THIRTY-FOUR MURDERS.

Herb Doctor Suspected of Committing Them.

A despatch from Philadelphia says:—The police authorities have directed the opening of thirty-four graves, having secured evidence which leads them to believe that George Hossey, the negro herb "doctor," is responsible for at least that many deaths.

C. P. R. AGENT CONVICTED.

Rights of Individual Farmers to Secure Grain Cars.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Judgment has been given by Judge Richardson, of the Northwest Territorial Supreme Court, at Regina, sustaining the magistrate's decision in the conviction of the C. P. R. agent at Sintaluta for infraction of the Manitoba Grain Act. The judge held that in refusing to allot a car to a farmer until prior applicants had received all cars for which they applied, the station agent did violate the provisions of the Grain Act. Judge Richardson held that it was a clear violation of the act for the agent to allot cars to elevators when there were prior applicants for cars to be placed at a loading platform for the purpose of being loaded, therefore the conviction was affirmed.

LABOR STRUGGLE EXPECTED.

Ship Laborers at Montreal Likely to Strike.

A despatch from Montreal says: A big labor struggle on the Montreal wharves is expected to take place at the opening of navigation. The difficulty will be between the ship laborers and the contracting stevedores. The union has about 1,200 members, all in good standing, and, according to the officials, they are determined to maintain prices. A demand has been made on the stevedores to fix a scale for the coming season, but up to the present they have failed to do so. The men are demanding that ten hours shall constitute a day's work, and 20 cents an hour for day, and 30 cents an hour for night work, with double price for Sunday.

HAPPY DAY FOR RUSSIA.

Czar Has Proclaimed Religious Freedom.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says:—The Czar has issued a decree providing for freedom of religion throughout his dominions, and establishing to some degree local self-government, and making other concessions to the village committees. The system of administration in the various governments and districts is to be examined by representatives of the different localities concerned, with the view of effecting the necessary amendments. Measures also are to be taken to relieve the peasantry of the burdens of forced labor.

the closing of the factories of the American Window Glass Company.

A further attempt will be made to cut out the train which has been snowbound in the interior of Newfoundland for thirty days.

The romance of the former Archduke Leopold, who gave up rank, titles, and fortune for Mile Adamic, is ended, as the Archduke has spent all his money, and the mademoiselle will return to the music hall from which Leopold took her.

After writing "To my fond and good husband, good-bye; I am a nuisance to myself and everybody else," a Belfast woman who had been ill for months, propped herself up with cushions, cut four incisions in her wrists, and held them over a basin till she bled to death.

NORWEGIANS FOR CANADA.

Emigration of Lumber Men and Miners.

A despatch from Stockholm says:—The Algoma Commercial Company, a Canadian concern, which already employs a considerable number of Scandinavians, is now sending a dozen agents to Norway to enlist emigrants to work in the company's forests and mines. These emissaries have instructions to visit preferably the country districts of Norway, emigrants of the peasant class having proved the best for the purpose required. Last year the figures of Norwegian emigration showed a large increase over those of 1901, and owing to trade depression a very large number of able-bodied men will undoubtedly be secured for the Algoma Company on the present occasion.

BRITISH SUCCESS.

Sharp Encounter With Mad Mullah's Forces.

A despatch from London says:—A section of the British Somaliland expedition has had sharp encounters with the enemy in the neighborhood of Bohotle, killing a score and wounding and capturing several. In one instance the British surprised and rushed a zareba, and the defenders used spears and poisoned arrows.

FOR NAVAL DEFENCE.

Scheme to Establish a Naval Militia for Canada.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Minister of Marine is very sanguine as to how Parliament will treat his scheme for a naval militia for Canada. In another month he expects to have his plans matured. A numerous and efficient force will be provided on both the eastern and western coasts and at least one-half million will be required to carry his scheme into effect this year. Mr. Prefontaine's idea is to provide a scheme of training which will prepare the large numbers of men on our coasts for naval service in an emergency.

DAMAGE TO PHOENIX PARK.

Thousands of Trees Leveled During Recent Gale.

A despatch from Dublin says: During the recent gale 1,242 forest trees and 1,706 smaller trees were leveled in Phoenix Park here. The timber will be sold and the money obtained for it will be devoted to replanting.

WOMEN FOR CANADA.

A despatch from London says: The Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge is sending a party of single women and girls to Canada by the Bavarian on April 23, in charge of a matron.



TAKE YOUR CHOICE

Spring Hats are all here. All styles from the best English and American Manufacturers.

We can show the largest and best selected stock of Men's and Boys' Hats shown in Napanee.

Try us for your next Hat.

—
J. L. BOYES,
Men's and Boys' Clothing.

MORE BIG MILL IMPROVEMENTS.

In preparation for grinding of this season's immense crop of feed grain, Mr. J. R. Dafoe, of the Big Mill, has installed, and has in successful operation, two of the best feed mills known to the trade, and is now prepared to grind your feed without any more waiting and as fine as may be required.

He continues the manufacture of that well known brand of flour, Nonesuch, also Manitoba Patent and Strong Bakers, which are second to none.

He also continues in the market for the purchase of all kinds of grain and the farmers will find it to their advantage to call at the Big Mill before disposing of their grain and take your feed and wheat grinding there and be guaranteed satisfaction both in quality and quantity.

J. R. DAFOE,
AT THE BIG MILL.

38c

J. GARRATT & SON,
Bakers and Confectioners.

OYSTERS.—

You can always depend on getting the best Oysters here. Our Oysters are always fresh and the best that can be procured. If you want a delicious feed of Oysters try us. We also sell them in bulk.

—HOT SODAS—

The season for cool drinks is past, but the season for hot drinks is here—we are always prepared. Come in and try some of our

Hot Beef Tea.

Satisfaction.

Satisfaction is expressed by Ladies with the Stylish Spring Footwear we are showing.

Our Window

They fit the feet. They please the eye, and the price does not stagger you.

\$2.50, 3.00 and 3.50.

The SLATER SHOE,
If possible better than ever, **\$3.50 & \$5.00.**

Some Great values in Men's Fine Boots at

\$1.00, 1.25, 1.50, & 2.00.

Boys' and Girls' School Boots—They stand the strain.

THE J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES Napanee, Belleville, and Trenton.

JOY & PERRY.

CURED HAMS.

We have the finest stock of Cured Hams in town. We cure them ourselves and therefore we know whereof we speak. We also carry a full stock of

BREAKFAST BACON.

JOY & PERRY.

Opposite Royal Hotel.

Yacht for Sale.

For first class condition complete rigging, anchor &c, apply to

F. H. CARSON

We Dont Keep

our candies, we sell them and get fresh ones every few days. Ganong's chocolates are always good.

RIKLEY'S RESTAURANT.

For Sale.

The finest assortment of Five and Ten Cent Cigars ever offered to smokers, also the leading brands in boxes of 25 and 50 at reasonable prices, at

THE PLAZA, John St.

Break up That Cold.

Wallace's Laxative Cold Tablets will break up a cold in a few hours. 25 cents a box, at

WALLACE'S DRUG STORE.

Victoria Day at Picton.

The Directors of the County Agricultural Society, Picton, are out with a program for Victoria Day races, on the 25th May. There is to be a named race, a three minute class and a running race, all 4-2 miles and a "Free-for-all," one mile race and three in five. The committee is: J. V. Cooper, E. J. Healy, and Parker R.



This week will exhibit
"The EMPRESS SHOE"

They need no breaking in.
They fit the feet. They please the eye, and the price does not stagger you.

\$2.50, 3.00 and 3.50.

The SLATER SHOE,
If possible better than ever, **\$3.50 & \$5.00.**

Some Great values in Men's Fine Boots at

\$1.00, 1.25, 1.50, & 2.00.

Boys' and Girls' School Boots—They stand the strain.

THE J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES Napanee, Belleville, and Trenton.

East End Barber Shop.

Up-to-date in every respect.
J. N. OSBORNE, Prop. 14-1f

Oyster Season.

Oysters, the best you can buy.
Oysters always fresh, cooked or raw.
Oysters you can eat with pleasure.

RIKLEY'S RESTAURANT.

Another New Store.

C. A. Graham & Co., dealers in Clothing Gents' Furnishings, etc, expect to have their store open for business about a week from Saturday—March 28th. Their stock will be entirely new and up-to-date.

Boston Ivy Plants.

Any person (resident in Napanee) may obtain this very attractive clinging vine at wholesale prices by placing an order before April 1st with Mr. J. E. Herring, Secretary Napanee Horticultural Society.

Fence wire, White Lead, Oils, Shellac, Varnishes, Robertson's Paints at

BOYLE & SON.

Robert Mackie Pardoned.

Belleville, March 16.—The Chief of Police of this city were to-day notified that a full pardon had been granted to Robert Mackie of this city who was in September last released on parole from Kingston Penitentiary, where he was confined in connection with the Napanee bank case.

Established in 1851,

and remodeled by present owner in 1902—Wallace's Drug Store—The prescription department being second to none in Canada. Inspection invited.

T. P. WALLACE,
The Prescription Druggist.

Facts That Are Facts.

On account of our large and carefully selected stock of general hardware and building materials we believe we possess superior advantages for supplying the building trade of the town and surrounding country.

We can furnish at right prices almost everything needed in this line,—lumber, sash, doors, blinds, cedar shingles, galvanized iron roofing, nails, cement, glass,



Grand Trunk Railway Time

Going West, 12:05 a.m.	Going East, 8:31 a.m.
" 10:29 a.m.	" 12:17
" 1:15 p.m.	" 12:55
" 4:28 p.m.	" 9:00 p.m.

Daily except Monday. Daily, trains run daily, Sundays excepted. Tickets can be obtained at J. L. Boies, the station.

1903 Spring 19

We take pleasure in extending to you a cordial invitation to be present at our

SPRING OPENING

OF

Trimmed Models, Millinery

AND

Millinery Novelties

to be held on

Thursday Evening

MARCH 26th

and following days.

Mrs. Perry's Millinery Par

NAPANEE.

Magnetic Healing.

Dear Editor:—I am a woman years of age, I had many ailments over 15 years. I had every faith Haight's treatment, and I am pleased to say all trouble will banish under physical love or soul power. If for personal information, enquire of MRS. LAIDLEY, H

Selling off the T. G. Stock.

Mr. Fox, tailor, has purchased rate on the dollar the stock of twelve suits and pantings below the estate of the late T. G. Davis, amounting to about \$700 and intends selling at a small advance so as to disp quickly. Call and see the good Fox's rooms over The Hardy Dr. Co. Store.

Death of Ira Kimmerly.

On Wednesday death claimed victim another of Napanee's old and respected citizens in the person of Kimmerly, Piety Hill. The death was a stroke of paralysis. He had been in very poor health for years past, the direct cause stroke which he was afflicted with that period. The funeral takes place (Friday) afternoon, at 2 p.m., at family residence.

Lillwood Wire Fence is guaranteed strongest and most durable wire on the market.

Boyle & Son

Election News.

Monday evening next at 7:30 meeting will be held in the town hall the purpose of nominating candidates to fill the vacancy in the council caused by death. Should more than one be nominated the election will be the following Monday, the polling being located the same as at the elections.

OYSTERS.

You can always depend on getting the best Oysters here. Our Oysters are always fresh and the best that can be procured. If you want a delicious feed of Oysters try us. We also sell them in bulk.

HOT SODAS.

The season for cool drinks is past, but the season for hot drinks is here—we are always prepared. Come in and try some of our

Hot Beef Tea.

- " Lemonade.
- " Coffee.
- " Chocolate.
- " Raspberry Vinegar.
- " Tomato Bullion.

J. GARRATT & SON,
Bakers and Confectioners.

SEEDS FOR 1903

The largest and best assorted stock of FIELD AND GARDEN SEEDS ever shown in Napanee is now on sale at Symington's.

Buy Early.

is the best advice I can give you.

THOS. SYMINGTON.

SEEDSMAN,
125f Napanee.

The Napanee Express

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 5c per line for each insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 10c per line each insertion.

CARLETON WOODS.

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Roblin, Ont.

14

JOHN POLLARD,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Express Office, Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential.

JOHN ALLEN,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Commissioner in H. C. J.
Conveyancer, etc.
MARLBANK.

14f NAPANEE, FRIDAY, MARCH 20, 1902

Stomach and Liver Pills.

Wallace's Little Dandelion Pills cure constipation, sick headache, and biliousness. Small pill and easy to take. 25 cents a bottle, at

WALLACE'S DRUG STORE.

ABSOLUTE SECRECY guaranteed in wedding rings. We are very particular about having full quality of gold. Also a splendid line of wedding presents.

F. CHINNECK'S Jewelry Store.

NEWBURGH—Lenten services will (D.V.) be held at St. John's church, Newburgh, beginning Monday, March 23d, at 7.30 p.m., and lasting till Friday, March 27th. The services will be conducted by the Rector, the Rev. C. E. S. Radcliffe. All are welcome.

Break up That Cold.

Wallace's Laxative Cold Tablets will break up a cold in a few hours. 25 cents a box, at

WALLACE'S DRUG STORE.

Victoria Day at Picton.

The Directors of the County Agricultural Society, Picton, are out with a program for Victoria Day races, on the 25th May. There is to be a named race, a three-minute class and a running race, all 1/2 mile brace and a "Free-for-all," one mile race and three in five. The committee is: J. V. Cooper, E. J. Healy, and Parker R. Young. Entries close 14th May.

Fitzpatrick's Meat Market.

You are always sure of getting the choicest things in meats of all kinds here. We have secured the services of a first-class cutter and are now prepared to do the meat business of Napanee. Give us a call. We also carry the choicest and best stock of groceries in town. We make our own sausage and make them fresh every day. If you try them once you will go no where else when you want sausages.

J. H. FITZPATRICK.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Cresolene tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists

Death of W. J. Black.

W. J. Black passed away at his home, opposite the East Ward School, on Tuesday last. A couple of years ago deceased suffered a stroke of paralysis and since that period has not been in very good health. Although of late he has been failing rapidly it was not thought that death was so near. He was for years a public school teacher and for fifteen years was principal of the East Ward school. He was aged about fifty years. Besides the widow one son is left to mourn. The funeral took place on Thursday to the Eastern Cemetery vault.

Oddfellows' Assembly.

Monday evening about one hundred and twenty couples attended the assembly given by the Oddfellows in the beautiful rooms of Napanee Lodge No. 86, located in the Harshaw block. Games and dancing were indulged in. About 12 p.m. light refreshments were served, and then dancing was again in order, accompanied by sweet strains of music produced by the Chalupka orchestra, Belleville. The committee who were responsible for the arrangements are to be congratulated, as everything passed off pleasantly and everybody seemed to enjoy themselves immensely. The lodge room, which is one of the finest in Ontario, presented a fascinating appearance, as did also the club room adjoining, which was artistically decorated with bunting, etc.

**JUST
SHUT
YOUR
EYES**

For a few minutes and imagine yourself blind for the balance of your lives. To lose your sight is the worst affliction, yet you run desperate chances when you experiment with your eyes. More ruined eyes are caused by improperly fitted glasses than by natural causes. To be fitted with glasses properly means years of comfort ahead. H. E. Smith, the Optician, will insure a correct fit every time.

**H. E. Smith,
GRADUATE OPTICIAN,
Smith's Jewelry Store,
Napanee.**

ion department being second to none in Canada. Inspection invited.

T. P. WALLACE,
The Prescription Druggist.

Facts That Are Facts.

On account of our large and carefully selected stock of general hardware and building materials we believe we possess superior advantages for supplying the building trade of the town and surrounding country.

We can furnish at right prices almost everything needed in this line,—lumber, sash, doors, blinds, cedar shingles, galvanized iron roofing, nails, cement, glass, oils, paints, etc.

Hot air furnaces, hot water and steam heating and sanitary plumbing a specialty. This, together with the services of the most painstaking and experienced plumber in this district, should make it very much to the interest of intending builders to deal with us.

Satisfaction guaranteed.
MADDIE & WILSON

The Plaza Barber Shop John St. is fitted with all modern improvements for first class work. Every attention paid to customers. Give us a trial. We will do our best to please you.

At The Plaza Barber Shop, John St.
A. WILLIS.

Revival Services.

Great interest is being manifested nightly in the union revival services now being conducted by evangelists Kennedy and Whyte in the Methodist churches of this town. Large congregations attend and much good is evidently being done. This (Friday) evening service is in the Eastern church. Mr. Kennedy will preach in defense of Judas Iscariot. On Sunday next services will be held in both churches as usual. Mr. White will sing in both churches during the morning service. At the evening service in the Western church the special evangelistic service will be conducted by both evangelists. Mr. Kennedy's subjects (Western church) for Sunday are: Morning—"The Wine Press," Evening—"A bad man caught." Everybody is invited. Evening services all next week in the Western church, at 7.30. Bible readings on Wednesday and Friday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, followed by children's services at 4 o'clock.

We keep a full stock of

Patent Medicines!

Always fresh and up-to-date.

J. J. PERRY, Druggist.

Mr. D. Coyle, Proprietor of the

Paisley House, Napanee,
WAS AT ONE TIME A GREAT SUF-
FERER FROM

KIDNEY AND URINARY TROUBLE.

He could Hardly Walk. The Pain at times over the Right Hip and Back was very Severe, and

HE SUFFERED UNTOLD AGONY

Doctors did Him no Good. From the Very First Dose, of the

O. R. KIDNEY CURE

He received Relief and after using a Few Bottles was Permanently Cured.

Belleville, March 18th, 1899.

DEAR SIR.—I have used a number of your bottles of O. R. Kidney Cure for kidney and urinary trouble, and have found it all you claim it to be. I have recommended it to many persons, and would fully recommend it to any person suffering from the above troubles as a safe, sure and reliable medicine. DANIEL COYLE,

Proprietor Anglo-American Hotel.
Now of the Paisley House, Napanee.

O. R. Kidney Cure, 50c. per bottle of 30 doses. O. R. Liver Pills, 25c. per bottle of 50 pills.

For sale by all druggists or write
THE O. R. MEDICINE CO., Limited,
121f Toronto, Ont.

Ellwood Wire Fence is guaranteed strongest and most durable wire on the market. BOYLE Sole

Election News.

Monday evening next at 7.30 meeting will be held in the town for the purpose of nominating candidates for the vacancy in the council candidate. Should more than one be nominated the election will be the following Monday, the polling being located the same as at the elections, and the officers like same. It is to be hoped that a necessary candidate will be nominated. It means an expenditure of over fifty dollars, which is quite an amount. Besides an election would not result in a particular change in the situation of the citizens are opinion that the vacancy should be filled by electing by acclamation, the one who was just outside the limit was elected held in January. Should state of affairs prevail at the next meeting Mr. W. J. Normile will be lucky man. Mr. Normile has been a creditable man for municipal honors on several occasions and each time he has been re-elected. At the election of 1899 he was separated from the honorable of council. Mr. Normile has himself as willing to except the given to him by acclamation, but not stand a fight, not because he doubts as to the result, but because of the opinion that the town should be represented by a man of high character. Nevertheless he would feel highly if he were given the opportunity of representing the ratepayers of the town.

A. S. Kimmerly is still selling 2 lbs. sugar \$1. 6 lbs. Tapicca or 1 Good Flour \$1.90. Bran \$1.90. 10 lbs. timothy and all kinds field seeds Sulphur 25c. 3 bottles Peruna \$1. word to the wise is sufficient.

Traders' Base Ball League.

During the winter months a good interest was manifested in the Hockey league, and as a result participated therein are that much of the time account of the physical received, and the citizens were at a good number of evenings' amusement judging from appearances, spring in, and hockey in a thing of the like no harm can be done in looking to some sort of amusement for men during the summer month generally conceded that outdoor is not only healthful, and invigorating, is helpful in the physical development of all who can find enjoyment of this nature. We have no objection to make. Why not form a baseball league? The different represented in the hockey league the winter could organize a base ball and enter the league, and we would say there are several other towns who would also organize to enter the league. It will not be long until the ground will be dry and the long enough to allow practicing, would be very little expense in this kind as all who wished to enter be allowed to practice with the town who now have nearly all the articles needed by a baseball team. A suitable trophy could be easily arranged and all necessary arrangements completed the season would be far enough to allow practicing, an few weeks it would be time to begin the schedule games. We, the park committee are willing the boys the use of the park for the of the matches. A series of them would also be highly beneficial senior team as they would have field of players to pick from and this would be able to secure a team that "wallop" anything organized in or bordering towns.

Now is the time when the sun is on the snow that peoples eyes both a great deal. Call and be relieved of glasses scientifically fitted at Chinneck. Testing free.

F. CHINNECK'S Jeweler



1d Trunk Railway Time Table.

West, 12.05 a.m. Going East, 2.09 a.m.
3.33 a.m. 7.48 a.m.
10.29 a.m. 12.17 p.m. noon
1.15 p.m. **12.55 p.m. noon
4.28 p.m. 6.40 p.m.
9.00 p.m.

* except Monday. *Daily. All other
on duty. Sundays excepted.
It can be obtained of J. L. Boyes, or at
the station.

Milk Cans.

We make and sell the best milk can in
Canada.
BOYLE & SON.

Sample Sale

A sample sale will be held by the Guild
of St. Mary Magdalene's Church, on Thurs-
day, April 28th. A stock market will be
opened the same day.

Good Paint at a Moderate
Price

Is "The Unicorn Brand" of Ramsay's
paint. No more sticky floors. \$1.50 a
gallon. at

WALLACE'S DRUG STORE.

Interesting to Oddfellows.

The Deseronto Oriental Degree team
visiting Napanee Tuesday evening and
instituted an Oriental lodge in Napanee.
The ceremony took place in Argyll Lodge,
No. 212, I.O.O.F. Twenty-four applicants
were initiated, consisting of Members from
Napanee Lodge and Argyll Lodge. After
the ceremony was over refreshments were
partaken of.

The members of Coomassie Sanatorium,
No. 36, Oriental Order of Humiliation are
requested to meet in Argyll Lodge Monday
evening next at 8 p.m.

Yacht Club Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Napanee
Yacht Club will be held in the Public
Library on Monday evening next, at 7.30,
to elect officers and arrange for the annual
cruise in May, and for the cup contest
during the summer. It is very desirable
that all the members should be present at
this the most important meeting of the
year. A cordial reception will be ex-
tended to all who wish to join the club and
help to make this season's races interest-
ing. The club has two silver cups to be
competed for, besides a silk flag to be
carried for the year by the yacht winning
the cruising race.

M. B. MILLS, Commodore

We
are showing the
Finest Stock of Papers
in town.
W. MAYBEE,
New Wallpaper
Store.

Furniture.

Dear Well, would have your photo
and license from Mr. George D. Doff's
Mr. Maybee, Furniture, Yes, and
they are fine, too, with a note ex-
plaining my opinion of his importance.

Very good, the back of every picture
where these words. The original of this
is carefully preserved."

S. D. Doff.

Tupman: My mother is one of the
cleverest, and I think it is not varied a
second in the last three months.

Since last--it seems almost incred-
ible, doesn't it?

Tupman: Oh, I don't know about
that. It stopped the first day I bought
it and hasn't gone since.

Evidences of Affluence.

"Why do you think he is a million-
aire?"

"Because he spends so little money
and his son spends so much."

Aptly Expressed.

Small Boy—I got two lickings today



Spring Millinery Opening!

Friday Evening, March 27th, from 8 to 10 o'clock,
all day Saturday, 28th, and following week.

We cordially invite every lady who reads this
announcement to come and bring her friends.

See the very latest headwear styles from Paris, New
York and nearer home. Our milliners are busy pre-
paring for it, and they say the display will be the finest
ever held in Cheapside. Come. Come.

During the same time we will make special display
of Dress Fabrics and Ready-to-Wear Goods—Don't forget
the dates.

A Corset Bargain for Saturday 21st.

100 pairs New Erect Corsets, in Drab only,
sizes 18 to 26. Regular 75c. goods and good
value for this price. Our price Saturday,
43c. One pair to a customer.

Black Dress Goods.

This is a strong section of our
dress goods—we show all the latest
weaves—and in addition wish to
draw attention to our Serges and
Venetians, so suitable for present
time wear.

56 inch Coating Serge, unshrink-
able and of fine finish, 90c the yard.

56 inch Worsted Venetian, fast
color, beautiful black, unspottable,
\$1.25.

54 inch Coating Serge, light-weight,
special value for 57c.

We sponge free of charge all Dress
Goods we sell, and do it by the im-
proved tailor process.

Spring Jackets and Capes

invite your attention.

Very Handsome Waists in
Silk Lawn and Wool
Fabrics, ready for you.

Dress Skirts and Suits.

A new number in stock for Satur-
day \$4.50 each, made of all-wool
homespun fullflare self-faced. Eleven
rows stitching on bottom \$2.50 each.

Extra fine value at \$3.75, 4.00,
4.50, 5.00.

Very superior style of Skirts in
fine Venetian Broadcloths \$6.50,
7.50, 8.50, 9.00.

Extra size skirts, special order,
same as any skirt we sell to order, at
same price as stock.

Easter Special in Men's Kid
Gloves.

200 pairs Men's Mocha Driving and Dress Kid Gloves in a lot came
our way. \$1.50 and 1.25 for 95c the pair. This is a prime article—
gentlemen don't miss it, two or three extra pairs at the price is a good
investment.

The W. G. and R. Collars. We sell no others, all styles, all sizes,
2 for 25c—the fit every time.

2 Special Best Lines
in Hosiery and Glove Trade

on News.
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Wire Fence is guaranteed to be the most durable wire fence in the market. BOYLE & SON, Sole Agents.

News.

Evening next at 7.30 p.m. a will be held in the town hall for one of nominating candidates to occupy in the council caused by Should more than one candidate be elected the election will be held on Monday, the polling booths at the same as at the January 1st, and the officers likewise. It is to be hoped that only the candidate will be nominated, as an expenditure of very nearly \$1,000, which is quite an item, and in election would not result in any change in the situation. A number of the citizens are of the opinion that the vacancy should be filled, by acclamation, the candidate just outside the limit mark at the held in January. Should this affairs prevail at the nomination Mr. W. J. Normile will be the man. Mr. Normile has been a can-candid municipal honors on two occasions and each time he has made a few votes each time he has been elected, just a few votes each time him from the honorable position minor. Mr. Normile has expressed as willing to except the office if him by acclamation, but he will fight, not because he has any to the result, but because he is opinion that the town should not be stand the expense of an election, unless he would feel highly honored to be given the opportunity of finishing the year at the council board as a representative of the ratepayers of Napanee.

Kimmerly is still selling 28 and 30 in \$1.6 lbs. Tapicca or Rice 25c. four \$1.90. Bran \$1.90 ton. I buy and all kinds field seeds. 8 lbs. 25c. 3 bottles Peruna \$2.40. A wife is sufficient.

Base Ball League.

During the winter months a good deal of was manifested in the Traders' league, and as a result those who resided therein are that much better account of the physical exercise, and the citizens were afforded a number of evenings' amusement. But from appearances, spring has set in, and hockey is a thing of the past, and can be done in looking forward sort of amusement for our young during the summer months. It is conceded that outdoor exercise is healthful, and invigorating but in the physical development of all who can find enjoyment in this nature. We have a suggestion. Why not form a traders' league? The different teams in the hockey league during winter could organize a base ball team for the league, and we venture to here are several other traders who would also organize teams and a league. It will not be long before ground will be dry and the eveningough to allow practicing. There is very little expense in a league of all who wished to enter would be to practice with the town team, we have nearly all the necessary needed by a baseball team. A trophy could be easily secured, the time a schedule of games was and all necessary arrangements the season would be advanced enough to allow practicing, and after a time it would be time to begin playing schedule games. We understand the committee are willing to allow the use of the park for the playing matches. A series of this kind also be highly beneficial to the town as they would have a good players to pick from and thus they be able to secure a team that could anything organized in our neighborhoods.

is the time when the sun is bright enough to show that people's eyes bother them. Call and be relieved by a glasses scientifically fitted by A. F. Clark. Testing free.

F. CHINNECK'S Jewellery Store.

Since, Miss—it seems almost incredible, doesn't it?

Tupperman. Oh, I don't know about that. It stopped the first day I bought it and hasn't gone since.

Evidences of Affluence.

"Why do you think he is a millionaire?"

"Because he spends so little money and his son spends so much."

Apathy Expressed.

Small Boy—I got two lollipops today one from pa and one from ma.

Big Boy—Yes; they are a spanking treat.

HOWARD'S EMULSION

Freshly Prepared

In 25, 50, & 75 Cent Bottles

—at—

The Medical Hall,

FRED L. HOOPER.

MORTGAGE SALE OF VALUABLE VILLAGE PROPERTY — Enterprise—Township of Camden.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage from Nancy E. Milligan and Robert S. Milligan to the vendors, which mortgage will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by public auction at Coxall's Hall in the village of Enterprise on SATURDAY THE 21st DAY OF MARCH 1903, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon the following property, namely:

All and singular those certain parcels or tracts of land and premises situate, lying and being in the village of Enterprise in the County of Lennox and Addington; and being composed of:

FIRST—The south east corner of the west half of farm lot No. 38 in the 8th concession of the said township of Camden, and may be better known as follows, that is to say being a tract of land conveyed by one Hugh Rankin to W. L. Peters bearing date 25th March, 1879, saving and excepting 85 feet at the west side of said piece of land sold by W. L. Peters to Egerton and Wm. Caton, Merchants, and containing by admeasurement about 4 of an acre, to be the same more or less.

SECOND—Part of lot No. 38, in the 7th concession of the aforesaid township of Camden and may be better known as follows, that is to say by commencing at a post planted on the east side of Britton Street on the south side of William Street in the said village of Enterprise, where the said streets intersect according to a plan of the said village of Enterprise now registered in the registrar's office; then running in a southerly direction along Britton Street on the east side of Britton Street 42 feet to the corner of the land sold to P. Smith; then north along the north side of said Smith's land 165 feet to a post. Then south at right angles thereto, 66 feet to M. O'Dea's line fence; then east along the north side of M. O'Dea's line fence 180 feet to a post. Thence north at right angles thereto 384 feet to a post. Then west at right angles thereto 170 feet to a post. Then north at right angles thereto 40 feet. Then west at right angles thereto 100 feet to a post planted. Then north at right angles thereto 72 feet to the south side of William Street. Then west along the south side of William Street 82 feet to the place of beginning, containing by admeasurement 4 acres, to be the same more or less. (The whole is now enclosed by a fence as one field.)

THIRD—The west half of lot No. 8 in block "J" according to a map of the village made by A. R. Davis, P. L. S. and registered in the registry office on the 4th day of March, 1899, and formerly known as part of lot No. 4 on the old plan of said village of Enterprise.

One parcel number one there is erected a frame building (used as a dry goods store) 1½ storeys high, 30 feet by 30 feet, and known as the K. H. Peters stand, with an addition of 23 feet by 20 feet and a lean to of 12 feet by 30 feet; there is also a fine frame dwelling 18 feet by 21 feet, a kitchen 16 feet by 18 feet, a wood house 12 feet by 24 feet, and a frame barn 20 feet by 17 feet.

On parcel number three (on the south side of the street opposite) there is a frame store house one-storey high, 12 feet by 24 feet and a lean to of 16 feet by 24 feet. This property is well situated and is one of the most desirable properties in the village of Enterprise. The property will be sold in block or in parcels as may be determined on the day of sale. All will be sold to reserved bid. Terms of sale will be made known at the time of sale or on application to the undersigned.

H. W. HUFF, DEROCHE & MADDEN, Auctioneer. Vendors' Solicitors.

Dated at Napanee this 12th February, 1903.

Gloves.

200 pairs Men's Mocha Driving and Dress Kid Gloves in a lot came our way. \$1.50 and 1.25 for 95c the pair. This is a prime article—gentlemen don't miss it, two or three extra pairs at the price is a good investment.

The W. G. and R. Collars. We sell no others, all styles, all sizes, 2 for 25c—the fit every time.

2 Special Best Lines in Hosiery and Glove Trade.

Llama Cashmere Hose—this is the very best Ladies' Cashmere Hose we have ever offered. Sells in the cities in preference to all others. Regular 65c quality we sell 50c pair.

ALEXANDRE GUARANTEED KID GLOVES are the perfection of satisfaction in Kid Glove wearing \$1.00, 1.25 the pair, all colors, every size.

Full stock of Defiance Carpet Warp on hand—This is the only store here where you can buy this celebrated Warp—costs no more and goes much further than any other.

Butterick Patterns, Delineator and Fashion Sheets for April now in. Be sure you visit this store every time you come to town.

NO ONE URGED TO BUY. Look about all you want to.

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The Hardy Dry Goods Co. Cheapside, - Napanee.

The Bachelor.

A western editor passed through a town of which has not been named, and in a newspaper and story: "The bachelor represents the most congenial and pleasant type of our countryman. His name, while held in public esteem, by a host of people, will always remain closely interwoven in the history of pioneer life. He it was who started out into the wild and woolly west at a time when the buffalo, Indians and coyote were lords of the prairies and by persistent efforts and under privation and want led a heroic life by converting vast areas of the barren wilderness into fertile lands of peace and plenty. Then, without aid of feminine piety to keep vigil over his everyday acts, this sturdy empire builder remained at his post, blazing out the path of fame and introducing thrift and civilization in his wake. Like the cowboy he is slowly passing into history, but his fame is as farreaching as civilization, his name indelibly stamped on the pages of history, while the humble dugout with its original environments will appear in scenic pictures above the footlights of future generations."

Reed Enjoyed It.

Thomas B. Reed was once the victim of a printer's error the unusual aptness of which, after the first flush of indignation had subsided, appealed so strongly to his sense of the comic that he never failed to refer to the matter with the keenest glee whenever he met the man whom he, with the utmost mock solemnity, always held responsible for it.

The late Colonel John A. Cockerill's handwriting in the heat of composition was sometimes liable to lose itself in an almost interminable tangle, decipherable only with the greatest difficulty. On one occasion he undertook to say that "any one can see Tom Reed has the face of an honest man," but was

horified when, as he awoke the following morning and found the types made him say that "any one can see Tom Reed has a face like a harvest moon."

Wonders of the Human Heart.

The workings of the human heart have been computed by a celebrated physiologist, and he has demonstrated that it is equal to the lifting of 120 tons in twenty-four hours. Presuming that the blood is to be sent out of the heart at each pulsation in the proportion of sixty-nine strokes of the heart, the mileage of the blood through the body might be taken at 267 yards per minute, seven miles per hour, 13 miles per day, 61,320 miles per month, or 4,150,000 miles in a lifetime of eighty-four years. In the same period of time the heart must beat 2,869,776,000 times.

Having Fun With a Tragedian.

On one of the times when Barry Sullivan, the great Irish tragedian, was playing Hamlet a certain clever low comedian named Hoskins was the gravedigger. After answering Sullivan's question, "How long will a man lie in the earth ere he rot?" Hoskins proceeded with the business of illustrating his reply.

Taking up Yorick's skull he spoke the words of the text: "Now, here's a skull that hath lain in the earth three and twenty years. Who do you think it was?"

"Nay, I know not," replied Sullivan as Hamlet.

"This skull, sir," said Hoskins, "was Diavolo Antonio's, whom Booth fought in this city!"

The house roared with laughter, while Sullivan stamped and fumed, exclaiming: "Yorick's, sir! Yorick's!"

"No," said Hoskins coolly, when the tumult had subsided, and taking up another skull. "This is Yorick's skull, the king's jester; but 't other's Antonio's, just as I told you."

